THE WEATHER.

Fair, slightly colder today; Monday fair.

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CABELL WILL NOT STAND FOR GRILL

Refuses to Submit to Examination in Alleged Whiskey Fraud Case

INSTRUCTED BY MACVEAGH

Commissioner Hitt Ordered to Take Cabell's Deposition and More Complications Arise When Latter Won't Talk

Washington, January 18.—Further complications are threatened in the fight between United States District Judge Boyd, of Greensboro, N. C., and Royal E. Cabell, commissioner of internal revenue, in an alleged whiskey fraud case in North Carolina, by the commissioner's refusal today to submit to direct or cross-examination before Commissioner Hitt, of this city, who was ordered by Judge Boyd to take Mr. Cabell's deposition.

The commissioner's attitude was based upon written directions of Secretary MacVeagh that he offer the court without question as to its authority, a certified copy of the Treasury Department's record in the case, and decline to answer questions in connection with it. The case, which is directed against D. C. Foster, a distiller, and N. Glenn Williams, said to have been the purchaser of the whiskey in question, also is being investigated by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department.

The pending issue in court involves an order of Commissioner Cabell that the whiskey now at Williams, N. C., be transfered to a general bonded warehouse at Louisville, Ky. Judge Boyd enjoined the removal and appointed a master to take testimony.

By the court's order Commissioner Hitt was authorized to take the depositions of Mr. Cabell and other officials of the Internal Revenue Bureau. Fletcher Mattox, solicitor of internal revenue; P. S. Talbert, chief of the law division, and W. H. Hubbard, Jr., chief of the assessment division, summoned before Commissioner Hitt, testified that they had advised the commissioner of internal revenue to issue the order for the removal of the whiskey.

When Mr. Cabell was placed on the stand he presented a digest of the Treasury Department's record and offered as soon as the full record was obtainable from the House Committee which now holds it, to supply the court with a certified copy. Attorneys for the owners of the whiskey wanted to know why he issued the order of removal. He declined to reply, pointing to the written instructions of Secretary MacVeagh.

The commissioner contended that while his reasons do not appear in the record, he was controlled in issuing the order by his legal power as commissioner of internal revenue and not called upon to divulge his reasons to the court. The attorneys protested and are understood to have threatened to ask Judge Boyd for an order compelling him to give the answers.

Mr. Cabell also refused to answer questions propounded by United States Attorney Holton, of Greensboro, who attended the hearing.

Will Wait for Judge to Rule

Washington, D. C., January 18.—Little progress was made today in the hearing before Special Commissioner Isaac Hitt, who was appointed to take testimony in the N. Glenn William's liquor controversy. Commissioner Cabell, when called to the stand, stated that he had received a letter from "his superior officer" in which he was authorized not to answer any questions propounded by counsel for Williams, and Mr. Cabell adhered closely to the instructions of his superior officer. Mr. Cabell said, however, that should Judge Boyd personally desire to see the papers in the case, he was authorized by Mr. MacVeagh to recommend that the jurist be allowed to see them. After asking half a dozen or more questions in which Mr. Cabell was questioned closely in regard to newspaper interviews given out by Commissioner Cabell, Attorney E. J. Justice, of Greensboro, told Commissioner Hitt that there was no use to question Mr. Cabell further and asked that he certify to Judge Boyd whether Mr. Cabell would be required to answer questions relating directly to the case.

"If Mr. Cabell is not to be compelled to answer attorneys what is the purpose of this hearing?" demanded Mr. Justice. "Until Judge Boyd rules whether he will compel Mr. Cabell to reply to questions I refuse to interrogate him further in this case."

Commissioner Hitt said he would ask Judge Boyd to rule and the hearing was adjourned until the Federal jurist rules as to whether Cabell can be made to answer questions.

P. R. A.

For bargains in clothing, shoes, hats, millinery, silks, dress goods, underwear, cloaks, furs and coat suits, visit Rehder's great clearing sale.
(Advertisement.)

Ball bearing roller skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store.
(Advertisement.)

Paid Duty on Dogs.

(Mrs. Robert Wood Johnson.)

New York, Jan. 18—Before she could get by the customs officers upon her recent arrival at New York from Rome, Mrs. Johnson was compelled to pay 20 per cent. duty on Prince and Princess Beppo, a very aristocratic couple. They are thoroughbred Pomeranian dogs.

WILSON'S LINES OF ACTION

President-elect Will Consider All Democrats Progressive Till Otherwise Convinced—No Hurry to Distribute Pie.

Wilmington Star Bureau,
23 Wyatt Building.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.—Democratic leaders of House and Senate now have formed definite conclusions as to the lines of action which President-elect Wilson will follow when he takes charge March 4th.

He will start on good and equal terms with every Democrat in both branches of Congress. There is no black list. He considers them all "progressives." Only when performance convinces him will be write down this or that Senator or Congressman a reactionary. He looks forward to the special tariff session as involving Test No. 1 He will keep close tab on the roll calls in the tariff voting. These roll calls, he thinks, will separate the wheat from the chaff—the "progressives" from the "reactionaries."

His policy being as stated ,the President-elect is not mixing into the organization fights of either House. He is confident, however, the control of the majority machinery in both Houses will be "progressive."

He has little sympathy for the pie-hungry. He will reach the matter of filling the jobs in regular order. There will be no wholesale removal of Republican office-holders either in Washington, North Carolina, or elsewhere in the country, immediately after March 4th. As terms expire, new men will be named to the offices. They will be Democrats. Wilson desires that the patronage go to loyal Democrats. But, he will be in no hurry to hand out the spoils. It is possible that he will not seriously take up the question of filling vacancies until after the tariff session. Office seekers will gain little by pouring into Washington in March.

Wilson is committed to the civil service principles. He expects to adhere to it. The civil service rules will not be set aside by him, simply to reward politicians.

The above is the substance of an interview which Mr. Wilson had with one of the leading progressive Senators who conferred with him this week, and is authentic insofar as it forecasts the President-elect's views at present.

New York, January 11.—By court order, it was learned today, Congressman-elect Timothy D. Sullivan, who long has been a prominent figure in New York legislative affairs, is to be formally committed to a private sanitarium in Yonkers.

The annual January Clearing Sale starts Monday, January 20, at 9 o'clock at Rehder's. (advertisemnt.)

Visit the greatest sale of the season. Starts Monday at Rehder's.
(Advertisement.)

SAY FISHER AIDED STANDARD OIL CO.

Uncle Sam Co. and Indians Prefer Charges Against the Secretary

MATTER AIRED IN CONGRESS

Interior Department Head Refused to Approve Leases of Osage Lands And Removed Members of Tribal Council

Washington, January 18.—The fight between the Interior Department, the Uncle Sam Oil Company and members of the Tribal Council of the Osage Indians, who were deposed recently by Secretary Fisher and whose actions have been referred to the Department of Justice for investigation, was thrust upon the attention of Congress and the courts here today.

Representatives of the oil company, whose leases upon Osage lands in Oklahoma were not approved by Secretary Fisher and representatives of the deposed tribesmen, spent the day before the Indian Affairs Committee of the House presenting charges against Secretary Fisher and other government officials. Early in the day some of the deposed members of the Osage Council secured from the District Court a mandamus against Secretary Fisher to compel him to show cause next Tuesday why they should not be reinstated.

The basis of the charges against the Secretary of the Interior was that he aided the Standard Oil Company's interests in refusing to approve the Uncle Sam leases. A bill is now before Congress to validate them. In a counter statement, mailed to the committee when the hearing began, Secretary Fisher declared that the actions of the officials of the Uncle Sam Oil Company and the Council of the Osage tribe in negotiating for the leases were such that it had been referred to the Department of Justice and for this fact he could not discuss them publicly.

The Department of Justice late today, through Assistant Attorney General Knabel, transmitted to the United States district attorney at Guthrie, Okla., the reports and documents from Secretary Fisher, alleging that "undue influence" had been used upon the deposed members of the Osage tribe in the negotiation of the leases. If the investigation by the district attorney warrants such action, the case will be laid before the grand jury in Oklahoma.

Albert L. Wilson, attorney for the Uncle Sam company, in a five-hour session before the House Indian Affairs Committee, attacked the attitude of the Interior Department, the courts and the Postoffice Department towards his company.

Mr. Wilson made a lengthy argument reviewing the career of the Uncle Sam company, its difficulties with the Postoffice Department in connection with its transactions with stockholders, its trouble with the courts in bankruptcy proceedings and finally with what he termed "the prosecution" by the Interior Department in the present case.

Under examination by the committee, Mr. Wilson said that Secretary Fisher objected to the royalty on oil offered by the Uncle Sam lease. He said the lease offered the Indians a royalty of one-eighth of the price received for oil, while, the secretary asserted, the royalty should be one-sixth.

Mr. Wilson declared that the rules and regulations framed by Secretary Fisher to cover the leasing of the Osage lands were formulated after the Uncle Sam leases had been negotiated and that under these rules no company or individual could take over a large acreage out of the 800,000 acres open for development, and be assured of a reasonable return on the investment. The committee desired to know just how Mr. Wilson connected the actions of Secretary Fisher with the Standard Oil Company.

"Every attempt to keep the Uncle Sam Oil Company from securing a supply of crude oil," he replied, "aids and assists the Standard Oil Company. If we cannot get a good supply of oil for our refineries they will be able to crush us."

Mr. Wilson was emphatic in his detailed discussion of the pitfalls that had beset the path of the Uncle Sam company. Among those criticised in a lengthy brief he filed with the committee, for their attitude toward the company, were:

Judge John Pollock, of the District Court of Kansas; Judge John F. Philips, of the District Court for Missouri; Samuel Adams, assistant secretary of the interior; R. P. Goodwin, assistant attorney general for the Postoffice Department; David W. Mulvane, of Kansas, and various other officials.

Mr. Wilson said when the company endeavored to get petitions from citizens all over the country asking President Taft to order Secretary Fisher to approve the Uncle Sam leases, on July 4th 1912, that Secretary Fisher on July 3rd, "gave the Associated Press the false information that said leases had been approved." As a result of the publication of this informa-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

IMPORTANT BILLS IN LEGISLATURE

Representative Justice Would Apply Initiative, Referendum and Recall to State.

FOR COMPULSORY EDUCATION

Ocean to Ocean Highway Furthered by Governor Craig—Additional Committees Named in House. The Proceedings.

(By W. J. Martin.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 18.—A resolution to provide for the initiative, referendum and recall was introduced in the House today by Representative Justice, of Guilford. The compulsory education bill said to be the official measure, also was introduced by Representative Ray, of Macon. It provides for six months school each year for children, 8 and 14 years, and free text books for those too poor to buy them.

Governor Craig today forwarded invitations to the Governors of 14 Southern and Southeastern States to send delegates to Asheville, N. C., February 12th, to consider the advisability of building a trans-continental highway to connect with the proposed ocean-to-ocean highway. The project was launched recently in California.

Representative Stewart offered a bill in the House to make separation for two years ground for divorce. One year after divorce is procured either party can petition the judge for right to re-marry.

In Mr. Mason's compulsory school law teachers are required to report all violations to clerks of courts and solicitors are required to indict and prosecute.

The House passed on final reading the Wooten bill to allow Kinston to vote bonds for the State School for Feeble Minded, located there.

Speaker Connor announced additional standing committees with chairman as follows: Manufactures and Labor, Koonce; Expenditures of the House, Bunn; Justices of the Peace, Cornwell; Appropriations, Doughton; Liquor Traffic, Miller; Roads and Turnpikes, Griffin.

In the Senate a bill was introduced by Council, of Catawba, to Amend Sec. 3242 of the Revisal so as to prevent multiplicity of indictments.

A bill introduced by Gilliam, of Edgecombe, to promote the manufacture of anti-hog cholera serum is to enlarge the work now carried on by the Department of Agriculture.

Among bills passed on final reading were those allowing the people of Winston-Salem to vote on the consolidation of the two towns, the bill for the creation of a highway commission for Forsyth; the House bill to authorize the city of Asheville to fund its floating debt; the Senate bill to validate the elections in Craven and in Township No. 11, Craven; for bond issues for a farm life school, the Senate bill to amend the charter of Greensboro and require notice before suit; the committee substitute for the Senate bill to permit the drawing of jurors from other counties than the one of trial.

The Republicans of the General Assembly, three in the Senate; 15 in the House, in caucus have named former

(Continued on Page Eight.)

OUTLINES

Representative Humphrey yesterday introduced a bill in the House to bar trust-owned ships from the Panama canal.

Winter is in hiding somewhere and is bound to come yet, said Willis L. Moore, chief of the Weather Bureau, yesterday.

Several hundred women, members of the striking Garment Workers' Union, fought the police in New York yesterday with hatpins and umbrellas.

The Turkish Council of Ministers which yesterday received the collective note of the powers decided not to cede Adrianople and the war will be resumed this week.

President-elect Wilson has made it known that he will treat all Democrats as "Progressives" until he learns anything to the contrary and will put no one on the blacklist.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Royal E. Cabell yesterday refused to submit to an examination by Commissioner Hitt, of Washington, named to take his deposition in the alleged whiskey fraud cases.

Daniel Dillon, commissioner appointed to take evidence in the suit filed by the Attorney General to oust the alleged meat packers' combination from Missouri, reported to the Supreme Court yesterday that he found six companies in an agreement to control prices.

Representatives of the Uncle Sam Oil Co., and deposed members of the Tribal Council of Osage Indians, appeared in Congress yesterday and preferred charges against Secretary Fisher, of the Interior Department, alleging that he aided the Standard Oil Co., by refusing to approve leases negotiated with the Indians.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.09 and 1.10. Corn easy, 56 3-4. Turpentine quiet. Rosin quiet.

Flower Girls at "Aunt Helen's" Wedding.

The young daughters of Frank Gould, and favorite nieces of Miss Helen Gould, who will be flower girls at the latter's wedding to Finley J. Shephard on January 22nd.

FROST KING SURE TO CALL

Balmy Breezes and Sunny Days Can't Last Always, Says Chief of Weather Bureau—Conditions Are Unusual.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Balmy breezes and sunny days which are making folk think it is Spring are to continue for some time, but Chief Willis L. Moore, of the Weather Bureau, is out with a warning that Winter is hiding somewhere and is sure to come. Reports of most unusual weather conditions,telling of flowers in bloom, trees budding and birds and animals venturing out from Winter quarters, are coming in to the Weather Bureau.

"With high pressure over the Middle Atlantic and low pressure in Alaska and the Northwest, such as has been general for the last two months," said Dr. Harry C. Frankenfield, chief forecaster today, "we can have nothing but warm weather. To get a change these conditions must be reversed, that is, the pressure must become high in the Northwest and low over the Middle Atlantic States. This change will cause an eastern movement of cold air from the Northwest. When this will occur, however, I don't know."

So far this month two weather records have been broken. One was the low temperature record of California and the other the low pressure record of the Southeastern States.

The temperature has been more nearly normal in Minnesota and the Dakotas, while it has been generally normal elsewhere, especially in the Atlantic coast States. Today the above-normal cities were New York, 23 degrees; Washington, 26; Boston, 28; Philadelphia, 24; Pittsburg, 22; Chicago, 10; Cleveland, 26; St. Louis, 9; Denver, 9.

Heavy Snow in Oregon.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 18.—A mantle of heavy wet snow setled over the Williamette valley last night, cutting off for several hours practically all wire communications between this city and the outside world. Railroad trains, however, arrived on scheduled time.

FATAL WOUNDS FOR SIX

Two Families of Glen Alpine, N. C., Fight Fierce Duel

Charlotte, N. C., January 18.—A special to The Observer from Morganton tells of a fierce pistol and knife duel which took place at Glen Alpine, a small place six miles from there tonight, in which six men received what is thought to be fatal wounds.

The fight is alleged to be the result of a fued that is said to have existed between the Pitts and Hennessee families and which culminated in the conflict tonight.

Friends of both families rushed to the scene and were themselves soon engaged in the bloody battle, some of whom received fatal wounds.

Dr. E. A. Hennessee, a prominent physician of Burke county, was one of the combatants and was shot through the head and lungs and cannot live through the night. M. Hennessee and Abel Pitts, two others, engaged in the affray, are reported mortally wounded, while Gorman Pitts, Ervin Pitts and Sam Bennett, the latter the policeman of the village, are seriously if not fatally shot. Others engaged in the affray are more or less seriously wounded.

Sheriff Berry left immediately upon being notified of the tragedy to make an investigation.

FIGHT COPS WITH HAT PINS

Several Hundred Women Battle With Police In Fiercest Riot of Garment Workers' Strike—Agreement Denounced

New York, January 18.—With hatpins and umbrellas, several hundred women fought the police today in one of the fiercest riots since the beginning of the Garment Workers' strike. A lone policeman who tried to protect male strike-breakers was severely beaten.

The policeman arrested one woman, but had to summon 12 more blue coats before he could get his prisoner to the station house. The police accomplished this by forming a hollow square which was beset on all sides by the battling Garment Workers.

Five women were arrested in another riot which started when the women assaulted a truck driver, delivering mattresses for the use of strike-breakers.

The strike of dress and shirtwaist makers, one of seven trades involved in the walkout, was settled at noon today and most of the 37,000 workers will return to the shops next Monday.

The difficulty had threatened a serious shortage in the supply of Spring garments.

The terms of the agreement include a general increase in wages, shorter hours and a permanent system of arbitration.

These terms did not satisfy some of the workers, however, and a big meeting, called to ratify the agreement, broke up in confusion. When the strikers learned that the advance of wages amounted to a maximum of 10 per cent, many declared they would not return to work and rushed from the hall while the leaders pleaded with them to remain.

The Garment Workers' strike proper continues with about 150,000 workers involved.

Many of the strikers who heard the settlement agreement, announced simultaneously at 27 mass meetings showing that the maximum wage increase was only 10 per cent, rushed from the hall in protest, asserting that they would not abide by the agreement.

Some of the strikers denounced the protocol as a "frame-up" in favor of the manufacturers. Impatient strikers held an impromptu meeting late in the day and appointed leaders to organize a new union which they said would seek affiliation with the Industrial Workers of the World. Doubt exists tonight as to whether the strikers will accept the conditions.

Ephriam Kaufman, business agent of the United Male Workers of America, gave out a letter he said he had received from Congressman-elect Francis O. Lindquist, of Michigan, scoring wholesalers and manufacturers in the clothing trades and declaring that he intended to devote his energies in Congress in the interest of the consumer and in behalf of the Garment Workers of New York.

Chicago Workers May Strike

Chicago, January 18.—Forty thousand Chicago Garment Workers may be called on to strike next week in sympathy with New York strikers because officials of the United Garment Workers are said to have discovered that Eastern manufacturers are sending orders here to be filled.

The union men say that unless manufacture of such goods is stopped at once a general strike will be ordered in the shops controlled by the Employers' Association.

New corduroy, new silk ratine, new stripe crepe, new silk bouche, all on special sale during the clearing sale at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

Ball bearing roller skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store.
(Advertisement.)

TURKEY WILL NOT CEDE ADRIANOPLE

Decision of the Porte Will Lead to Resumption of Hostilities

FIGHT TO THE BITTER END

Allies Will Wait Two or Three Days and Present Ultimatum to Turkey—Armies Are in Better Shape Than Ever.

London, Jan. 18.—Turkey's decision, as indicated by dispatches from Constantinople tonight, refusing to cede Adrianople and the Aegean Islands, it is believed here, will lead to a resumption of the Turkish-Balkan war within a week.

The Balkan allies after considering the whole situation among themselves earlier in the day, already had decided to wait until the middle of next week for the answer of the Porte to the joint note of the powers, and if then the reply was not received or was unsatisfactory, to address a communication to the Turkish delegation in the from of a definite ultimatum, allowing Turkey 48 or 72 hours for a final decision.

Should Turkey at that time be unable or unwilling to come to the allies' terms, the Balkan plenipotentiaries decided that rupture of the peace conference was inevitable. Sofia, Belgrade and Cettinje would denounce the armistice, and four days later the war would be resumed.

The allies don't admit, or to be more exact, do not see the possibility of such proposals from Turkey or the powers as would allow of a resumption of negotiations, unless the Porte openly declares its readiness to give up Adrianople. So far, instructions of the Bulgarian delegates are categorical on this subject and do not admit of a discussion of the proposal that Turkey retain Adrianople even to the dismantling of the fortifications or continuing negotiations on other conditions, leaving the question of Adrianople to be disposed of last.

Servia, Montenegro and Greece all support Bulgaria in this attitude. The success of Bulgaria would mean an easier accomplishment of their wishes, especially in the case of Greece, which in the conquest of Adrianople by Bulgaria sees the Greek occupation of Saloniki less likely to be disputed. In addition, the allies feel that the time will never before favorable for them to act.

From the reports received, it is evident that the Turkish resources are not in the best of condition, while on the other hand the allies, as the result of their long preparation, are nerved to a high pitch. The seven weeks armistice has restored their armies and they have been gathering their forces at the important points.

Throughout all the Balkan States, according to the plenipotentiaries in London, from the largest towns to the humblest hamlet, only one cry goes up: "War to the bitter end—until our eternal enemy is driven out of Europe for ever!"

Must Retain Adrianople.

Constantinople, Jan. 18.—The Turkish foreign minister, Noradunghian Effendi, tonight submitted to the council of ministers a draft of the reply to the note of the powers. It is understood that it insists upon the retention of Adrianople for these reasons:

First, because the Bulgarian inhabitants are in the minority in Adrianople, not only in comparison with the Moslems, but as compared with other Christians; second, because of the splendid garrison of the fortress; third, the loss of Adrianople, out of the temples of Kaliphs would ruin the prestige of Islam; fourth, the loss of Adrianople, which is the gate of Constantinople, would endanger the existence of the Empire.

"The Porte therefore prays," continues the reply, "that the powers take consideration of the vital necessities of the Empire and make representations to the Balkan States with a view of peace. Turkey sincerely desires to find a common ground of understanding with every consent to fresh sacrifices."

Regarding the Aegean islands, the reply declares that Turkey refuses to abandon the islands, near her coast, but is ready to continue pourparlers respecting the distant islands.

Noradundhian Effendi has instructed the Ottoman ambassador abroad again to sound the powers with regard to Adrianople. The superior council of war has handed the council of ministers a report on the military situation.

"ALL-STAR" CORN GROWERS

Southern Champions Will Be Entertained at the Capital

Washington, January 18.—Details were completed today by Department of Agriculture officials for the entertainment of the "all-Star crop-growing boys from the South and North, who will spend all next week in Washington. Their programme includes a visit to President Taft, the receipt of diplomas from the Secretary of Agriculture, visits to the government departments, and probable appearance before the Agricultural Committee of the House of Representatives.

VETS HAVE PLEASANT TIME

Lee-Jackson Celebration Yesterday Attended by Seventy-one of the Boys Who Followed the Stars and Bars

"The best time we've had in years," was the verdict of the 71 old soldiers who were guests of the Cape Fear Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy yesterday in the ball room of the Masonic Temple, and who participated in the commemorative exercises in honor of the birthday of Generals Lee and Jackson.

Many of them wore the gray uniform of the armies of the South and as the members of Cape Fear Camp, headed by Commander Jas. I. Metts, marched up Front street to the tap of a drum, they presented a scene that always makes people stop and look, for younger generations, even though they know little of the Civil War or any war, do know that these old men once belonged to armies that startled the whole world by their intrepid bravery and marvelous success on many bloody fields, against tremendous odds.

They were received in the hall by the Daughters, headed by Mrs. Richard Price, president of the local chapter, who presented them to Mrs. Marshall Williams, of Faison, president of the North Carolina division of the U. D. C. Mrs. Frank Huggins, vice president of the Cape Fear Chapter, stood next, and in order were Mrs. Thad Thrash, recording secretary for the State division, and Mrs. W. M. Creasy, State recorder of crosses of honor, and Mrs. W. M. Parsley, founder of the chapter here, together with a number of other Daughters. The chapter had named members for various parts of the pleasant work of entertaining the veterans, but all joined in to make it enjoyable so that there was no distinction among committees.

An elegant luncheon of oysters, turkey, sandwiches, coffee and fruit was served, members of the chapter serving it, and the soldier's fondness for smokables was not overlooked, the veterans being loaded with cigars and presented with souvenirs of cob pipes, smoking tobacco and a cigar tied with the red and white. The tables were very good to look at with their trimmings of the same colors.

Mrs. Williams, State president, addressed the veterans on the subject of their two idols, Generals Lee and Jackson, and her speech delighted those who heard it. She expressed her very great pleasure at the cordial invitation extended by the Cape Fear Chapter to be here on this occasion, for since girlhood, she said, she had enjoyed the hospitality and had loved the "City by the Sea," but when she discovered that she was expected to make a talk, Mrs. Williams declared that it took away a portion of the pleasure she anticipated.

Turning to her subject, she said that the Confederate cause, like the prince struck down, "taller seemed in death," because it is after death that we measure men and after the lapse of time that we measure events. As the years have passed, she continued, and time has alleviated the bitterness, the historian will dip his pen in cold facts and illuminate the world with the character of Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson. In the making of great empires, a crisis often arises which develops a genius, who leaves an imperishable stamp upon the character of a whole people.

"I am glad," she continued, "that we have a Memorial day to Lee and Jackson, hallowing their names. We honored ourselves and did honor to virtue. I feel all I might say of Lee to this audience will be anticipated, but let me remind you of what Froude says: 'Eras like individuals differ from one another in the species of virtue which they encourage. In one age we find the virtue of the warrior, in the next the saint.' In our hero, Robert E. Lee, we have the highest virtue of the warrior and the Christian happily blended, a model for the uplifting of the human race. Carlyle said of Lee: 'Compare him to Cromwell, man of iron, and to Napoleon, military genius, that he was, Lee stands out like a lone star in the firmament.' Why, because when you come to Napoleon's domestic life, you have to draw the curtain, not so with our peerless Lee. You let the full light in all of its splendor and it doth but reveal Lee in immortal glory, a kind husband, a loving father, a true friend and withal, a military genius. Carlyle says: 'In summing up his attributes, you have to write, 'this was a man.'

"Recollecting the impression left of Stonewall Jackson by Mary Johnstone in her 'Long Roll,' I was glad to read Dr. Moses Hoge's tribute to him, our other hero. Dr. Hoge was invited to unveil a monument to Jackson in the Capitol Square, Richmond, Va., in 1876. He said: 'It was the moral excellence of Jackson which aroused the admiration of the brave and true across the water, and caused them to enlist the genius of a modern sculptor, to fashion this statue which we inaugurate today. It is a singular and striking illustration of world-wide appreciation for his character that his first statue should come from abroad.' Dr. Hoge said also: 'The question had often been asked, how did it happen that a laborious, humble-minded professor in a military institute should in so brief a space of time, gather around him so much of the glory which encircles Napoleon, and so much of the love which enshrined the memory of Washington. There is a natural element in humanity, which constrains it to honor the strong, the brave and true, when consecrated to a noble end, and especially when associated with gentleness, which throws a softened charm over the sterner qualities. It was his sublime indifference to personal danger, to personal comfort, and personal aggrandizement, that gave him so much power over the armies he commanded, and such a place in the hearts of the people of the Confederate States.'

"A discoverer loves to trace great rivers to their sources; let us look into the early life of Jackson, and discover the rudimentary germ which developed the qualities which commanded the admiration of the world. When an orphan child, seven years of age and of a delicate constitution, he made a journey on foot, of 18 miles to the home of another kinsman, saying he would never return to his former home, which no persuasion could induce him to revoke. A year later, in company with a boy a few years his senior, he supported himself on a lonely island in the Mississippi, by his own labor. Later we see him at West Point struggling to overcome a deficient preliminary education and writing this motto on the fly leaf of his books: 'You may be whatsoever you resolve to be.' Later we follow him through the Mexican wars, and find him winning laurels at Chapultepec. After peace, retiring to Lexington Military Institute as a professor, with feeble health, and threatened with blindness, he did not lose his energy. In a darkened room he dictated from memory, battle diagrams, and there doubtless evolved a system of strategy that won for him, during our War Between the States, the name of scientific strategist.

"Men cannot now think of Jackson without associating the prowess of the soldier with the piety of the man. He never forgot the dependence of the creature upon the Creator. Thus his great military renown is the golden candlestick holding high the celestial light, which is seen from afar and cannot be hid. And yet the cause for which all this sacrifice and all this valor were consecrated, was not destined to triumph. Our people with heroic resignation have shown that subjugation itself could not conquer true greatness of soul, and we believe with James Barron Hope that

"'In the future some historian shall come forth strong and wise,
With a love of the republic, and the truth, before his eyes.
He will show the subtle causes of the War Between the States,
He will go back in his studies far beyond our modern dates,
He will show the Union riven and the picture will deplore,
He will show it re-united and made stronger than before;
Slow and patient, fair and truthful, must the coming teacher be
To show how the knife was sharpened that was ground to prune the tree;
He will hold the Scales of Justice, he will measure, praise and blame,
And the South will stand the verdict, and will stand it without shame.'"

Following Mrs. Williams' talk, Mrs. Thrash, State recording secretary, exhibited a fac-simile of the first flag of the Confederacy, designed by Major Orren Randolph Smith, of Henderson, N. C., and presented by him to the Daughters at their State convention at Salisbury. It bears seven stars and is made of broad red, white and blue bars. Mrs. Thrash presented to the chapter a charming picture of herself holding the flag outspread.

Crosses of honor were presented to Veterans J. A. Castreen, B. W. Hudson, D. J. Humphrey and C. W. Yates and to Mr. Geo. P. James, for his father, Veteran John C. James, and to Mrs. E. H. Henderson, for her husband. Veteran B. D. Shivar, of Onslow, was not present and his cross will be sent.

Music for the event was furnished by Hollowbush's orchestra, and the Daughters were highly appreciative of its splendid rendition of quite a number of selections.

At the close of the exercises, an invitation was read from the Grand Theatre for all the veterans to visit that place of amusement in a body, and the same was gladly accepted.

Annual Meeting Tuesday

The annual meeting of the Cape Fear Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, will be held Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the W. L. I. armory. It is a very important meeting and every member is urged to attend. Officers will be elected for the ensuing year and reports of the past year will be received. Mrs. Williams, of Faison, State president, who is a guest of Mrs. R. W. Hicks, will be present and will outline the plan of the State organization for the year. Afterwards, from 5 to 6 o'clock, an informal reception and tea will be held at the armory in honor of Mrs. Williams.

Get your ball bearing skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store.
(Advertisement.)

Chance's Mainstay?

RUSSELL FORD

According to reports from New York, Russell Ford, the New York Yankee twirler, is devoting all his time and efforts to getting himself in shape for the 1913 baseball season. Ford, when he is right, is one of the best twirlers in the American League, and if he comes up to expectations should prove to be a big help to Manager Chance in lifting the Highlanders out of the cellar.

WHAT IS DOING AT SOUTHPORT

Wreckage from Schooner Savannah—Annexation Talk—Woman's Civic League—Army and Marine Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., Jan. 18.—Various reports as to the lumber on the four-masted schooner Savannah, lying on Frying Pan Shoals, being picked up on the beach between Swansboro and Morehead City, are found to be exaggerated, as to the quantity, for Capt. Sanders, upon investigation found only about 50,000 to 60,000 feet, instead of the 300,000 as reported.

As the four masts of the schooner are still standing, it shows that the vessel, as to hull, must still be holding firmly together, which would not be the case if any such quantity of timber had come out of her hold. Offers to buy the Savannah as the vessel now lays, have been refused by Capt. Sanders, the owner.

The proposition to take Northwest township and a part of Town Creek township and annex the same to New Hanover county, finds no endorsement down this way. In a street corner discussion it was asked, if New Hanover takes Northwest and Town Creek townships, and Columbus county takes Waccamaw township, and the county seat was moved to Bolivia, as suggested once by an outsider, what would Southport and the remaining portion of Brunswick county do?

The electric light people are actively at work getting the machinery set, boiler and dynamo, and are also stretching the wire on the poles along the streets.

The meeting of the Woman's Civic League early this week, had much business before its members. Besides the civic work that engages the league, it is responsible for the public library, and the question of funds to meet the demands of the league's projects, came up for full discussion as to ways and means. A series of progressive teas by the members for their lady friends, was one proposition, and when the weather becomes Spring-like, it is thought a Baby Show with many prizes will prove a big feature and one that will bring in funds in a liberal amount.

Capt. Lund, of the suction dredge Cape Fear, now at work at Morehead City, was forced to return to his home here this week on account of being too unwell to perform his duties. The report is that the Cape Fear will return here about the middle of next month.

The reported promise of the War Department that the soldiers at Fort Caswell would receive their monthly pay about the 5th of each month, instead of an indefinite date, was not effective this first month of 1913, as it was the 15th, when the pay enevlopes arrived. Ten days delay in receiving a monthly stipend runs the average soldier much closer than he wants, not to mention the storekeeper, who has furnished the family supplies.

Through the kind services of Major Stickle, of the War Department, the Southport public library has secured the use of another room for its officers and patrons. The library quarters had become very much crowded and this extension will add greatly to the comfort and convenience of all concerned. There is a continual increase in the number of volumes in the circulation department, thanks to the contribution of friends.

While the weather here has been quite moderate in its daily low temperatures, the arrival of duck in this vicinity shows that low temperatures prevail in the North. Some hunters here have been fortunate in bagging mallards, the black duck has come next, but the sheldrake has appeared in the largest number of any.

The first of the series of Progressive Teas under the auspices of the Civic League was given Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. Ed Taylor.

The friends of Mr. Burns, of the Cape Fear lighthouse, who accidentally shot himself in the arm while out ducking last week, will be glad to learn that Mr. Burns has so far recovered as to be able to be out.

At the court house Thursday night Mr. Henry Blount, the well known silver tongued orator, delivered one of his amusing and entertaining lectures. The lecture was under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church.

New York, Jan. 18.—The statement of the actual condition of the clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $21,104,300 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $5,965,000 from last week.

ADD TO YOUR PERSONAL ADORNMENTS

By the Use of Newbro's Herpicide

A pretty woman may enhance her beauty and a plain woman become good looking by the proper care of her hair.

Nice hair, pretty hair, growing on the head it adorns, is one of nature's greatest beautifiers.

The kind of hair which always makes us look the second time, follows the use of Newbro's Herpicide, and is possible for every woman.

Regular applications of Herpicide kill the hair-destroying dandruff germ, keep the hair from coming out and add to it that luxuriance, snap and luster which are essential to hair beauty.

Newbro's Herpicide is the Original scalp prophylactic. All other hair remedies claiming to kill the dandruff germ are simply trying to trade upon the reputation of genuine Herpicide.

Applications may be obtained at good barber shops and hair dressers.

Send 10c in postage to The Herpicide Co., Dept. R., Detroit, Mich., for sample and booklet.

One dollar size bottles sold by all druggists under an absolute guarantee.
ROBT. R. BELLAMY, Special Agent.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia **SALVE**

SUNDAY SERVICES

Announcement by Wilmington Pastors For Services Today

First church of Christ, Scientists, Market and 17th streets—Services at 11 A. M. All are cordially invited.

St. Mary's church, corner Fifth and Ann streets, Rev. C. Dennen, rector—First mass 8 A. M. High mass and sermon 10:30. Vespers and benediction at 8.

Christian church, Dock street, near Fourth, H. C. Bowen, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school 10 A. M., H. A. DeCover, superintendent. Christian Endeavor service at 7 P. M. Mid-week prayer meeting Wednesday 7:45 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion 7:30 A. M.. Service and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday school 4 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon 8 P. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

St. James' church, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector—Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Organ recital at 7:45 P. M.

Services at St. Matthew's Lutheran church Sunday, January 19th, 7:30 P. M., conducted by Dr. R. C. Holland. Sunday school at 10 A. M. All members and friends are earnestly desired to be present.

Brooklyn Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—The pastor has returned to the city and will occupy the pulpit at both services tomorrow. Sunday school at 3:30, Mr. S. F. Garrison, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. Mr. J. A. McDougald will lead the service. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night at 8 o'clock. Teachers' meeting Friday night at 8 o'clock and Bible Class at 8:45. A cordial welcome to all to all services.

Services at Trinity Methodist church, corner Ninth and Market, 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject, morning: "Love;" evening. "Heaven." Sunday school 3:30. Epworth League 8 P. M. Tuesday. Prayer meeting 8 P. M. Wednesday. A seat for you. C. T. Rogers, pastor.

Be one of the 50 to make a live "Business Men's Bible Class" at Trinity Methodist church, Sunday 3:30 P. M. Our motto: "My Brother and I." W. W. Thigpen, president; Tuttle Wilson, secretary.

The Wilmington class of the International Bible Students' Association: Bible studies in Germania Hall, No. 24 South Front street. Sunday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. The general public and particularly those interested are given a cordial invitation to attend and participate in these studies.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school meets at 3:30 P. M. At the morning service the Rev. Robert C. Holland, D. D., will preach. Dr. Holland is the executive secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the United Synod, South. The pastor will preach at the evening service on "The Christian Athlete." A cordial invitation is extended to the public and all seats are free. Dr. Holland requests the members of the Layman's Mission Movement Committee and of Mengert Missionary Circle to meet him at 4:30 P. M. in the Luther Memorial building.

Fifth Street Methodist church (Fifth and Nun streets), Rev. Z. Hinohara, of Japan, one of our missionaries supported by the Epworth Leagues of the N. C. Conference, will preach at 11 A. M. The pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams, will preach at 7:30 P. M. on, "What Christ Can Do for Human Life." The public cordially invited. Strangers and visitors welcome.

Sunday school and services at Mt. Lebanon church this evening at 3:30 P. M. Dr. Milton will preach. All are cordially invited to attend.

First Baptist church, cornor Fifth and Market streets, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Services 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject morning, "Revision of the Bible—an answer to those who object to the Baptists translating the Hebrew and Greek testaments into English." Evening, "The Human Trinity." Sunday school at 9:45 A. M. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

Grace Methodist church, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor—Services at 11 o'clock by the pastor; at 7:30 o'clock P. M., by the Rev. Mr. Hinohara, of Japan. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M. The public is cordially invited to attend all services.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES

Additional Dates Announced for Appointments in the East

Raleigh, N. C., January 18.—Further announcement of dates and places for the series of Farmers' Institutes, are announced by the State Department of Agriculture, as follows:

Monday, January 27th, Old Dock; Tuesday, 28th, Ash; Wednesday, 29th, Cool Run School House; Thursday, 30th, Supply; Friday, 31st, Bolivia; Saturday, February 1st, Winnabow.

Monday, February 3rd, Council; Tuesday, 4th, Abbottsburg; Wednesday, 5th, Atkinson; Thursday, 6th, Garland; Friday, 7th, Salemburg; Saturday, 8th, Fayetteville.

Monday, February 10th, Stedman; Tuesday, 11th, Wade; Wednesday, 12th, Dunn; Thursday, 13th, Newton Grove; Friday, 14th, Spring Branch; Saturday, 15th, Benson.

Central Party

Monday, January 27th, Pollocksville; Tuesday, 28th, Harris' School House; Wednesday, 29th, Beech Grove School House; Thursday, 30th, Bayboro; Friday, 31st, Newport; Saturday, February 1st, Vanceboro.

Monday, February 3rd, Kinston; Tuesday, 4th, Dover; Wednesday, 5th, Richland; Thursday, 6th, Trenton; Friday, 7th, Grifton; Saturday, 8th, Greenville.

Monday, February 10th, Grimesland; Tuesday, 11th, Bath; Wednesday, 12th, Aurora; Thursday, 13th, Washington; Friday, 14th, Macclesfield; Saturday, 15th, Stantonsburg; Monday, 17th, Lucama; Tuesday, 18th, Stanhope School House; Wednesday, 19th, Zebulon.

For bargains in clothing, shoes, hats, millinery, silks, dress goods, underwear, cloaks, furs and coat suits, visit Rehder's great clearing sale.
(Advertisement.)

"I am an old man—and many of my troubles never happened."—ELBERT HUBBARD

THE white hair and wrinkled faces of our busy men and women tell of doubt, fear and anxiety—more than disease or age. Worry plays havoc with the nervous system—so that digestion is ruined and sleep banished. What oil is to the friction of the delicate parts of an engine—

DR. PIERCE'S

Golden Medical Discovery

is to the delicate organs of the body. It's a tonic and body builder—because it stimulates the liver to vigorous action, assists the stomach to assimilate food—thus enriching the blood, and the nerves and heart in turn are fed on pure rich blood. Neuralgia "is the cry of starved nerves for food." For forty years "Golden Medical Discovery" in liquid form has given great satisfaction as a tonic and blood maker.

Now it can be obtained in tablet form—from dealers in medicine or send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box. Write R. V. Pierce, Buffalo.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take as candy.

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Via the Over-Sea Railroad over the Florida Keys, is Offered at a Comparatively Small Cost.

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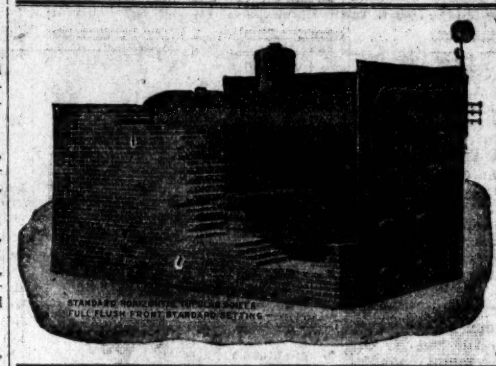
For full information, the approximate cost of the trip from any point desired, and for schedules and reservations on trains and on the ship, address the undersigned, who will accompany the party.

F. M. JOLLY,
Traffic Agent, Atlantic Coast Line, Wilmington, N. C.

Havana Office: Jan. 17 to Midsummer, Prado 61.

It will only cost a Postal Card worth One Cent to get the particulars.



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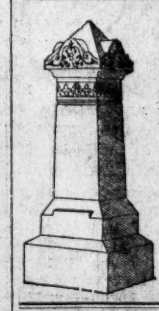

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We guarantee every penny's worth you buy.

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Resolved—that this year I will not borrow from my neighbors. I will buy the best garden and kitchen and farm tools at the best store. Hardware is one thing we all need. Own your own.

The best Resolution you can make for the New Year is to Resolve to Come to Our Store for Everything you need in Hardware, because we Sell the Best Tools, Hardware and Implements Made.

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We wish you Prosperity and Happiness.

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The New Year brings increased demands for your office. Start right by investing now. Let us talk over any office problem with you.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
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WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

Spring Weather Improves Roads—Other Items From All Over the County—Politics, Theatrical Productions, Etc.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., January 18.—Spring weather has prevailed here for the past few days, and although it has been cloudy most of the time very little rain has fallen and the roads are said to be in much better condition.

It seems to us that the road proposition in this county is one that requires the services of road builders who know their business. It will be surprising if there can be ten men in any one hundred that will agree as to what is best to be done. All are agreed on one thing—some plan wants to be adopted by which the taxpayers of the county may be able to drive over the public roads with some degree of comfort and safety. But to start—the iron bridge across Lumber river at Lumberton wants to be replaced with one twice the width of the present one.

Two or three Sundays ago the new Seaboard president and other officials struck Lumberton about noon and made a rigid inspection of the railroad premises. Everything was found all right in every way, with the public being well served in both freight and passenger service. But soon a howl was heard. A new ticket agent was put on duty for the train arriving from Wilmington at 7:18 in the morning. He is a good railroad man, coming from another section of the country, but naturally not familiar with this territory. He has to sell tickets, check baggage, take train orders and answer the same fool questions over and over until an ordinary stranger would go crazy. Force of habit carries us to this train 365 days in the year, and there are lies enough told around that station early in the morning to damn generations past and to come. Four out of every five passengers going away on that train get there late and all want to be waited on first, everyone at the same time. A new man, not familiar with the work, cannot rush the work too rapidly without taking the chance of getting into trouble. We see people run down there after the train is in the yard, and while the agent is doing his best to serve them all, run to the conductor and put up a great spiel about being there 10, 15 or 20 minutes trying to get a ticket, but can't do it. While one man is doing the work of two, there'll be no trouble if the people will be on time, doing as they'd be done by. It is no use to tell a deliberate lie when the truth will do better.

An editorial item appeared in the Robesonian last Monday and we simply desire to show that it was not "a sort of secret meeting," and whoever gave the editor the information was either not present or is one of those kind who enjoy stirring up unnecessary strife.

While we do not pretend to call ourselves a newspaper man, we do represent three of the leading dailies of the State. We were sent for to attend the meeting and went. We did not regard it then as a secret meeting and most assuredly we do not now. As we understand it, Senator McLeod late Saturday evening decided that it would be a good thing to get as many people together as possible to discuss the different matters to come up in the Legislature. It was too late to issue anything but a verbal call, and as one was asked to come he was requested to tell others to come, and as a result a good crowd was present, among the number being Messrs. R. D. Caldwell, W. J. Prevatt, L. R. Varser, J. Dickson McLean, ex-Judge T. A. McNeill, Stephen McIntyre, Dr. McPhaul, Dr. Page, M. G. McKenzie, A. E. White and many others whose names we do not recall. Judge McNeill was asked by Mr. McLeod to take the chair and explain the object of the meeting. This the judge did, and said it had been called for the purpose of discussing something that would come before the Legislature, to exchange views as to what would be best along different lines, such as the road law, school law, etc. Mr. White made one of the best suggestions we have heard of. It was merely a suggestion, nothing more, that being the repeal of the lien law, which many regard as a curse to farmer and merchant. Much information was brought out in regard to the school law that nine-tenths of the people here don't know anything about. Prof. Poole, county superintendent of education, was present, and upon request gave some figures in regard to Lumberton schools that few taxpayers knew anything about. Mr. McLeod stated that he had hoped that Mr. Sharpe or Mr. Bethune, of the Robesonian, would be present, but that they must not have been notified. We have interviewed every man whose name appears in this article as being present, as to whether they considered the meeting secret or not, and everyone of them state that they saw nor thought of anything secret about it. Mr. McLeod stated that he wanted to meet with the people of Rowland, Maxton and Red Springs, and get the views of the people in the different sections as to what they thought was best along the different lines. The doors were wide open while the meeting was being held, and everyone passing by invited to come in. "Some sort of secret meeting." Not on your life.

Work on the new brick stables for Mr. O. C. Dees, on Fourth street, is progressing nicely. When completed the new building will be occupied by Mr. Dan F. McNeill, who occupied the wooden barn. Mr. McNeill is temporarily located in the stables formerly occupied by Mr. Archie Morrison, corner Second and Chesnut streets, Mr. Morrison having moved to his new location just South of Mr. C. M. Fuller.

Some very fine Spring cabbage and lettuce shipped from Florida are now on sale here. Quotations have also been given on beans, cukes, etc., but the dealers here realize the fact that our people will not be silly enough to pay ten cents a dozen. We believe in reasonable prices for everything but we don't believe in ten cents for one cucumber.

There is talk of a new beef market for Lumberton at an early date. If it will improve the quality of the steak and reduce the price of it, it may be a success, otherwise we fear for the promoter. There are a great many things we need and some we don't need—have enough. One thing we need is more buildings, which, if we had, would bring more business men to town, carrying lines not already worked to death.

Mr. Paul Gilmore and associated players presented the "Havoc" at the Lumberton opera house Thursday night to a large, fashionable and delighted audience. Many who had seen Mr. Gilmore in other plays expressed the opinion that he was at his best in the "Havoc." Miss Hutchinson, the only lady in the show, was pronounced one of the best yet seen here. But the whole show was good. Mr. Gilmore has promised to bring "The Rainbow" next season. The next attraction will be "Human Hearts," on the 29th.

One of the soda fountain boys undertook putting a new drink on the market here this week. It replenishing the stock of coca-cola in the fountain he made a mistake and put in cylinder oil. He is said to have made the same mistake twice in a week, and the second offense caused him to sever his connection with the soda-jerking business.

We got a real, sure enough "cussing out" one day this week because we said in last Sunday's paper that 20 cents was enough for eggs, or words to that effect. A gentleman brought several dozen to town, tried the market, couldn't get but 20 cents offered, hunted us up, preached our funeral for causing the price of eggs to fall, and carried his eggs back home swearing he'd have 25 cents or throw them away.

Jno. S. McDonald arrived from Raleigh and assumed the duties of manager and pharmacist for the Pope Drug Company. Mr. McDonald is fast making friends and we hope he will decide to make Lumberton his future home. We have room here for many people like him and they are not only welcome but invited to come to Lumberton, the best town between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Thursday we happened to be in the vicinity of the graded school when the noon recess hour arrived. If anyone doubts the need of more room at the school let him go and see the crowd of children that is in attendance. It is a sight to behold. There are over 400 pupils in the school and must necessarily be put in the different rooms in sardine style. When the weather gets warm it will be suffocating.

While in conversation with Dr. Page, county superintendent of health, last night, he stated that there were about a dozen cases of smallpox in the county, divided up among the three races, white, Croatan and negroes, but the cases are all of a very mild form. There is one case just across the river from town. In the Shannon section there are three or four cases of scarlet fever.

Mr. J. W. Dunivin, proprietor of the Woodlawn dairy, has sold an interest in the business to Mr. L. N. Plemmons, of Asheville. In the future the firm name will be Dunivin & Plemmons.

During the one or two cold days this week the wood haulers were busy bringing in fat pine mostly. Prices were ruling high.

Mr. and Mrs. Alf H. McLeod and children attended the marriage of Mrs. McLeod's sister, Miss Belle Smith, and Mr. D. C. Downing, at Shannon, Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. J. H. Wishart went to Charlotte Wednesday, accompanying his daughter, Miss Flora, who entered the Presbyterian College of that city.

If any of our young men desire to shoot pool they will have to go to some other town as the town commissioners declared most emphatically at their meeting Tuesday night, that no one could get license to operate a pool table in Lumberton.

After last night's experience when a lone policeman was beaten by a negro, we are of the opinion that the chief of police needs a 'phone in his residence. Sheriff Lewis, who a short time ago moved to town, has ordered a 'phone put in at his home.

Dr. W. A. McPhaul has been appointed a director of the State Hospital to serve out an unexpired term. This was one of Gov. Kitchin's last appointments and was an honor worthily bestowed. We do not know the length of the term, but trust that Gov. Craig will re-appoint Dr. McPhaul when the time has expired.

It was a great pleasure to us a few nights ago to meet our old friend, Mr. J. D. Orrell, of Wilmington. Twenty years ago we became friends while he was a police sergeant, and while he never had to run us in, he did have us in a close place on one occasion when we met in the third story of a certain building on North Front street. We love "Uncle Dallas."

People in this section who think the fur business is a thing of the past here don't know what is going on. A few days ago one shipper sent to Baltimore by express $3,500 worth of furs of various kinds, the express charges being nearly $50. This is just one buyer, there are others. Right now in 100 yards of the Mayor's office is an otter slide under the iron bridge. He was seen there a few days ago by Mr. George McNeill, who says the animal is about five feet long. The first otter we ever heard of locating right in town. There is another a short distance down the river.

It grieved us much to hear of the death, in yesterday's Star, of Mr. Hal Boatwright. We knew him as a child, and as he grew up. We really thought his father, Mr. Hal Boatwright, was one of the best men we ever knew, while young Hal and his brother Swift, were two of the best boys we ever knew.

Mr. Wilton McLean who had the misfortune to have his shoulder dislocated in Baltimore last Sunday, is reported as improving and is expected home in a week or ten days. A short time ago he had an ankle sprained, and while descending stairway in a hotel Sunday his foot turned causing him to fall, dislocating the shoulder.

General Lee's birthday falling on Sunday the banks will observe Monday as a holiday.

Rev. Father Gallagher, of Wilmington, will fill his regular third Sunday appointment here tomorrow, conducting services at the residence of Mr. Jno. Redmond. Rev. T. P. Noe, also of Wilmington, will conduct services at the Presbyterian church Tuesday night for the Episcopal congregation. The public is invited.

Last Sunday night a young fellow who thoroughly understands handling automobiles, went to the garage and borrowed a car belonging to Mr. Hugh McAllister, without permission. He then proceeded to take some of his friends out for a midnight ride, and succeeded in landing the car in a ditch about a mile out. The crowd walked back to town. The damage to the car was said to be about $75. The young driver went visiting indefinitely in another State.

Town politics are already being discussed though the election does not come off until the first Monday in May. Hearing the name of Mr. Alf McLeod mentioned as a good man for Mayor, we interviewed him and he stated that if the people wanted him to serve them and put him in he would do his best for them, but would not enter into any contest for it. Mr. J. D. Proctor's name was also mentioned, but when seen he declared that under no circumstances would he have the office. We do not know whether or not Mayor Caldwell will stand for re-election.

We do not vouch for the accuracy of the statement, but we understand that the Postal Telegraph Company intends to come into Lumberton. Of course, it would do some business, but Manager Hamilton, of the Western Union, will come mighty near doing some business at the old stand.

A lady stenographer told us this week that she had been requested to make a price for getting from the registration books of this county the name of every voter who voted in the last election. The list, she said, was wanted for Congressman Godwin. Look out for seed of all kinds. But Mr. Godwin will have to send something besides seed and personal letters next year. Just watch.

The Parker News Company has been succeeded on the Seaboard by the Inter-State. The first thing the new company did was to change the price of their coca-cola from 5 to 10 cents. Perhaps there will be less of the stuff used on the trains. Cut it out if you don't want to pay the price which has been doubled.

If some one will suggest a plan that will be adopted by which Elm street may be kept clean on Sunday same as any other day, we'll set 'em up to one of our Christmas cigars. Let's see if the appearance of this street can't be improved for Sunday.

ROBESON FOR ROADS

Big Meeting at Lumberton Yesterday All Sections Represented

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., January 18.—A meeting which was held here today to discuss the road question in the effort to ascertain, if possible, what the people wanted, was largely attended, all sections of the county being well represented. Senator McLeod and Representatives McNair and McMillan and Dr. Pratt were present. Many citizens gave their views which were varied and many. The matter was finally left to the Senator, Representatives and Dr. Pratt to draft a bill. Almost every township wanted a different law making it a difficult proposition to satisfy everybody.

HIS NAME LOCKE CRAIG

Fine Lumberton Boy Christened With Name of the Governor

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., January 18.—There was born here today to Dr. and Mrs. W. A. McPhaul, a son, who was promptly given the name of Locke Craig, in honor of Governor Craig. The boy is a fine one.

THIS IS AN HONEST ADVERTISEMENT

It Tells A Little Story About A Prescription That Really Cures Indigestion

A man of long experience in the advertising business said to the writer of this advertisement on November 22, 1912:

"I can't for the life of me see how your company can make any money on MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets. They are too good. They cure too quickly. You can't sell enough of them to any one person."

Continuing, he said:

"My wife was cured of severe stomach trouble two years ago by taking only one-half box and has never been bothered a particle since until about two weeks ago when she had another attack.

"Two days' treatment with MI-O-NA and she was as well as ever again. MI-O-NA is fine for the people who take it, but as I said before, how can you cake any money?"—Name on application.

Indigestion is a national disease; many millions of Americans have it. MI-O-NA makes money for its owners by curing tens of thousands every year; many thousands of whom have tired of forever buying relievers that do no good unless taken continuously.

MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets are compounded from a stomach specialist's favorite prescription. Daily they are banishing terrible stomach agony in the palaces of the rich and in the humble cottages of the poor.

The price, 50 cents, at your druggist for a generous boxful is surely a modest one to pay for certain stomach comfort with a guarantee of money back if they fail to cure.

MI-O-NA makers send free trial samples on request, or if not convenient for you to buy of your druggist will mail a box, charges prepaid on receipt of 50 cents. Address Booth's MI-O-NA, Dept. B-2, Buffalo, N. Y.

Robert R. Bellamy, guarantees MI-O-NA.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

McDonald's Specials

WHAT DO YOU WANT?

I have some Carolina Power & Light 7% preferred. Pays $1.75 January, March, July and October (quarterly) on each $100. Equals a 9½% investment to Wilmington buyers. Nothing safer. Will BUY it back any time at same as I am selling—Par and Interest. I have some of the common at $30 a $100. Buy SOME of this and put it away. Growing in VALUE DAILY.

C. C. McDonald, Stocks and Bonds, Raleigh, N. C.

ERWIN COTTON MILLS 6% PREFERRED.

You can't BUY it. Why?—none for sale. I will buy from 100 to 100,000, if you can offer me some. I have 5 LONESOME shares that I might be induced to sell. Will give you 150 a share for every $100 of the Erwin common. I have 40 shares of Oxford Cotton Mills (one of the Erwin Mills) to sell at a price to net the buyer six per cent.—free of taxes. The common stock of this Oxford I will give you 180 for every 100.

C. C. McDonald, Stocks and Bonds, Raleigh, N. C.

DURHAM HOSIERY MILLS, 6% PREFERRED.

I want AT ONCE $7,000 worth of this stock for a customer. Will pay Par and Interest for it. Will also buy from one to one hundred thousand of it. The Company has sold all the Treasury Stock of $350,000, preferred stock. You can't buy any of the COMMON STOCK. They have just bought the Lloyd Mill, at Chapel Hill. They now own seven mills. See the statement:

AS OF SEPT. 30, 1912.

ASSETS.

Building and Plant	$ 261,187.32
Machinery and Fixtures	774,373.86
Real Estate	48,303.45
Cotton Basis 10½c	56,305.86
Office Furniture and Fixtures	5,818.27
Accounts Receivable	255,852.99
Cash	196,649.35
Live Stock and Vehicles	587.50
Merchandise on Hand, Cost Price—Basis 10½c Cotton	156,865.92
Total	$1,755,944.52

LIABILITIES.

Preferred Capital Stock	$ 350,000.00
Capital Stock	850,000.00
Bills Payable	150,000.00
Reserve	106,231.82
Profit and Loss	299,712.70
Total	$1,755,944.52

ANALYSIS OF STATEMENT.

QUICK ASSETS.

Cotton (Inventoried 10½c lb.)	$ 56,305.86
Accounts Receivable	255,852.99
Cash	196,649.35
Merchandise Inventory at cost price basis 10½c Cotton	156,865.92
	$ 665,674.12
Bills Payable	$ 150,000.00
	$ 515,674.12
Other Assets	$1,090,270.40
Total	$1,605,944.52
Protection for Preferred Stockholders	$1,605,944.52

We call your attention to the quick assets over all liabilities of $515,674.12. Also the protection to $350,000.00 outstanding preferred stock of $1,605,944.52.

The statement was before purchase of Lloyd Mill.

EQUAL TO 8½ PER CENT. IN RALEIGH.

Why and Wherefore? Because your tax rate is 2½% and Durham Hosiery Mills Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 (7 mills) pay the taxes and pay you 6 per cent. No element of risk; $1,053.00of common stock—increase from $850,000.00 as per statement above, to purchase Thos. F. Floyd Mfg. Co., comes after the$350,000 preferred. Sold without any effort one of the State's wealthiest investors $20,000 of this stock, who put it in an endowment fund. Several of Raleigh's most conservative and prudent buyers have bought this stock. I only advertised it a day or so ago, when one party who had some of it 'phoned me he would take $2,000 more. You cannot get a better or safer investment. The $350,000 preferred is ahead of the comon, so it is a safe, sure and secure investment. Pays 6%. No taxes. Redeemable after 1912 at $110 for every $100. No bonds on the 7 mills. No bonds nor more preferred stock can be issued without consent of two-thirds of preferred stock. It is not often you get a chance to buy as good an investment with the security and backing the Durham Hosiery Mills have.

Bought all the Company had left, and have just sold the last three shares at 101 and Interest. I want to buy from 100 to 100,000 now and HAVE THE CASH MONEY WAITING FOR IT.

C. C. McDonald, Stocks and Bonds, Raleigh, N. C.

Will buy First National Bank, Durham, N. C., and pay you $200 for every hundred.

C. C. McDonald, Stocks and Bonds, Raleigh, N. C.

COAL and WOOD

W. B. THORPE & CO.

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:00 A. M.
No. 51, * 5:35 A. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 19:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50, *12:20 A. M.
No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No 65, ! 6:35 P. M.
No. 48, * 8:30 A. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, *:15 P. M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A. M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford	No. 52, * 8: P. M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, * 1:40 P. M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P. M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P. M.
N. 59, ! 6:30 P. M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, !10:15 A. M.
No. 42, * 6:45 P. M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *10:00 A. M.
No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No.58, ! 8:15 A. M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., can 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 29, 1912.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Winter Park	EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville	EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for The Beach	WEST BOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	WEST BOUND. Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	WEST BOUND. Leave The Beach for Wilmington
* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:30 A. M.	* 6:27 A. M.	* 6:15 A. M.	
6:35 " "	6:55 " "		7:37 " "	7:25 " "	
			* 8:07 " "	* 7:55 " "	* 7:45 " "
* 8:00 " "	* 8:00 " "		* 8:42 " "	* 8:30 " "	
! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 8:00 " "	! 9:07 " "	! 8:55 " "	! 8:45 " "
* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 8:30 " "	* 9:37 " "	* 9:25 " "	* 9:15 " "
! 9:30 " "	! 9:30 " "		!10:12 " "	!10:00 " "	
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	10:00 " "	11:07 " "	10:55 " "	10:45 " "
11:30 " "	11:30 " "	11:30 " "	12:37 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	o 1:00 P. M.	2:07 " "	1:55 " "	1:45 " "
2:00 " "	2:00 " "		* 2:42 " "	* 2:30 " "	
x 2:30 " "			x 3:10 " "		
3:00 " "	3:00 " "	3:00 " "	x 3:45 " "		
x 3:30 " "			4:07 " "	3:55 " "	3:45 " "
x 4:00 " "			x 4:40 " "		
4:30 " "	4:30 " "	4:30 " "			
x 5:00 " "			x 5:15 " "		
			5:37 " "	5:25 " "	5:15 " "
5:30 " "	5:30 " "		6:12 " "	6:00 " "	
6:10 " "	6:10 " "		6:52 " "	6:40 " "	
6:40 " "	6:40 " "	6:40 " "	7:42 " "	7:30 " "	7:20 " "
7:10 " "	7:10 " "		8:07 " "	7:55 " "	
8:30 " "	8:30 " "	8:30 " "	9:37 " "	9:25 " "	9:15 " "
10:00 " "	10:00 " "		10:42 " "	10:30 " "	
11:15 " "	11:15 " "		11:57 " "	11:45 " "	

Special for Saturdays and Sundays.

Leave Wilmington every half hour from 3:00 until 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked (*) do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked (!) run Sundays only.
Cars marked (x) superceded by half-hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked (o) leave at 1:10 P. M. Saturdays.

Freight Schedule.

Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ninth and Orange Streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:00 to 3:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company

to

NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., Jan. 17, 1913.
Steamship "Carib," Fri., Jan. 24, 1913.

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Cherokee," Sat., Jan. 18, 1913.
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., Jan. 25, 1913.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Cherokee," Mon., Jan. 13, 1913.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., Jan. 20, 1913.

Steamship "Cherokee" does NOT carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. B. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. H. RAYMOND, V.-P and G. M.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS.

Steamer will leave Wilmington daily (except Sunday) for Southport and Fort Caswell 9:30 A. M. Leaves Southport 2:30 P. M.
se 8 tf.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
17-23-29 Carroll Building.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective January 5th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

No. 45—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 66 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 81, for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 53, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 45 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 39.—3:05 P. M., arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 40—12:30 P. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

CLAUDE MURRY, Union Ticket Agent, 'Phone: 1294.
F. A. FETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel.
JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

W. B. & S. R. R.

Schedule in Effect Thursday, Sept. 5, 1912.

P. M.		A. M.
3:15 Lv.	Wilmington	Ar. 8:15
4:05 "	Town Creek	" 7:20
4:20 "	Bolivia	" 7:05
4:55 Ar.	Southport	Lv. 6:30

Mixed train operated daily except Sunday Leaving Navasso at 8:30 A. M., arriving Southport 10:35 A. M. Leaving Southport 11:20 A. M., arriving Navassa, 1:15 P. M.

H. E. GOODWIN, Traffic Manager.
del-tf

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. M. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business, without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, January 19, 1913.

A fugitive thinks a sheriff is cold-blooded when he gets hot on the trail.

The money trust may be in such questionable shape that it cannot be seen, but it appears to be apparent.

A highbrow continues to assert that "a man is what he eats." However, if a man "eats his own words" he isn't much of anything.

If only a "progressive" Democrat is to get an office under the Wilson administration, who is to do the voting at the next election?

When they talk about handcuff laws instead of the articles with teeth, all violators of the law will realize that they are up against it for fair.

We are told that just as incorrect as it would be to say "packages post", it is not at all in proper form to say "parcels post". It is Parcel Post.

When trusts find out that the government will not be run in their interest they will quit financing the parties in the conduct of campaigns.

This is a billion dollar country, but the Democrats expect to show the Republicans that they can run it for less by using the money for public purposes.

President-elect Wilson will cut out the inaugural ball. Why? On account of scruples or sheckles? There is one virtue in Jeffersonian simplicity. It is economical.

A Pennsylvania editor calls another "an animated mummy" and the other retorts by calling him "a galvanized plesoisaurus." They seem to be familiar acquaintances.

No man ever lost out who hit the line hard and stayed on the job. It is the shirker and quitter who goes to the scrap heap—human junk of less value than rusty iron.

Arbitration means a compromise and that is the first thing a board of arbitration will attempt to bring about. Men's and Nations' differences are settled by being evened up in a square deal.

If you want to reach a man of moneybags, approach him with colateral. If he can make a safe loan he can be be seen, but if you have a subpoena instead of collateral he will be sure to see you first.

Promising to do a thing isn't doing it. Even trying to do things isn't doing them. Men often fall down in their attempts to do each other. We never expect promised reforms till we see them. Some of them are in the impossible list.

If Wade Harris, of the Charlotte Observer, will make an affidavy that he will use a whisk broom, we'll book his order for the first our broom corn plant turns out. Last time we saw him there were gray hairs all over his coat collar.

Wilmington's climate is a constant source of wonder to the stranger. It is only brisk here when others are shivering; and in Summer delightful breezes waft themselves all over this heaven blessed city by the sea while the mercury is climbing right straight up in other places.

Wilmington goes right along having baseball weather. It ought to be enough to create fan fever of such virulence as to make Wilmingtonians organize a team and get in a league composed of the baseball towns of eastern North Carolina. Fresh air games are worth a great deal to people. They exhilirate, make red blood, and keep a locality from feeling like it has been doped.

DIRECT STEAMSHIP SERVICE

Progressive New Orleans has learned her first lesson from the dream of commerce on account of the Panama canal. That city was plucky enough to get ready in anticipation of increased commerce, and in one sense she is ready for what is coming to her. However, she tried to go after it before hand, and from her experience as a pioneer we learn a lesson.

Some time ago New Orleans equipped her harbor with municipal docks and connected all the railroads with her terminals by surrounding herself with a belt line railroad. The docks and the belt line belong to the city, and in that particular the port of New Orleans is in a position to guarantee that no shipping can be turned away on account of port charges of a discriminatory character. In that respect the owners of private terminals are prevented from absolutely dictating the rates for commerce in or out of that port. However, having equipped herself with municipal terminals in advance of the opening of the canal, New Orleans business men organized a direct steamship line to run to ports on the east coast of South America and later to trade through the canal with the Pacific side. They called their company the Pan-American Steamship Company, and if we mistake not it put only one or two ships into service. Anyhow, the company began business, and it is here that we learn the lesson. The ships went to South America loaded with exports, on each of several trips and prospects seemed bright. However, the ships had to return empty, and as they could get no cargo of imports to bring back, the dream of a direct line of steamers vanished. The experiment was a failure, because no steamship can be expected to make money unless she has cargoes going and returning. That was New Orleans' experience, and the Daily States gives this as the reason of the failure of the line to meet with success:

"The testimony before the Congressional investigation makes it perfectly clear why the Pan-American went on the rocks. Its ships left New Orleans with full cargoes; but, through the influence of the foreign shipping combine, they were compelled to leave Argentine empty. No steamship line can, of course, live which does not carry freight both ways.

"The imports of coffee from the Argentine to the United States through New Orleans have grown to immense proportions. Sometimes as many as five or six ships laden with coffee come here in a month. The Pan-American expected to bring coffee back; but it is impossible not to draw the deduction from what has been testified to at Washington that anxious as the Argentine shippers may have been to encourage the new service, they could not afford to risk a boycott by the foreign lines with abundant bottoms and immense financial resources.

"This question of the freedom of the ocean is of vital importance to New Orleans in connection with the opening of the Panama canal. If this shipping combine can so readily crush an American line to South America, its ability to operate on both sides of the isthmus and discriminate against certain American ports and in favor of others deserves serious consideration.

"There ought to be no lack of persistence on the part of the Congressional investigation in laying bare all the facts that may go to show how the shipping trust stifles competition. Publicity is the best method of remedying the evil. That American statesmanship, enterprise and genius are not equal to the task of ultimately finding a solution of the problem of making the ocean free, to the extent, at least, of protecting New Orleans and other ports than New York from discrimination, is incredible."

The truth is New Orleans pluckily went ahead without knowing what she was up against. Evidently her steamship company lacked financial strength and sufficient ships to do the carrying without long voyages between. The large steamship companies have the financial strength and the ships to give the service, or to do other things known to the ocean carrying trade. Anyhow, we learn that there is no present advantage in an inadequately financed direct line of steamers, so our ports may as well rely upon the established lines that no doubt will make a port of call at any ocean gateway that has trade to offer.

Doubtless steamship owners will look into our ports for business, and they will come after it if we have it. As The Star often has suggested, no port can be better equipped than to have an exporting and importing company to co-operate with any steamship companies that may be looking for cargoes. Wilmington can easily be made a port of call.

THE GLASS NO LONGER FASHIONABLE

An editorial in a recent issue of the Charlotte Observer, under the title, "A Doomed Institution," points out, as significant of the changing conditions of the country, that the New York newspapers are now beginning to discuss the question as to what occupation shall be provided for the saloonkeeper when the present-day saloon goes, as go it must. Even in the large cities of the country, the Observer remarks, the handwriting is seen on the wall; the open saloon is disappearing from the land, and the time is not far away when it will be unknown in the United States. Whiskey for a time after the disappearance of the saloon will be obtainable, in some ways, the Observer thinks, but it is not reasonable to suppose it will survive any great length of time.

One of the reasons, we take it, is that it is no longer fashionable to drink. The custom of a social glass and a "night with the boys" are becoming the exception rather than the rule with the average man about town. Business men no longer sit down to the cocktail and the highball to evolve large affairs, and modern business in this day and time more than ever demands a steady hand, a clear brain and a sturdy vision, all of which are not compatible with over-indulgence in alcohol, either "the morning after" or the "night before." It is this changing order, the creation of a healthier public sentiment, we believe, that is making far more for temperance than drastic legislation and all other influences combined.

The Observer does not think that the liquor traffic will a great while longer endure, for step by step it is being robbed of its element of profit and without this profit the traffic cannot long stand out against a public sentiment that is growing and growing most rapidly, accelerated by business considerations that are not to be despised in any ultimate solution of this great and important problem.

Another force that is making rapidly for temperance and the elimination of the liquor traffic, is the question of public health. With the awakening of the public to these requirements of human welfare, excessive indulgence in alcohol is no longer countenanced in best informed health circles and alcoholism is being decried quite as vigorously for considerations of health as it is as a National evil from all other aspects.

It is no longer fashionable to drink! Business demands sobriety and abstinence. These signs are encouraging to every true advocate of temperance. The Observer concludes its remarkably thoughtful editorial in these words:

"The process of the elimination of the saloon will be slow, that of the ridding the country of liquor will be still slower, but no two ends are more certain of final accomplishment. It is certain we shall never again see the open saloon in North Carolina. It is equally certain that in time this institution will be searched for in vain in any State in the Union."

CAN'T STAND COMPETITION.

The Adams Express Company has retired from business in Meadville, Pa., and assigns as the reason that there is not enough business there for an express business in competition with the Parcel Post. During the last two years the express company has been doing an increasing amount of business at Meadville, having employed two clerks in the office and operated three delivery wagons, but with the advent of government competition business naturally began to fall off. This means that the government, while insisting in its laws that there shall be no undue restraint of trade and fully recognizes the principle of competition in business, really establishes a monopoly for itself so far as the Pennsylvania city is concerned. No doubt the Adams Express Company is one of those strictly business concerns that mildly regards competition as a beautiful theory but an impossibility when its competitor is the American government. The Adams folk might compete with any similar carrying corporation, and in the end might put its competitor out of business or swallow it up in order to keep from doing a losing business, but going up against populistic competition is quite another proposition. Therefore, the Express company is so businesslike that it recognizes the psychological moment for getting cold feet.

The Adams Express Company is generous enough to pull up stakes and leave all of Meadville's express business to the government. In the meantime, Meadville goes out of commission as an express town. It gets out of one class into another. Meadville has a population of about 15,000, and we may infer that towns of that size are more than likely to have to do without express companies since competition with Uncle Sam makes a division of business in small cities not altogether attractive.

It might be thought that the government express would be all sufficient for Meadville, but it won't, all the same, for the government's carrying is limited to packages weighing not over 11 pounds, while some classes of products and commodities are not admitted to the Parcel Post at all. If the government express drives out the express companies, how are small business communities to secure the carriage of their small packages, not admissable to parcel post? Naturally, they will have to depend on "the slow freight" for the shipment of such packages as Uncle Sam discriminates against.

There is one thing sure. The express companies are not going to do business where it is not profitable and we may expect to hear that many of the smaller express offices will have to be discontinued. Small places cannot have two express carrying luxuries, and as Uncle Sam is not the one to get out of town it will be the other fellow. How long will it be before the government will completely monopolize the express business?

AN EVEN-BALANCED TARIFF

The interests to be affected by the tariff have been appearing before Mr. Underwood's committee for a hearing. Each wants the committee to be careful how much duty is taken off their respective industries, and reasons and arguments are presented to support the different views. That is just as it should be. It aids the committee to investigate their various claims and so adust revision as to prevent discrimination against any industry or community. All hands are entitled to a hearing, and there is no reason why a man is a protectionist because he wants a square deal for his industry or community.

Col. A. H. Boyden, of Salisbury, has had a jab made at his Democracy because he has been before the committee in the interest of the $5,000,000 aluminum industry under way on the Yadkin, near Salisbury, but the Colonel is entirely consistent as a Democrat. North Carolina Democrats want revision but they do not want any industry in their State discriminated against in levying even revenue dutles. The interest of each State is at stake in levying tariff taxes, lest one State or one section be placed at a disadvantage in the burden or benefit that any kind of tax imposes.

The aluminum industry of North Carolina may not need any benefit from either a revenue or a protective tariff, but if it or any other North Carolina industry possibly may be affected by any kind of law, it is up to North Carolinians to see that their measure does not go empty-handed while those of others are filled. A policy which possibly might do inustice to North Carolina and more than justice to some other State, does not involve "principle." It is simply a business proposition to be settled on an equitable taxing basis. A so-called principle that doesn't take the equities into account isn't any principle.

Judging from public sentiment we don't think North Carolinians would care if there wasn't any tariff at all, except for revenue purposes, but they wouldn't be justified in not taking theirs while other States are Johnny on the spot with a sack to get theirs. We don't think there are enough one-ideaed North Carolinians to make a fetish of a problem while the people of other States are looking on the plain business side of it.

All the country wants is an even-balanced tariff. "A false balance is an abomination to Jehovah, but a just weight is His delight."

A law providing for a six months term of public schools would be no guarantee of the length of time during which the schools should remain open for attendance. Schools depend upon a matter of money and if means for producing the revenue are provided on a fixed basis of school income, the terms can be lengthened without law. Each community can have a six-months term on its own hook if it knows where and how to get the money.

A trust law with handcuffs will make a trust law with teeth have the dry grins.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Nice cheerful reading for express magnates, the item that six million parcel post packages were handled in the first seven days of the service.—Columbia State.

According to the law of Illinois, Governor Dunne should take the oath of office on Monday, but the deadlock in the House has made it impossible for the Legislature to meet and count the vote. But Dunne says he will take the oath Monday anyhow. Governor Deneen says he is Governor until the Legislature announces the official vote. But suppose the deadlock should last during all the term for which Dunne was elected?—Raleigh News and Observer.

Scarcity of birds, the Concord Tribune learns, has been primarily due to devastation by dogs, who, running at large in great numbers at all seasons of the year, kill the birds, rob their nests and disrupt pairs. One experienced hunter declares that five birds are lost in this manner to one killed by a shotgun. On every account we should have a tax levied upon the worthless houn' dog.—Charlotte Observer.

The new secretary of the local Chamber of Commerce ought to be able to stand considerable cussin' at $3,000 per year and if he does not accomplish wonders this is what he will get. In fact, he may get it anyway. It is a mighty handsome salary, but if he is possessed of that quality known as "know how", he can make good. We presume his knowledge of traffic conditions had much to do with his election. If he can manage this business he will be well worth his salary.—Greensboro Record.

Wall street is sure that no public good would result from incorporating the New York Stock Exchange and subjecting it to the supervision of the Superintendent of Banking. It is sure that no public good would result from the restriction of short selling or from the repeal of the act which validates stock gambling debts as distinguished from other gambling debts. It is sure that no public good would result from the repeal of the act which legalizes usury in Stock Exchange transactions. It is sure that no public good would result from any of the proposed reform measures. But what is Wall Street's own remedy It has offered none. The only measure in years that has received the united support of Wall Street is an Aldrich currency bill which would give Wall Street still more complete control over the banking system of the country. So far as The World is concerned, it has no desire to suppress stock speculation. It does not care how much Wall Street gambles, provided it gambles with its own money and not with the deposits in National and State banks. It does not care how much Wall Street manipulates the stock market, provided it is not at the same time manipulating the prosperity of the American people. But we have decided objections to a system that makes everybody's bread and butter a pawn in the Wall Street game.—New York World.

THE AMENDMENT.

Abbottsburg, N. C., Jan. 16.
Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C.

Mr. Editor:—When the constitutional amendment was before the people, for reasons not necessary to state, I was opposed to it, but was surprised to find in the past few days that it was directly on lines mapped out by me in some notes to the Washington Post, written some years ago. Well, if I had discovered this sooner, I should have been in favor of the amendment and well pleased with it, for as the younger generation grows up and gets educated they will divide their votes and vote as individuals and not solidly like a hive of bees. And thus the races can work shoulder to shoulder and be friends like William Penn's Indians. "As long as the sun and moon endure."

Respectfully,
J. D. SUGGS.

CARD OF THANKS.

Editor of The Star, City.

Dear Sir:—Allow me space in your paper to return my sincere thanks to the Daughters of the Confederacy for the nice basket sent me, as a token of remembrance.

I am not the only old soldier who today has been remembered by them. They have made no invidious distinctions, but have remembered all who wore the historic grey.. God bless our women, our noble Southern women, the immortal, the ever beautiful.

JAMES A. SMITH.
Formerly a member of Co. D, 1st N. C. Heavy Artillery.

SURE WAY TO BANISH

Catarrh

Breathe the Soothing Healing Air of the Australian Eucalyptus Forests—NATURE'S Own Cure.

No Harmful drugs in Booth's Hyomei

Get rid of catarrh—start today—cure it without pouring into your stomach a vile and unpalatable nostrum. HYOMEI (pronounce it High-o-me) cures catarrh in nose or throat, and does it by such a simple and pleasant method that thousands who have been cured are glad to recommend it.

Just breathe HYOMEI, and its soothing, medicated and antiseptic properties will come in direct contact with the inflamed parts, stop the discharge, drive out the soreness and heal the membrane.

HYOMEI is made of Eucalyptus combined with other antiseptics. Breathed through the inhaler it destroys the persistent catarrh germ.

A complete outfit, including inhaler, bottle of HYOMEI and simple instructions for use $1.00. Separate bottle of HYOMEI if later needed 50 cents at druggists everywhere.

For catarrh, coughs, colds, sore throat, Booth's HYOMEI is guaranteed. R. R. Bellamy quarantees it.

REHDER'S ANNUAL

January Clearing Sale!

STARTS MONDAY, JANUARY 20th, at 9 O'CLOCK.

A General Reduction all through the house, offering Splendid Opportunities for Rich Savings on Staple and Every-Day Needed Merchandise.

We have not the space here to quote prices, but simply ask the careful buyers to examine our display and compare prices.

Special Reduction on High-Class Coat Suits, Cloaks, Furs, Women's Skirts, Waists, Underwear, Clothing, Shoes, Silks, Dress Goods, Carpets, Mattings and Rugs, Notions, While Goods and Embroideries, Sheets, Bed Spreads, Sheetings, Towels and Table Linens.

THIS IS THE TIME TO ANTICIPATE YOUR NEEDS!

Sale Starts 9 o'clock Monday. Great Clearance Sale.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

See Large Circular for Details and Prices. Clearing Sale.

Popular Wash Fabrics!

RATINE—Plain and Fancy Weaves in a beautiful range of colors.

VOILES—Plain; also Silk and Cotton Weaves.

DRESS LINENS—Natural and Colored, in various weaves and weights.

PIQUES—Striped and Solid Colors, in Corduroy Welts.

BEDFORD CORD—In all the New Shades.

PLISSE—A Mercerized Crinkled Fabric for Kimonos and Dresses, in a variety of patterns.

WE are also showing New Crepes, Irish Poplin, Ripplettes, Madras, Gingham and Percale.

A. D. BROWN

A Simple Turn of the Wrist

And the beauty and power derived from electrical energy are yours. A button a child can manipulate easily will bring you light and sound through the drop lights, and telephones and other electrical contrivances for seeing, hearing, time and labor saving, we place under your control. We do everything in the electrical line short of harnessing Niagara, do it without a fuss, without extravagance. Full and complete line of electrical supplies on hand.

J. O. BROCK

'PHONE: 573. 123 MARKET ST.

CHARACTER AND WILL

Did you ever hear a big, strong, husky fellow say: "I can't save money." He simply means he won't save; won't give up some silly pastime.

He hasn't will power enough to make the sacrifice.

It requires both character and will to save, and the saving of money develops these qualities, which are necessary to every man's success.

Save money. Develop your **Will Power** and **Character.**

Open an account with this bank and start your success.

Home Savings Bank

115 No. Front St. Orton Bldg.

ENGINE GASOLINE

PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES

MORE POWER
MORE RUNNING HOURS
FOR LESS MONEY

DROP US A CARD

If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.

Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.

CRIMINAL COURT TOMORROW

Two Weeks' Term Will Begin With Judge Frank Carter Presiding—Special Civil Term Adjourned Yesterday.

Tomorrow morning the regular January term of Superior Court for the trial of criminal cases will convene with Judge Frank Carter, of Asheville, presiding. He will arrive in the city this evening from Burgaw, where he has been holding court the past week. The special two weeks' civil term of court, which convened here January 6th, adjourned yesterday at noon and Judge C. C. Lyon, of Elizabethtown, who presided, left in the afternoon. He will preside over court at Marion this week.

There was very little of interest doing in court yesterday, the time being taken up in hearing motions, signing judgments, etc. In the case of K. C. Sidbury against M. H. Pinnix 30 days was allowed to file complaint and 30 days to file answer. Entries were made in the following cases: W. M. Bailey against C. T. Harper, action abates; Holmes Grocery Co., against Geo. F. Lewis, alias summons. T. R. Mask, et al., against M. Hankins, leave to make parties plaintiff. A. D. Wessell against John Simon, non-suit. J. M. Woolard against John J. Furlong, referred to F. W. Dick and J. W. Yates. J. M. Woolard against C. T. Harper and J. J. Furlong, referred to J. W. Yates and F. W. Dick. Boney & Harper Milling Co., against J. C. Stevenson Co., petition and order. Wilmington Iron Works, Inc., against the Coharie Lumber Co., Inc., order. In the matter of the will of J. C. Hankins, J. A. McNorton, Esq., was appointed guardian ad liten. Mamie B. Schloss against J. D. Bellamy, judgment.

Notice of appeal to Supreme Court was given by the plaintiff in the case of Archer Robertson against the Atlantic Coast Line, an action for $25,000 damages for alleged injuries on the local yards, the jury Friday having returned a verdict in favor of the defendant company. Notice of appeal was also given in the case of Joseph Jones against the Wynnewood Lumber Co., in which the plaintiff was given $20,000 damages by a jury for personal injuries.

As stated in yesterday's paper the criminal term of court is likely to be one of much interest. In addition to the several cases of importance on the docket for trial, including the charge of arson against J. C. Holly, it is expected that some new cases will be brought against persons for violating the prohibition law. It is hinted that the city police department has been busy since the last term of court securing evidence to be used at this term and that there will be many surprises either this week or next.

Many friends here learned with sorrow yesterday of the bereavement of Solicitor Henry E. Shaw, of Kinston, in the death of his daughter, Mrs. D. N. Twynman, of Appomattox, Va., a few days ago. Mr. Shaw went to the Virginia town Thursday to attend the funeral services.

The jurors drawn for the first week of the criminal term of court are J. B. Hewlett, B. W. Jacobs, Samuel Farrow, Jr., J. J. Sullivan, R. C. Lucas, C. A. Bradshaw, H. M. Foard, John Blanton, W. R. Appleberry, E. F. Williams, Wm. Gregersen, R. D. Voshall, W. A. Sue, Wm. E. Lawson, C. B. Rehder, E. H. Munson, J. R. Kennedy, C. N. Evans, J. L. Rogers, O. P. McIver, G. W. Cole, Charles P. Scott, W. A. McGirt, L. G. Bass, D. D. Boylan, W. D. McCaig, J. E. Marshburn, J. S. Cannady, J. D. Orrell, C. C. Brown, A. R. Vann, H. C. Prince, A. L. Freeman, Hosea W. Hunter, E. W. Rogers and John R. Farrow.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Colored Retailer Goes Up for Six Months—Walton Case Tuesday.

Albert Carroll, the negro who was arrested Friday night by Plainclothesmen Frank George and B. W. Jacobs on a charge of selling whiskey, was given six months on the roads yesterday morning by the Recorder. In addition to that, he was given three months for carrying a pistol, which was found on him when arrested. The officers saw the negro hand the whiskey to George Rogers, and receive some money for it. Carroll, who was represented by Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., appealed.

James M. Walton, white, also arrested Friday night at his home on Eighth street, between Queen and Wooster, on a charge of selling whiskey, will be tried Tuesday. He gave bond in the sum of $300. It is stated that Plainclothesmen Frank George and B. W. Jacobs saw a negro enter the residence from the rear and saw Walton deliver a half pint of whiskey to him, and receive some money in return. A number of drafts from whiskey and beer houses for amounts varying from $6 to $66 were found on him.

Grace Arntee, colored, whose jealousy was excited by the attention her husband gave Athelia Foy at the Queen Theatre, and who chased Athelia with a knife, got $10 and costs. Maggie Hooper entered a plea of nolo contendere in the case charging that she had slandered Maria Hooper, colored, and judgment was suspended on payment of costs.

Sam Wilson, colored, charged with larceny of a bicycle, was given three months, but sentence was suspended under condition that Wilson leave the county and stay out of it for a year. This judgment was made because Wilson was crippled by being shot some time ago, and hence was likely to become an expense rather than a profit to the county good roads organization. Wilson was shot by Mr. D. D. George when the negro made motions like pulling a pistol.

Clinton Bailey, colored, plead guilty to the charge of larceny of a piece of pipe belonging to Stone & Co., and was given 90 days.

Don't strain your eyes. If you find your eyes bother you a little when you read, it is much easier to attend to them immediately. If you neglect them you will repent later. Eyes examined free. Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. (advertisement.)

SILVER SERVICE TO SEMINOLE

Good Samaritan of the Seas to Receive Token of Appreciation From Underwriters and Steamship Owners Monday.

Tomorrow presentation will be made to the officers and crew of the revenue cutter Seminole, of a handsome silver dinner service, costing $1,000.

It will be pleasing to know that Lloyd's and the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company joined in carrying out the idea of presenting the ship with this service, as a token of their appreciation of the very valuable work the Seminole has done repeatedly in saving lives and property in time of stress, all along the coast from Norfolk to Charleston.

The idea originated with the firm of Alexander Sprunt & Son, agents here for Lloyd's, and the particular instance of the Seminole's faithful and successful labors which inspired the idea, was the gallant fight the crew put up to save the steamer Berkshire, off Lookout, when fire raged in her hold from the 20th to the 26th of October last. The vessel, belonging to the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company, was saved, and in reporting to Lloyd's Messrs. Sprunt & Son suggested that proper appreciation should be shown the Seminole.

The suggestion was at once taken up by the concerns named, and tomorrow, at a pleasant social affair lasting from 11 to 1 o'clock, for which invitations have been issued, the presentation will be made.

Among those who will be present at the formal presentation are President J. C. Whitney, of the M. & M. T. Co., General Manager Blankenship, and Mr. O'Brien, of the Underwriters. These gentlemen will arrive this morning. Capt. Carden with officers from the Seminole will meet them at the station, and they will be guests at the home of Mr. James Sprunt. In addition to visitors, a number of local people will attend the ceremony tomorrow and be guests of Capt. Carden and his staff at the social incident to the event.

DISTRICT NURSE WORK IN WILMINGTON.

(Communicated.)

January 7th the annual business meeting of the Ministering Circle was held at the home of the president. This Circle is responsible for the maintenance of the instructive visiting nurse, Miss K. Olivia Smith. During the past year the work has progressed steadily and satisfactorily and the condition of the sick poor under Miss Smith's supervision is better than it has ever been. The visiting nurse is constantly and faithfully on her rounds, visiting many homes, and by her kindly advice, tactfully given, she is often able to render great assistance in various ways to her patients; stimulating them to keep the homes nice and clean; suggesting proper food in cases of sickness; giving expert dressing when needed; reporting unsanitary conditions of living and reporting to the assistant city physician, Dr. Thames, all suspicious cases. In this connection Miss Smith is very grateful to Dr. Nesbitt and Dr. Thames for their unfailing prompt assistance; and also to Dr. MacMillan, county physician, who supplies the nurse with all the bandages and ointments needed. Miss Smith feels that Wilmington today is a much cleaner and a healthier city than it was twelve months ago. Because of the large number of persons to be visited, in the southern, northern and eastern ends of the city, Miss Smith is not able to do much work in Brooklyn and none in Delgado. Surely, we hope the time will come when our citizens in these localities will also enjoy the ministrations of a visiting nurse, and if our wealthier citizens would contribute a small amount this could be easily accomplished. Miss Smith's work is efficient and is highly commended by our physicians. Miss Smith does not nurse contagious diseases and all cases of tuberculosis she reports to the Red Cross Society. The visiting nurse is also in close touch with the Associated Charities, which connection is of mutual benefit. The cost of this charitable work for the past fiscal year was $925.82. This amount was in excess of the income of the association. The income of the Ministering Circle, excepting several contributions from sympathizing persons in the city, is derived from the personal efforts of the members of the Ministering Circle and in the past year, by bazaars and the management of one Damrosch concert.

It can easily be seen from the above that this district nurse work is a public charity, administered by comparatively few, and it is the hope of the Ministering Circle that the public generally will aid in this good word by liberal contributions.

Our city is rapidly growing and there is constant demand for the services of an instructive visiting nurse. Why not let this well-organized and benevolent society dispense your charities for the sick and poor in our community?

Meeting Tomorrow.

The County Commissioners will hold an adjourned meeting at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The purpose of the meeting is to give the Recorder and his clerk an opportunity to explain why so large amount of fines and costs imposed in the Recorder's court remain uncollected as shown by the report of the special auditor, Mr. Albert H. Marsh. The report showed that there was about $5,000 uncollected fines and costs on the books, when the audit was begun early in December. Since that time about $800 has been colected.

Illustrated Lecture.

Under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. James' church there will be an exceedingly interesting lecture on Egypt by Mrs. Phila Calder Nye, illustrated by stereoptican views, in the Parish House next Tuesday evening, January 21st, at 8:30 P. M. There will also be an attractive musical programme. Proceeds for missions. Admission fifty cents. Tickets for sale at Yates' and DeRosset's book stores, and also at the door. The public is cordially invited. 2t.

(Advertisement.)

THE FORESTRY CONVENTION

Wilmington Represented at Meeting In Raleigh by Several Citizens In the Object of the Organization

Mr. B. F. Keith, collector of customs, who is deeply interested in the work of the North Carolina Forestry Association, and Messrs. N. M. McEachern and J. M. Woolard, who are also interested in protecting the forests, have returned from Raleigh, where last week they represented Wilmington at the annual meeting of the forestry association. They report that the meeting was one of the most interesting and largely attended ever held by the association. In speaking of the matter of protecting the forests yesterday, Mr. Keith said:

"From every section of the State, men of thought seem to realize that the protection of the forest is one of the most important questions that is confronting the people, realizing that forest protection is so broad that it covers every interest in the entire State and Nation.

"The woeful waste of our forests by fire and stock running at large is fast bringing our water courses and our farming interests in sight of great peril. Streams, a few years ago, that never went dry, today are waterless over half of the year, caused by the forests being cut and the sunbaked ground shedding the rain as if falling on a duck's back, and we will soon be as China, with floods and famine, if we do not have legislation to protect the forests. To travel the State and see the inroads that are made by the lumbermen and fire by the carelessness afterwards, then the young destroyed by the 'pineywoods rooter,' it is appalling, and the Forestry Association has urged upon our Representatives in Raleigh to give us laws checking the devastation of our natural resources, and it is hoped that everybody will become interested and write their Representatives urging relief. It is not a matter of sentiment but a case of necessity, and, in a few years, unless it is checked, our great source of wealth that was thrown into our laps by our Creator, will be something of the past. It will take a very wealthy man in another quarter of a century to be able to be buried in a wooden coffin, unless we start now to conserve our timber resources."

WOMEN WILL HAVE PLACE

Bill to be Introduced in Legislature Providing for Representation on Educational Boards—The Bill.

It will not be many months before the women will be represented on the different school boards and school committees in North Carolina, if a bill that has been drafted by a joint committee from the Teachers' Assembly and the State Federation of Woman's Clubs and which will be introduced in the General Assembly, becomes a law.

A large number of men as well as women champion the movement to give women the right to a place on educational boards and it is not improbable that the Legislature will take favorable action on the proposed measure, it is said.

The women have been barred from holding positions on school boards by an opinion of the attorney general which was to the effect that a person holding office must be a qualified elector The committee hopes to get the bill passed under authority of Article XIV, Section 7, of the Constitution, which, in setting forth the requirements of a holder of a position of profit and trust, does not require that such a person shall be a qualified elector.

The principal clause of the bill that has been drafted by the joint committee is as follows:

"That positions on school committees, boards of trustees for chartered schools, State schools and colleges for women and schools and institutions for children of both sexes, county boards of education, and sub-text book commissions shall not be officers within the statute, but shall be deemed places of trust and profit; women shall be eligible equally with men in such places."

Composing the joint committee were the following: From the Teachers' Assembly, Mr. Zebulon Judd, chairman; Miss M. O. Graham, Miss Daisy Watts, Mrs. Alice P. Robinson, Chas. L. Coon, and the legal status committee of the State Federation of Woman's Clubs, Miss Edith Royster, chairman; Dr. Delia Dixon Carroll, Mrs. A. C. Avery, Mrs. Robt. Cotten, Mrs. Sol. Weil, Mrs. M. L. Stover, the latter of Wilmington.

For bargains in clothing, shoes, hats, millinery, silks, dress goods, underwear, cloaks, furs and coat suits, visit Rehder's great clearing sale.
(Advertisement.)

DIED.

BOATWRIGHT—At Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., at 8 A. M., Thursday, January 16th, 1913, HAL F. BOATWRIGHT, son of the late Mr. J. Hal Boatwright and Mrs. Mary L. Boatwright, in the 25th year of his age.
(Advertisement.)

IF YOU HAVE MONEY TO INVEST

Write or call to see us. A part of the business of this bank is to direct the investment of money. We have some high-class County and School Bonds, yielding 5 per cent interest, payable semi-annually by coupons. These can be supplied without premium and we recommend them. : : : : : : : : : :

The Southern National Bank

BUILDERS' SUPPLY COMPANY

New and Important Wilmington Enterprise That Will Begin Business Shortly—The Incorporators, Etc.

Application was made yesterday for a charter for the Builders' Supply Company, one of Wilmington's newest and most important commercial enterprises and one that has grown out of Wilmington's phenomenal industrial activity during the past six months or longer. The new enterprise will occupy the large and eligibly located building known as the Carolina Rice Mill property, on Chesnut street, and it will open business just as soon as the charter is received and the stock can be assembled.

The Builders' Supply Company will begin business with an authorized capital stock of $125,000 and $10,000 fully paid in and it will carry a full line of everything that the name of the new company implies besides acting as manufacturers' agents for a large number of standard and specialty lines. A large stock will be carried and the company will be distributing agents for a large section of territory in the Carolinas.

The men behind the new enterprise are all well known local business men and capitalists, the incorporators being Messrs. E. L. Hinton, Jos. H. Hinton, W. O. Morris, Joseph Schad, U. A. Underwood, Louis H. Skinner and W. Van Hardin. Mr. Edgar L. Hinton will be president and treasurer and Mr. W. O. Morris will be general manager of the business. Mr. Morris for several months has had offices in the Garrell Building as manufacturers' agent, and is thoroughly conversant with all details of the business and already has very large connections with some of the biggest houses in the North. The list of incorporators also include two of Wilmington's largest and most successful contractors, while the others are men of recognized business ability and large capital. They have the business standing and progressiveness which will make the enterprise a go from start to finish.

The application for the charter was forwarded yesterday by Messrs. Bellamy & Bellamy, attorneys, and the certificate is expected within a few days. Much of the stock of goods has already been purchased and announcement of the opening may be expected before the first of the coming month.

NEW FRONT FOR OLD BUILDING

Holmes Grocery Company Putting In Modern Improvements at Store

A new front is being put in at the Holmes Grocery Company's store at No. 6-8 North Front street—a 1913-face on a building that belongs to the early years of the last century. Pressed brick just like those used in the skyscraper of the Atlantic Trust & Banking Company, next door, will be used and plate-glass windows built. It will be a decided improvement and reveals a spirit of progressiveness on the part of this long-established and well-known firm.

The work started gentlemen of the store to talking about how old the building was, and the subject being referred to Mr. W. J. Toomer by Mr. Duncan McEachern, it was stated by that gentleman that the house must be about 90 years old. James Dawson is supposed to have had it built. The former firm of Holmes & Watters and the present firm have occupied the place about 30 years. The Bank of New Hanover, which failed, once had quarters there, and the Wilmington Insurance Company, when Col. John W. Atkinson was president, also occupied it. Just after the war a Northern man named J. P. Walton, put up a store at the place, and it is recalled that after awhile he went to Utah and joined the Mormons. The firm of Hedrick & Ryan also was among the tenants of the old structure.

MEETING IN FIRST WARD.

Gathering to Protest Against Reducing Number of Councilmen.

Citizens of the First Ward have been called to meet at the hall at the northeast corner of Sixth and Campbell streets Tuesday evening, January 21st, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of protesting against the suggestion that the number of Councilmen be reduced from five to three. If the number is reduced the ward lines will necessarily be abolished, which, it appears, the First Warders, are opposed to. The call was issued yesterday in the following petition:

"Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 18, 1913.

"We, the undersigned citizens, voters and tax-payers of the First Ward, have been requested by a large number of voters of said ward to call a meeting to be held at the hall at northeast corner of Sixth and Campbell streets Tuesday evening, January 21st at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of taking action against the proposed plan to destroy ward lines and reduction of representation in the city government.

(Signed). "John Barry, L. J. Mason, W. H. Barden, H. W. Konig, C. C. Rice. W. McD. Evans."

DEEDS FILED YESTERDAY.

List of Realty Transfers as Shown by Instruments at Court House.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows:

Jane Parsley Savage to Agnes MacRae Parsley, for $3,000, tract of land on Masonboro Sound, adjoining Harriss and Beasley properties.

M. E. Keatherley and wife to E. A. Chadwick, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on Brunswick street, 80 feet south of Third, 40x155 feet in size.

Martin Schnibben and wife to Samuel Grant and wife, for $500 and other considerations, lot on Green street, 165 feet west of Dickinson, 33x132 feet in size.

Louis T. Moore to Susan E. Moore, executrix, for $1 and other considerations, lot on the northwest corner of Second and Grace streets, 33x166 feet in size.

Four Pictures at the Grand.

Monday's big bill will be a scream from start to finish. Be sure you attend. (advertisement.)

Our Ladies' Department

Is Modern in every detail, being equipped with Telephone, Stationery, Private Resting Room, and Separate Teller's Window.

This Bank would like to have an account from every lady in this section, and offers the best service known to banking, special attention being given to every account.

We now have over Three Thousand Lady Depositors—we want your account. You can begin with $1.00, or more.

Safest for Savings

The Peoples Savings Bank

Safety & Service

Our Twin Watch Words

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

110 PRINCESS STREET.

Oldest, Largest North Carolina Savings Bank

IN THE POLICE DRAGNET.

More Alleged "Tigers" and Other Offenders Yesterday.

Among the arrests yesterday by the police was that of David Allen, a negro, who, it seems, tried in very clumsy fashion to raise an express money order from $5 to $10. He bought the money order about three weeks ago and sent it to Lynchburg, Va., for booze, and the local express office the other day received the order, with inquiry as to the proper amount of it. Instead of erasing the "five", the negro simply wrote "ten" over it. As he did not realize anything on the "raise", he is not held for forgery, but for vagrancy. He was arrested by Plainclothesman Leon George when he visited the express office for his whiskey.

James Brown, colored, arrested for vagrancy, was also arrested after he got to headquarters, for larceny, on complaint of Lacy Bryant and Ezekiel Hill, so he is up against three cases. John Roberson, also colored, is held for larceny, and Vans Reaves, white, for vagrancy. Plainclothesmen George and Coleman picked up two more alleged blind tigers. A. L. Martin and Robert Brown, colored. The latter is charged with selling a pint for 70 cents, to James Brown.

Two Fire Alarms Yesterday.

An alarm of fire at 2:35 yesterday afternoon called the firemen to 611 Orange street, but it proved to be nothing more than some grass being burned and there was no damage. At 2:55 another call sent the firemen to the Colonial Inn, where there was a small blaze in the basement, caused, it was thought, by a negro smoking a cigarette about his bed, setting the mattress going. The damage was $15 or $20.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

COKE

The Ideal Fuel

TRY IT!

PRICES, DELIVERED:

1 TON.... ....$7.00
½ TON.... .... 3.50
¼ TON.... .... 1.75

Also sold in Smaller Quantities, at the Gas Works, at 35 cents Per Hundred Pounds.

Tide Water Power Company

'Phones 28 and 96

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Bessie Gore left last night for Jacksonville, Fla., to spend some time with friends.

* * *

Miss Barbara Station, of Norfolk, Va., is the guest of Miss Helen Clark, No. 621 Dock street.

* * *

Mrs. Fannie M. Saunders is at home with her daughter, Mrs. W. I. Baxter, after a two months' visit in Virginia.

* * *

Yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rehder and Dr. and Mrs. F. H. Russell left for Panama and other points for a two weeks' trip.

* * *

Mrs. W. I. Baxter has as her house guests her sister, Mrs. Allen J. Black, of Hollins College, Va., and Miss Alys Clemmitt, of Richmond, Va.

* * *

The Home Mission Study Class of Grace Methodist church will meet Monday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Fore, on North Seventh street.

* * *

Mr. R. A. Damon has as his guests at his home, No. 14 South Sixth street, his mother, Mrs. C. L. Damon, and sister, Mrs. A. H. Rogers, of Brookline, Mass.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar T. Elliott, of Rocky Mount, are spending the day with Mrs. Elliott's brother, Mr. H. B. Hart, Jr., at No. 16 North Fourth street.

* * *

The Whatsoever Circle of King's Daughters and Sons will hold its regular meeting next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. C. J. Kelloway, 106 North Sixth street. As business of importance is to be considered, a full attendance is desired.

* * *

Complimentary to her niece, Miss Jean Harriss, and her guest, Miss Ruth Mitchell, of Oxford, Mrs. W. N. Harriss entertained at a card party at her home at the Carolina Friday afternoon. The event, which was attended by a number of young ladies, was very much enjoyed.

* * *

Invitations reading as follows were issued yesterday: "The Officers of the United States Revenue Cutter Seminole request the pleasure of your company on board on Monday, January 20th, 1913, from 11 A. M. to 1 o'clock P. M., in connection with silver service presentation, R. S. V. P."

* * *

George Davis Chapter, Children of the Confedreacy, will hold the regular monthly meeting in the W. L. I. armory next Wednesday at 3:30 o'clock. In addition to the regular business of the meeting, the children will observe their annual birthday event, each child bringing as many pennies as it is years old.

* * *

NORTH CAROLINA EDITOR CLAIMS W. VIRGINIA BRIDE.

Charlestown, W. Va., Jan. 18.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon Miss Rebecca Williams and Mr. W. C. Bivens were united in marriage at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. E. J. Williams, of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John S. Alfriend, rector of Zion Episcopal church. The bride is a cultured and attractive young lady. The groom is editor of the Wadesboro, N. C., Ansonian. Mr. and Mrs. Bivens left over the Baltimore & Ohio road for their bridal tour, after which they will be at home in Wadesboro, N. C.

* * *

MR. R. S. M'CLELLAN AND MISS GEORGIE ORRELL WED

Las evening at the parsonage of Grace Street Methodist church, Rev. J. D. Bundy officiated at the marriage of Mr. R. S. McClellan and Miss Georgie Orrell, both of this city. The groom is the son of Mr. S. C. McClellan and the bride a daughter of Mrs. Robert C. Orrell, and the couple will reside at the bride's home at No. 315, Dock street. Mr. McClellan holds a position in the offices of Alexander Sprunt & Son. He and his bride have numerous friends who will wish them much happiness and a full measure of prosperity.

* * *

The following from a recent issue of the Snow Hill, Md., Democratic Messenger, will be of interest here: "Mr. John P. Moore, Jr., accompanied by his wife, left Baltimore last Monday for Saranac Lake, N. Y., where they will spend the Winter months. Mr. Moore has been in poor health for some time, but his friends in Worcester county will be glad to learn that his condition is greatly improved, and that it is confidently expected that the bracing air of the Adirondacks will restore him to complete health and strength by Spring. Mr. and Mrs. Moore have been greatly missed in the social life of Snow Hill and many regrets have been expressed at their absence."

* * *

TENNIS TOURNAMENT AT COUNTRY CLUB CLOSES.

The semi-finals and the finals in the tennis tournament that has been in progress on the courts of the Cape Fear Country Club for the last two weeks, were played yesterday afternoon. Sprunt and Kidder defeated T. Strange and Shaw 6-3, 6-1, in the semi-finals; and Delano and Taylor defeated Sprunt and Kidder after a hot match, 6-1, 6-4, 4-6, 6-2, thereby winning the championship of the tournament. There was a large number of people at the final matches and so much interest has been manifested in the tournament just closed that the tennis committee has decided on mixed doubles in the near future. It has been further decided teo invite the various colleges of the State to play their intercollegiate games for the championship on the club courts.

The annual January Clearing Sale starts Monday, January 20, at 9 o'clock at Rehder's. (advertisemnt.)

Ball bearing roller skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store. (Advertisement.)

MARRIED.

In Danville, Va., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Brewer, on the 16th of January, 1913, Mrs. Mary Alice Gore and Mr. Daniel H. Penton. At home after February 1st, 220 North Third street, Wilmington, N. C. No cards.

(Advertisement.)

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. C. Monroe, of Rosindale, was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. J. M. Hill, of Cronly, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Mr. N. E. Gallagher has returned from Baltimore, where he spent several days on business.

—Mr. A. C. Sneed has returned to Woodberry, Ga., after spending several days with Mr. E. H. Sneed.

—Mr. E. F. Southerland, of Magnolia, is the guest of his nephew, Mr. F. M. Southerland, on Church street.

—Mr. H. G. Fennell, formerly of Wilmington, but now of Aalanta, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Jordan, of Currie, and Messrs. Robert C. Hankle, of Rural Retreat, and H. S. Goodman, of Winthrop, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. Howard B. Branch, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, who was called to Durham by the sad intelligence of his father's death, will return to the city tomorrow.

—Among the arrivals at The Southern yesterday were A. E. Burton, Burgaw; W. T. Norris, Teacheys; W. S. Cameron, Town Creek; C. H. Carter, Wallace; J. Hopkins, Greensboro; C. C. Mock, Winston-Salem; H. T. Parrish, Florence, S. C.

—Mr. Geo. H. Hutaff, of the Coca-Cola Bottling Works, will leave this afternoon for Atlanta, where he will attend the bottlers' convention. From there he will go to Knoxville and Chattanooga, Tenn., returning to Wilmington in about two weeks.

—Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist church, has returned to the city from a visit to Washington, N. C., and points in Virginia, where he went three weeks ago to recuperate from a rather severe illness. He will conduct services at his church today.

—Mr. J. W. Frederick will leave this afternoon for Charleston, S. C., where he goes to attend the annual convention of the National Marine Beneficial Association, which will convene Monday. Mr. Frederick is president of the local organization and delegate to the National convention.

—Arrivals at the Purcell Hotel yesterday included S. T. Andrews, Rocky Mount; C. A. Russ, D. L. Gore, Shallotte; Ralph Kennedy, East Arcadia; F. J. Flowers, Zara; M. J. White, Norfolk, Va.; J. M. Berkley, Washington, D. C.; Norwood Cox, R. L. Cox, Catherine Lake; Joe Stone, Charlotte; G. S. King, Columbia, S. C.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Campbell Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F., is called to meet tomorrow night for installation of officers and other important business, and a full attendance of members is requested.

—The British steamer Westhampton, Capt. Dew, cleared yesterday for New York, light, after discharging cargo of fertilizer materials. Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son are agents for the vessel.

—A young special officer tipping the scales at 12 pounds awaited the coming home of Plainclothesman B. W. Jacobs yesterday morning, and that gentleman has been receiving the congratulations of the force.

—Before Justice Bornemann yesterday was James Abbott, colored, on complaint of his wife, Pauline Abbott, who had taken out a peace warrant against him. Justice Bornemann placed him under a bond of $50 to keep the peace for a period of six months.

—F. C. Collins, the young white man charged with embezzlement of funds belonging to the Witte Fruit Co., was before Justice Harriss yesterday, the 18th having been set for a hearing; and he waived examination. Bond in the sum of $200 was given by him to appear at Superior Court.

PETITION IN BANKRUPTCY

Creditors of the A. D. Rich Company Appeal to Federal Court

Petition was filed in United States Court yesterday by W. P. Mangum Turner, Esq., on behalf of the Columbia Furniture Co., the Dalton Furniture Company and the Kearns Furniture Company, all of High Point, asking that the A. D. Rich Company, furniture dealers, of this city, be declared a bankrupt. The proper papers were served from the office of the Clerk of the Court and the petition was referred to Geo. H. Howell, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, before whom the matter will be heard on February 3rd.

The A. D. Rich Company was placed in the hands of receivers a few days ago on petition of Mr. A. D. Rich, who was manager of the company. Messrs. Henderson Cole and Thos. E. Cooper were appointed receivers, qualified by giving the $25,000 bond required and took charge of the business.

In the petition filed yesterday it is set out as reasons why the company should be declared a bankrupt; that on November 15th, 1912, a mortgage was given by the company to the Oxford Savings Bank & Trust Co., as trustee, to protect a $20,000 issue of bonds by the A. D. Rich Company; that the petitioners are informed and believe that certain of those bonds had been used in paying off certain creditors and that funds derived from the sale of other bonds of the same issue were used in paying off certain other creditors; that all the creditors of the A. D. Rich Company were not given the opportunity to receive bonds in payment of the indebtedness nor offered their pro rata share of money derived from bond issue; that at the time of the execution of the deed of trust the A. D. Rich Company was insolvent and did not have sufficient assets ta pay of the indebtedness in excess of the bonds. Furthermore, that an action in Superior Court entitled A. D. Rich suing on behalf of himself and all other creditors who might come in and make themselves a party to the action, against the A. D. Rich Company, Messrs. Henderson Cole and Thos. E. Cooper were appointed temporary receivers of the company on January 11th and are now in charge of the business.

10 yards best 10c bleaching for 69c; 10 yards 8c homespun for 65c; 10 yds. 10c. cambric for 79c at Rehder's great clearing sale. (advertisement.)

Get your ball bearing skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store. (Advertisement.)

LEGISLATURE DOWN TO WORK

Number of Important Bills Introduced Past Week—Some Local Measures This Week—Representatives Here

Senator Marsden Bellamy and Representative Woodus Kellum arrived last night from Raleigh to spend Sunday here with their families. They stated that the General Assembly is now down to business and everything is running along smoothly with prospects of early action on a number of bills of State-wide interest and importance. Very few strictly local bills affecting Wilmington and New Hanover county have been introduced. These were introduced in the House by Mr. Kellum as mentioned in the press at the time. No bills have yet been introduced by Senator Bellamy.

Senator Bellamy said that a number of important bills were introduced the past week and that it is likely that definite action will be taken to increase the number of judicial districts in the State. There will be a hearing on this bill before a joint meeting of the Senate and House Judiciary committees Friday of this week. At present there are 16 judicial districts and the number will likely be increased to 20 or 24. Another bill to receive attention this week is one introduced by Senator Bryant, which cuts out the contributory negligence clause in the present law and makes it similar to the National employes' liability law. A bill has been introduced to change the present law which allows building and loan associations to borrow only 25 per cent of the actual amount paid in as dues. It is proposed to leave it with the directors of each association as to amount they may borrow. Senator Bellamy said that the measure had the support of the building and loan associations in Wilmington and that he expected to vote for it. There is some strong opposition to the bill, he said, and there is some doubt of it becoming a law. It will be heard before a committee this week.

Among the other important bills to receive early attention are the compulsory school measure and the one providing for State-wide primary, neither of which has yet been reported from the committees.

Senator Bellamy said that a bill passed the Senate yesterday which allows a judge to draw jurors from adjoining counties in the same judicial district instead of removing the case. This will very probably save considerable expense, as, for instance, had the law been in effect a year ago New Hanover would probably have been saved some money in the trial of Holly at Burgaw. Virginia has had a similar law for some years and it has worked well.

Senator Bellamy expects to introduce a bill, probably this week, providing for the diminution of the sentences of convicts sent to the county roads for good behavior. His idea is to give about the same time off that is given in the State penitentiary. The law would apply to the entire State.

He has given the question of consolidating the city and county health departments some consideration and said last night that he rather favored the idea as he thought it would be more economical than the present plan. However, he had not committed himself to the proposed change, he said. He is also considering the matter of introducing a bill reimbursing the old board of County Commissioners for the amounts which they overdrew through mistake as compensation for their services on the board. A bill limiting the speed of automobiles through the Delgado mill village to 12 miles an hour will likely be introduced by him. He will very probably introduce a bill giving the Commissioners the right to fix the speed of automobiles on any road in the county. It is said that practically every county in the State has such a law. Senator Bellamy rather thinks the open season for quail is too long. It is four months, which is longer than is given in most counties. He will confer with some of the local hunters before introducing a bill to shorten the season.

Senator Bellamy said that he and Representative Kellum had not decided anything on the salary bill for the county nor had they given any extended consideration to proposed changes in the city charter. He said that before any laws affecting his district were passed he would give the people an opportunity to be heard by giving them the benefit of what the bills contained at the time or just before they are introduced.

Senator Bellamy will leave on the 3:40 o'clock train tomorrow morning, returning to Raleigh in time for the convening of the Legislature Monday.

Mr. Kellum, when asked by a Star representative about local matters, said that there was nothing being done and nothing would be done for something like a week, in the way of introducing bills of local application. And he wished it plainly stated that no bill would be introduced until the public had opportunity to know and study its provisions. He also wished it said that people desiring any local legislation should get their bills in early.

The bill to restore local self-government in New Hanover county, which has not been clearly understood, he said, was simply the old bill, with the old title, amended so as to read "five" instead of "twenty-five" justices of the peace, and that was all there was in it.

Mr. Kellum seemed optimistic in regard to the prospects for his bill relative to the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, which was cut in two by the Southern and Atlantic Coast Line, the former taking that part west of Sanford and the A. C. L. the eastern section. Mr. Kellum said that he had the support of a number of influential members of the Legislature and that he regarded the prospects of passage as extremely bright. His bill calls for an investigation of the sale of the road and the alleged conspiracy on the part of the two railroads named to restrain trade, by preventing competition.

New corduroy, new silk ratine, new stripe crepe, new silk bouche, all on special sale during the clearing sale at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

J. W. H. FUCHS'
Semi-Annual Clearance Sale!

WILL START THURSDAY, JANUARY 23rd, AT 9 A. M., AND CONTINUE FOR TEN DAYS.

The Entire Stock has been Re-Marked and Reduced in Price, and Must be Sold at a Tremendous Sacrifice.

NOTE SOME OF OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS:

Thursday at 9 A. M. we will sell the best Calico per yard 2c
Limit 10 yards to a customer.

Thursday at 3 P. M. we will sell five yards of the best Apron Gingham for 15c

Thursday at 9 A. M. we will sell two pair of men's Sox, worth 25c for 5c

Thursday at 9 A. M. we will sell Children's School Hose, per pair 3c
This sale for children only.

Friday at 10 A. M. we will sell Dress Ginghams worth 10c a yard, for 5c
Limits 10 yards to a customer

Friday at 4 P. M. we will sell 25 large Bleached Sheets, 50c values, for 25c

COAT SUIT AND SKIRT DEPARTMENT.

$7.50 black Coat Suits, made in the new Winter styles, only $3.75

$10.00 Coat Suits, in black or blue, for $5.00

$10.00 one-piece Blue Serge Dresses for $5.00

$25.00 Coats Suits in Serges, Whip Cords and Diagonals, in Brown, Blue, Black and Grays; made in all the new styles, with Skinner Satin Lining, for only $12.50

$15.00 Coat Suits in Blue, Brown and Black Serges, also Gray Worsteds, Merritt's price $7.50

Cloaks and Norfolk Blazers, also (Misses' Blue Serge Middy Blouse Suits at one-half price.

$4.50 Skirts in Tan and Gray mixture, only $2.98

$4.00 to $4.50 Blue Serge Skirts, well made and nicely trimmed, for only $2.98

$5.00 Black Panama Skirts, guaranteed all wool only $2.98

$10.00 Black and Blue Diagonal Skirts, well made and neatly trimmed, only $6.98

One thousand other things we cannot mention. Come and see.

75c Muslin Gowns 42c

$1.25 Muslin Gowns 89c

35c Corset Covers 18c

Ladies' Umbrella Drawers, nicely trimmed, 35c value, for 21c

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

One lot of Men's Odd Coats that were carried over from last season, would be cheap at $5.00. Merritt says only $2.48

Men's $10.00 Suits, in all the latest styles $5.69

$12.50 Suits in Black Thibets, Serges, Browns, Greys and Cassimeres, well made and nicely lined, for only $7.97

Men's $16.50 Hand Tailored, with hand felled collar, in the very latest styles, Worsteds and Diagonals $10.48

Extra heavy Worsted Suits, positively worth $15.00 or your money back, for $8.98

Men's extra fine business suits, made by the best tailors, in all the ultra styles and fabrics; equal in every respect to the finest tailor made-to-order suit. Don't fail to see this suit at the ridiculously low price of $12.98

Men's $27.50 Suits, made from the very best all-wool material, with silk and mohair linings, two-tone brown and fancy Worsteds. Must be sold at $15.98

Men's Overcoats, 46 inches long, in Browns and fancy Meltons, regular $8.00 value $3.98

Men's $10.00 Overcoats and Raincoats, 52 inches long, in black and brown; don't fail to see them. At this sale only $5.89

Men's $18.00 extra heavy black Melton, with presto collar, both in rain and overcoats, for $12.48

Men's $25.00 fine tailored in all the new and nobby designs and desirable shades, guaranteed shape retaining, must be sold at a tremendous sacrifice of $15.98

Boys' $2.50 and $3.00 Knickerbocker Suits for $1.59

Boys' $4.00 Knickerbocker Suits, all sizes and styles for $2.98

Boys' Knee Pants Suits that are positively worth $5.00, made in all the latest styles for $3.98

Extra large assortment of Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, regular $7.50 values, all sizes, for $4.98

Special bargains will be offered in Shoes, Dry Goods and Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings.

J. W. H. Fuchs' Dep't Store

28 TO 30 SOUTH FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

SALE CONDUCTED BY M. J. MERRITT, "DIXIE'S GREATEST BARGAIN GIVER"

LOOK FOR THE LARGE BLUE SIGNS ON FRONT OF STORE.

WHITEVILLE HAPPENINGS

Two Marriages—Young Man Arrested—Other Items of Interest

Whiteville, N. C., January 18.—A young man, who gave his name as Hatcher, was arrested here yesterday charged with having forged several checks here and at other places in the county. He came here this week, he says, to get a job with a local lumber company. He has been lodged in jail, and unless some of his friends from his home come to his rescue it is probable that he will remain here until the next term of court, which meets in February.

Miss Iola Baldwin, of this city, and Mr. R. J. Toler, of Wilmington, were united in marriage Wednesday night at the home of the bride's mother, Rev. J. P. Pate, pastor of the Methodist church, officiating. Immediately afte the ceremony they left for Wilmington, where they will make their home.

News has just reached here of the marriage of Miss Lena Stultz, of Rock Hill, S. C., to Mr. W. W. Miller, of Jefferson, S. C., which took place at the home of the bride's parents Wednesday afternoon. Immediately after the marriage they left on a bridal trip to Florida and Cuba. Mrs. Miller is pleasantly remembered here as one of the faculty of the Whiteville graded school for the last two years, having resigned just before Christmas.

Mrs. I. Jackson entertained the local Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy at her home this afternoon. Several readings appropriate to the Lee-Jackson anniversary, were given after which delightful refreshments were served by the hostess.

The musical students of the Whiteville graded school, gave a recital at the school auditorium last evening which was much enjoyed by the large audience which attended. They showed that they had received careful and thorough training under the guidance of the capable teacher, Miss Lela Memory.

The many friends here of Mr. C. S. Hicks, who was recently promoted from cashier to president of the Bank of Dunn, are glad to hear of his success. He was formerly cashier of the Bank of Whiteville.

Mr. E. J. Memory, who has been living for several years at Schenectady, N. Y., is spending some time here with his father, Mr. Eolus Memory.

The Pecan Camp, W. O. W., will give an oyster supper at the Woodmen Hall, Tuesday night. There will be several speakers on the programme.

Mr. Homer L. Lyon has returned from Raleigh where he attended the inauguration of Gov. Locke Craig and the Grand Lodge of Masons as representative of the Whiteville lodge.

The term of Mr. D. A. Maultsby, as postmaster, will not expire until next January. Already there are a number of candidates to succeed him. Mr. Maultsby has made a good postmaster and it is going to be a hard matter to secure a man to serve the public as faithfully as he is doing. Nevertheless, there are a number who feel that they can do it. In the meantime, Mr. Maultsby is "sawing wood" and saying nothing.

We understand that Mr. Homer L. Lyon is a candidate for the assistant district attorneyship of the eastern district. Mr. Lyon is a fine lawyer and a whole-souled gentleman, and if appointed to this office or any other to which he might aspire would fill it acceptably and well. He has strong indorsements for the place, and there is every reason to believe that he will succeed.

Mr. David J. Lewis returned yesterday from an extended business trip to Lumberton and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Williamson, who have lived practically all their lives in Whiteville, will leave soon for Alabama where they will make their home with their sons who are in the turpentine business in that State. Whiteville loses a good citizen.

BRUNSWICK CITIZEN DEAD.

Mr. W. W. Drew Passed Away at Local Sanitarium Last Night.

Mr. W. W. Drew, of El Paso, Brunswick county, died at Herper's Sanitarium in this city at 11:40 o'clock last night, following an operation last Thursday night. Mr. Drew had been in ill health for some time and had been at the sanitarium since Tuesday. He was 72 years old and is survived by a son, Mr. H. L. Drew, of Memphis, Tenn., and a daughter, Mrs. Minnie I. Knox, of El Paso. His wife preceded him to the grave a little over a year ago. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Mr. Walter E. Yopp and prepared for burial. The funeral will be held at Zion church, Town Creek, but the day and hour will be announced later as it will depend upon when his son can arrive from Tennessee. Many friends of the family will regret to learn of the passing of Mr. Drew and will tenderly sympathize with the bereaved.

APPOINTMENTS.

On account of the death of my father-in-law, Mr. W. W. Drew, my appointments from January 20th to January 25th for the collection of taxes are hereby cancelled. I will make up new appointments and announce them later.

J. J. KNOX,
El Paso, N. C.

MUSIC AT ST. JAMES' TODAY

Programme for Services This Morning And This Evening

Following is the musical programme for services this morning and this evening at St. James' Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector; Mr. Henry McChord, organist-director.

Matins, 11 o'clock: Te Deum, Fields; Jubilate, Hayworth; Offertory, "Send Out Thy Light," Gounod.

Evensong, 8 o'clock: Magnificat, Vincent; Nunc Dimittis, Vincent; Introit, The Madigral, Sommetti; Offertory, "Incline Thine Ear," Himmel.

Organ recital, 7:45 o'clock: 1st and 2nd movement, third sonata, Guilmant; Humoreske (by request), Dvorak; Sunset Melody, Vincent.

No More Gray Hair

Try This Simple Home Made Preparation on the Whitened Locks.

"Silver Threads" may be capable of inspiring the song writers, but they are anything but inspiring to men and women who find them coming in their own locks, thus announcing the approach of age. These "footprints of Time" however, may be readily covered up by using a simple, inexpensive formula which can be prepared privately in your own home. You can get from any druggist at little cost an ounce of bay rum, a quarter ounce of glycerine and a small box of Barbo Compound; then dissolve the Barbo Compound in 7 ounces of water, add the other two ingredients and you will have a preparation that cannot be excelled for darkening gray hair, removing dandruff, correcting humors of the scalp and invigorating the hair follicles. It does not make the hair sticky, does not rub off or color the scalp. It is equally as good to darken the beard as the hair. There is no other ingredient that can take the place of Barbo Compound in this recipe, so if your druggist is out of it ask him to order it from his wholesaler for you.

(Advertisement.)

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

Get your ball bearing skates at J. W. H. Fuchs Department Store. (Advertisement.)

The annual January Clearing Sale starts Monday, January 20, at 9 o'clock at Rehder's. (advertisemnt.)

STATEMENT CONDITION

The Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the Close of Business December 31, 1912.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$4,598,312.50
U. S. Bonds (at par)	351,000.00
Bank Building	75,000.00
Bonds and Other Securities	187,716.46
Cash and Due by Banks	1,365,055.51
	$6,747,084.47

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$ 325,000.00
Surplus and Net Profits	515,000.00
Circulation	550,006.00
Special Deposit, U. S. Bonds	100,000.00
Deposits	4,757,084.47
	$6,747,084.47

DEPOSITS:

December 31, 1908	$2,871,880.79
December 31, 1910	4,002,287.34
December 31, 1912	4,757,084.47

H. C. McQUEEN . . . President
J. V. GRAINGER . . Vice-President
J. W. YATES . . . Vice-President
C. S. GRAINGER . . . . Cashier
W. S. JOHNSON . . . Ass't Cashier
M. F. ALLEN . . . . Ass't Cashier

D. L. GORE COMPANY

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Offer to the Trade:

600 cases Sweet Potatoes.
1200 cases Salmon.
500 cases Tomatoes.
600 cases Corn.
200 cases Peaches.
25 cases Asparagus.
100 cases Apples.
500 bags Rock Salt.
10000 bags 100 lb. Salt.
500 Spirit Barrels.
500 bundles Hoop Iron.
1500 kegs Nails.

At prices to meet legitimate competition. Prompt shipment guaranteed.

YOU CAN'T HIDE

The imperfections of your teeth.

Do you know that the first thing that you notice when introduced to anyone, is their mouth? Isn't it a source of embarrassment if your teeth are bad—it should be?

Why not start the New Year by coming to see us and have us fix up your mouth as it should be? Our prices are as low as can be, when you consider what you get.

The Cleanest Office in the Carolinas.
Graduate Nurse in Attendance.

DR. J. W. POWELL, Dentist

Phone 1634. Garrell Building.

CAN YOUR BOY DRIVE

or ride? If so why not indulge him once in a while. You don't need to invest in a rig. You can hire one from this livery stable at little expense. You can also have a rig of any kind for yourself any time you want it on equally moderate terms.

City Livery Co.

C. W. MILLS, Mgr.

A GOOD FACIAL EXPRESSION

is always due to an even and perfect set of teeth. If you have lost several of your teeth, or they have possibly developed unevenly, we can correct the fault, and make them as they should be.

ALLOW US TO EXAMINE

your teeth, and we will tell you just how much we can improve them and exactly what the cost will be. Crown and Bridge work a specialty. All work guaranteed.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors

Front and Princess Street.

Financial and Commercial

COTTON TURNED EASY AGAIN GRAIN MARKETS FEATURELESS TONE OF STOCKS WAS BETTER

Yesterday's Market Was Weak and Unsettled—General List Closed Easy at a Net Decline of Six to 17 Points.

New York, Jan. 18.—Today's cotton market was weak and unsettled, with January losing most of the additional premium it had gained yesterday and with the general list closing easy at a net decline of from 7 to 16 points. The market opened steady at a decline of 5 to 7 points in response to somewhat lower cables than expected. The failure of Liverpool to respond more fully to the local strength of Friday appeared to make considerable impression on sentiment and the market almost immediately developed weakness as a result of liquidation by recent buyers and a renewal of bear pressure. The fact that January led the decline under selling, which some attributed to the leading spot interests, no doubt encouraged bear operations and the market closed within a point or two of the lowest. Rumors that increased shipments of cotton were heading this direction from the South probably added to the bearishness of sentiment and the January premium over March was reduced from 57 points at the close last night, to about 48 points during today's trading. There was a little buying here supposed to be for the account of German spinners, but houses with Southern connections were considerable sellers, while there was a good deal of pressure from Wall Street sources, and the bulk of demand seemed to be in the way of realizing by old shorts. Liverpool cables said the market there was quiet and steady, but showed some uneasiness over weakness in the Egyptian stocks. Sales of printcloths at Fall River for the week were estimated at 110,000 pieces, compared with 175,000 the same week last year.

Middling uplands, 12.90; do. gulf, 13.15; no sales.

Futures closed easy.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan	12.62	12.66	12.52	12.54
Feb				12.02
Mar	12.08	12.10	12.03	12.06
May	12.01	12.02	11.94	11.95
June	11.91			11.85
July	11.92	11.94	11.85	11.86
Aug	11.82	11.85	11.83	11.77
Sept	11.40	11.40	11.35	11.36
Oct	11.33	11.34	11.29	11.29
Dec	11.35			11.30

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 12 7-16; net receipts, 7,068; gross receipts, 7,366; sales, 300; stock, 320,163; Great Britain, 9,233; continent, 17,477; coastwise, 6,259.

New Orleans—Quiet, 12½; net receipts, 2,866; gross receipts, 3,156; sales, 490; stock, 174,989; coastwise, 50.

Mobile—Quiet, 12¾; net receipts, 768; gross receipts, 768; sales, 100; stock, 31,801; coastwise, 79.

Savannah—Nominal, 12½; net receipts, 2,110; gross receipts, 2,110; stock, 139,550; coastwise 474.

Charleston—Nominal, 12¼; net receipts, 192; gross receipts, 192; stock, 27,156.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 635; gross receipts, 635; stock, 14,637.

Norfolk—Steady, 12⅝; net receipts, 1,076; gross receipts, 1,076; sales, 1,361; stock, 71,386; coastwise, 1,267.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12¾; stock, 8,113.

New York—Quiet, 12.90; net receipts, 249; gross receipts, 743; stock, 122,462; coastwise, 224.

Boston—Quiet, 12.90; net receipts, 529; gross receipts, 5,950; stock, 9,849; Great Britain, 15,123.

Philadelphia—Steady, 13.15; net receipts, 25; gross receipts, 25; stock, 3,388.

Texas City—Net receipts, 4,018; gross receipts, 4,018; stock, 35,038; coastwise, 300.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 200; gross receipts, 200; stock, 1,800; coastwise, 285.

Port Arthur—Net receipts, 1,332; gross receipts, 1,332; continent, 1,332.

Aransas Pass—Stock, 781.

Brunswick—Stock, 12,054.

San Francisco—Net receipts, 1,052; gross receipts, 1,052; Japan, 1,052.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 22,138; Great Britain, 14,356; continent, 18,809; Japan, 1,052; stock, 981,157.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 22,138; Great Britain, 14,356; continent, 18,809; Japan, 1,052.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 7,534,034; Great Britain, 2,390,512; France, 842,034; continent, 2,242,282; Japan, 145,974; Mexico, 1,000.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 12⅝; net receipts, 5,639; gross receipts, 5,639; shipments, 5,641; sales, 1,000; stock, 148,342.

Augusta—Steady, 13; net receipts, 544; gross receipts, 741; shipments, 798; sales, 250; stock, 101,950.

Memphis—Steady, 12⅜; net receipts, 766; gross receipts, 1,604; shipments, 2,154; sales, 700; stock, 169,938.

St. Louis—Nominal, 13; net receipts, 324; gross receipts, 2,561; shipments, 2,287; stock, 25,283.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,849; gross receipts, 1,849; shipments, 1,123; sales, 400; stock, 24,985.

Little Rock—Steady, 12 11-16; net receipts, 117; gross receipts, 117; shipments, 342; stock, 40,081.

Total today—Net receipts, 9,239; gross receipts, 12,511; shipments, 12,295; sales, 2,350; stock, 510,579.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, January 18.—Spot cotton, quiet; prices steady. American middling fair, 7.36; good middling, 7.02; middling, 6.82; low middling, 6.64; good ordinary, 6.24; ordinary, 5.90. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 800 were for speculation and export and included 5,000 American. Receipts, 32,000 bales, including 23,800 American. Futures opened steady and closed barely steady. January, 6.58½; January and February, 6.55½; February and March, 6.54½; March and April, 6.53½; April and May, 6.52; May and June, 6.50; June and July, 6.48; July and August, 6.45; August and September, 6.34½; September and October, 6.21; October and November, 6.14½; November and December, 6.11; December and January, 6.10; January and February, 6.09.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, January 18.—Turpentine, quiet; machine barrels, 43.

Rosin—Quiet.

Savannah, January 18.—Turpentine, firm, at 39½; sales, 107; receipts, 321; shipments, 5,001; stock, 30,362.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,690; receipts, 1,924; shipments, 2,596; stocks, 145,500. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, 5.55; F, 5.52½@5.55; G, 5.55@5.57½; H, 5.55@5.60; I, 5.60; J, 5.65; K, 6.75; M, N, 7.15; W G, 7.20; W W, 7.70

THE FINANCIAL MARKET

New York, January 18.—Money on call nominal, no loans. Time loans weak, 60 and 90 days 4 per cent; six months 4 1-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 3-4 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in banker's bills at 4.8350 for sixty day bills and at 4.8735 for demand. Commercial bills 4.82. Bar silver 63. Mexican dollars 49.

The Usual Week-end Situation, Dullness, Ruled on the Board of Trade—Prices Declined Slightly—Quotations

Chicago, January 18.—All board of trade markets were dull and featureless today, the usual week-end situation. Prices declined slightly.

Cash grain—

Wheat red, 1.02 to 1.06; No. 2 hard, 92 to 96; No. 1 Northern, 92 to 92 3-4; No. 2 Northern, 89 to 91 1-2; No. 2 Spring, 88 to 90; velvet chaff, 85 1-2 to 91 1-2; Durum, 86 to 92.

Closing prices—

Wheat—May 93 5-8 to 3-4; July 90 5-8; Sept. 89 1-4.

Corn—May 57 1-4; July 52 1-8; Sept. 53 1-8.

Oats—May 33 1-2; Sept. 33 1-2; July 33 5-8.

Pork—January 18.50; May 18.72 1-2.

Lard—January 9.97 1-2; May 10.10.

Ribs—January 9.92 1-2; May 10.05.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Westhampton (Br.), 1,162 tons, Dew, New York, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Cherokee, 1,966 tons, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Schooners.

Schr. Linah C. Kaminski, 421 tons, Christensen, Maffitt & Wood.

Schr. Belna P. Pendleton, 827 tons, Trim, Maffitt & Wood.

Schr. Edith H. Symington, 881 tons, Thurber, Maffitt & Wood.

Schr. Victor C. Records, 263 tons, Griffth, Maffitt & Wood.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, January 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 38¼.

ROSIN—Steady, $5.00 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.20.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm; $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.00 for dip; $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 47¼; rosin, $6.10; tar, $1.80; crude turpentine, $3.50 for hard; $4.50 for dip; $4.50 for virgin.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine ..... (—)

Rosin ..... (—)

Tar 49

Crude Turpentine 37

Receipts same day last year, 4 casks spirits turpentine; 3 barrels rosin; 7 barrels tar; 20 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal.

Same day last year, 9c.

Receipts, 635; same day last year, 1,464 bales.

Total receipts since Sept. 1st, 301,775 bales.

Total receipts same time last year, 388,283 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 18.)

CORN—Firm; 85 to 90c. per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 90c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 75c.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.10 to $2.50; cow peas, $1.50 per bu.

BEEF—On foot, very dull, 3@4c. per lb.; dressed, no sale.

PORK—9@11c.

WOOL—Burry, 15 to 18c. per lb.; free of burr, 25c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 11c. per lb.; dry, 13@16 2-3c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 19@20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13½@14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY—Chickens, good demand. Grown, 40@50c.; Spring chickens, 18@35c. per head. Turkeys, on foot, dull, 20c.

EGGS—Very dull, 23c.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at Port of Wilmington.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 18.

Atlantic Coast Line—602 bales cotton; 49 barrels tar; 25 barrels crude turpentine.

Alice—12 barrels crude turpentine.

River—33 bales cotton.

Total—635 bales cotton; 49 barrels tar; 37 barrels rosin.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, January 18.

Market—North Carolinas, steady; Spanish and Virginias, stronger.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock: Prime hand-picked, $1.15; machine-picked, $1.12.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.25; machine picked, $1.20.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine picked, 70c.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, January 18.—Wheat—Firm. No. 2, red, 1.09@1.10; No. 1, Northern Duluth, 101¾.

Corn—Easy, 56¾.

Petroleum—Steady.

Hides—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Flour—Dull.

Leather—Firm.

Sugar—Raw, steady; refined, steady.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 13¾; Santos, No. 4, 15¾; mild, quiet; Cordova, 16@18.

Potatoes—Unchanged.

Cabbages—Unchanged.

Peanuts—Unchanged.

Freights—Unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Firmer on covering, prompted by the firmness in lard, small offerings of crude and on improved consumptive demand, closing generally 10 to 9 points higher. Prime crude, 5.00@5.07; do. Summer yellow, 6.23@6.35; January, 6.23; February, 6.10; March, 6.18; April, 6.19; May and June, 6.23; July and August, 6.27; prime Winter yellow, 6.30@7.00; do. Summer white, 6.46@6.75.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, January 18.—The gray cotton goods markets were steadier for the day. Prices will be named on flannelettes for Fall on Monday. Purchases of blankets for Fall has been large. Inquiries for ginghams are increasing. Jobbers report a steady trade of better proportions than a year ago.

When you are tired of experiments and want the satisfaction that comes from experience, let us make your glasses. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. Glasses from $1 up.
(Advertisement.)

10 yards best 10c bleaching for 69c; 10 yards 8c homespun for 65c; 10 yds. 10c. cambric for 79c at Rehder's great clearing sale. (advertisement.)

Although Movement Was Uncertain There Was No Recurrence of the Periods of Acute Weakness of Early Week.

New York, Jan. 18.—Although the movement of stocks was uncertain, the tone of the market was better and there was no recurrence of the periods of acute weakness which depressed prices during the week to the lowest level since the Fall of 1911. The improvement was largely negative and while the market offered better resistance to pressure, it gave no indication of sustained strength.

Prices moved upward after the opening, but the advance was interrupted by a renewal of bear selling. The attack was less successful than similar tactics earlier in the week, and before the close the list advanced briskly. The general movement was narrow. Some of the specialties which have been depressed recently made substantial gains.

Further shifting of loans from out of town banks to local institutions, which was chiefly responsible for the increase of more than $60,000,000 in loans last week, was reflected in today's bank statement. The actual table showed a loan increase of $33,000,000. The cash gain of $15,000,000 was in line with expectations. Although satisfactory gains in business over the corresponding period of last year were reported by the mercantile agencies, it was noted that the coming revision of the tariff was responsible for a feeling of conservatism. Large sales of copper were reported today and it was said that the cut in the price of metal had stimulated the market, at least temporarily. Engagement of a small amount of gold for exportation to South America was without effect upon the money market in its present condition. Shipments to South America in connection with settlement with European obligations are not unusual at this period of the year.

The bond market was quiet and irregular. Total sales, par value, $930,000. United States 3s declined 1-4 and the 4s 1-8c on call on the week. Panama 3s advanced 1-4c. Total sales stocks today 127,500 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	72¾
American Agricultural	51
American Beet Sugar	36¼
American Can	27⅝
American Can, pfd	114
American Car and Foundry	52
American Cotton Oil	52⅝
American Ice Securities	23⅛
American Linseed	10
American Locomotive	38¼
American Smelting and Ref	71⅝
American Smelting and Ref., pfd	105¼
American Sugar Ref	115⅝
American Tel and Tel	133
American Tobacco	280
Anaconda Mining Co	37⅜
Atchison	104⅝
Atchison, pfd	101¼
Atlantic Coast Line	129⅜
Baltimore and Ohio	104½
Bethlehem Steel	38½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	80¾
Canadian Pacific	242¾
Central Leather	27
Chesapeake and Ohio	76
Chicago Great Western	16
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	112
Chicago and North Western	135¼
Colorado Fuel and Iron	32
Consolidated Gas	137
Corn Products	13
Delaware and Hudson	165
Denver and Rio Grande	21⅛
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	36
Distillers' Securities	18½
Erie	30½
Erie, 1st pfd	46⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	37½
General Electric	181⅝
Great Northern, pfd	127
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	38¼
Illinois Central	127⅜
Interborough-Met	17⅝
Interborough-Met., pfd	60⅞
Inter Harvester	107
Inter Marine, pfd	18¼
International Paper	11½
International Pump	15
Kansas City Southern	25¼
Laclede Gas	102½
Lehigh Valley	150½
Louisville and Nashville	139½
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	138
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	27
Missouri Pacific	40½
National Biscuit	118⅞
National Lead	49
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	25¾
New York Central	107
New York, Ont. and Western	31¾
Norfolk and Western	112
North American	80
Northern Pacific	118⅝
Pacific Mail	28
Pennsylvania	122⅛
People's Gas	115
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	100
Pittsburg Coal	22
Pressed Steel Car	32¾
Pullman Palace Car	163
Reading	162¼
Republic Iron and Steel	23⅝
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	82¾
Rock Island Co	22⅝
Rock Island Co., pfd	39⅝
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	20
Seaboard Air Line	18½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	35¾
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	40
Southern Pacific	105
Southern Railway	26¾
Southern Railway, pfd	79
Tennessee Copper	34
Texas and Pacific	21
Union Pacific	157⅜
Union Pacific, pfd	90
United States Realty	73½
United States Rubber	65¾
United States Steel	63
United States Steel, pfd	100½
Utah Copper	55
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	37½
Wabash	3¼
Wabash, pfd	12½
Western Maryland	41¼
Western Union	70¾
Westinghouse Electric	74
Wheeling and Lake Erie	7¼

A. & M. DEFEATS ELON

First Basketball Game of Season at Raleigh Last Night

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 18.—In the first basketball game of the season A. & M. defeated Elon College in the Raleigh auditorium by a score of 25 to 20. The game was rather ragged throughout with no especially brilliant playing, except the playing of Hargrove, Mason and Terry, for A. & M., and the playing of Newman, for Elon. Official referee, Sanborn. Umpire, Harwood. Attendance, 1,000.

MORPHINE Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits cured at Home or at Gentle home. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 24-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

January 19, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 61 degrees; at 8 P. M., 63 degrees; maximum, 71 degrees; minimum, 58 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.34.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 P. M., yesterday, 3.8 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair; slightly colder Sunday; Monday, fair.

Port Calendar—Jan. 19.

Sun rises ..... 7:17 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 5:29 P. M.
Day's length ..... 10 hrs. 12 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	7:10	7:28	1:43	2:45
Southport	4:44	5:00	11:17	11:17
Masonboro Inlet	4:35	4:31	10:48	10:48

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

January 18, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature. Highest today.	Temperature. Lowest last night.	24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	66	38	.61
Asheville	clear	60	48	.38
Atlanta	clear	60	54	.20
Augusta	cloudy	66	56	.0
Birmingham	pt cldy	64	54	.96
Boston	cloudy	56	52	.0
Charleston	cloudy	74	58	.0
Charlotte	clear	10	56	.0
Chicago	cloudy	32	32	.06
Galveston	cloudy	66	62	.04
Jacksonville	pt cldy	78	60	.0
Memphis	clear	58	54	.0
Mobile	cloudy	62	58	.06
Montgomery	cloudy	64	58	.38
New Orleans	cloudy	64	62	1.60
New York	clear	56	50	.24
Oklahoma	clear	58	32	.0
Pittsburg	cloudy	56	58	.10
Raleigh	clear	64	58	.0
Savannah	cloudy	72	60	.0
Shreveport	cloudy	64	56	.0
St. Louis	clear	42	38	.0
Washington	clear	64	54	.04

WONDERS OF ELECTRICITY

Town of Ampere, N. J., Heard Roar of A Niagara

Ampere, N. J., January 18.—The manufacturing town of Ampere, N. J., was disturbed last night by a sound like the roaring of Niagara. The sound was made by a twelve-ton rotor, the revolving field of a generator which was being tested in the works of the Crocker-Wheeler Company at twice its ordinary speed. So titanic are the forces which would have been loosed and so devastating the damage that would have been done if every part of the machine had not been in perfect condition to withstand the terrific strain that the test was conducted under special conditions.

The Crocker-Wheeler Company is always careful of its men and of its neighbors. Therefore, a pit was dug and lined with heavy timbers. The box-like enclosure, thus created, rose a few feet above the ground and was weighted on top with sixty tons of big mill motor castings. A massive concrete base was poured into the bottom, and on top of that a five-ton iron plate was superimposed as a foundation. Earthworks were thrown up against each and of the enclosure to arrest the missle if a pole flew off or the gigantic strain proved too much for the solid frame—to arrest, but not to stop it, since it would have been traveling at about one-third the speed of an old-fashioned cannon ball. It was interesting to note that, in planning a protection against a possible flying pole piece, the electrical engineers had arrived at precisely the same conclusion as military engineers in planning to stop a cannon ball. The earthworks were exactly similar to those thrown up as protection against field artillery.

In service the rotor was intended to revolve at the rate of 300 revolutions per minute. It was tested at the rate of 600. This means that a point on the perimeter was traveling 16,600 feet a minute. If a piece had come off it would have traveled half a mile, and the unbalanced forces would have equalled 150 tons. When the rotor was revolving at full speed the centrifugal force made each pound of the material weigh a ton in potential force. Therefore, the weight of the twelve-ton rotor was increased to 48,000,000 pounds during the time of the test.

Every part of the machine was sound, the noise like that of mighty falling waters gradually decreased as the speed died down, and the great whirring wheel and the town of Ampere went to rest. The test was made with a 200-horsepower motor to drive the rotor. At normal speed a 20-horsepower motor is sufficient. The three rotors tested in this way were parts of 2250 KVA, 60 Cycle, 3 Phase, 220 Volt, alternating current generators for installation on the Pacific coast.

CAN YOU DOUBT IT?

When the Proof Can Be So Easily Investigated

When so many grateful citizens of Wilmington testify to benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills, can you doubt the evidence? The proof is not far away—it is almost at your door. Read what a resident of Wilmington says about Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you demand more convincing testimony?

W. L. Benson, 620 South Second street, Wilmington, N. C., says: "My back ached nearly all the time and I could not straighten after stooping or lifting without having a sharp pain in my loins. Mornings when I got up, I was very lame and sore and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Soon after I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's drug store, I felt better in every way, and it was not long before I was enjoying the best of health. My advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint is to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(Advertisement.)

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

The Master Cure for RHEUMATISM

Muller's Famous Prescription 100384

Has banished more OBSTINATE and apparently hopeless cases of Rheumatism and Gout than all the specialists together.

Equally good for the bedfast, those on crutches, and those tormented at work.

Dr. J. Y. Macrae called it "GOD'S MEDICINE." It stood every test since 1861. Accept no substitute. Insist on Muller's Famous Prescription. At Druggists, 75c. Bottle. Booklet mailed free.

WM. H. MULLER, 352 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

LADIES'

12- to 16-Button Tan

BOOTS

All $3.50 Styles Reduced.

—$2.98—

SEE OUR WINDOW

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT.

FORECLOSURE SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Annie B. Gillican to Furney J. Gooding, dated 28th February, 1906, and recorded at page 168, in Book 47 of the Records in the Office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, N. C., I will at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, 24th February, 1913, sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of said County, all the lot of land described in and conveyed by said mortgage, situate in the City of Wilmington, N. C., and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the Western line of McRae street 135 feet North of the Northwestern intersection of McRae and Mulberry or Grace streets, and running thence Westwardly with William Duguid's line 86 feet and 6 inches, to Everett's line, thence Southwardly and parallel with McRae street, along Everett's line, 40 feet; thence Eastwardly and parallel with Mulberry, or Grace, street 86 feet and 6 inches, to the Western line of McRae street, and thence Northwardly and along the Western line of McRae street 40 feet, to the point of beginning.

The same being a part of the Eastern part of Lot 4, in Block 210, according to the Official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

Dated and posted this 18th day of January, 1913.

IDA H. GOODING,
Assignee of Furney J. Gooding, Mortgagee.
ja19-30t

OCCONEECHEE FARM
Poultry Department

Offers for sale from best Blood Lines

Eggs for Hatching and Day Old Chicks.

Eggs: $1.50 for Setting of 15.
Day Old Chicks: $2.00 for 10.
$17.50 for 100.

White Pekin and Indian Runner Ducklings: $2.50 for 10.
$22.50 for 100.

Duck Eggs for Hatching: 10 for $1.50.

Address:

Occoneechee Farm,
Hillsboro, N. C.

a16-tf

THE ELVINGTON HOTEL

Convenient to the traveling public; good clean rooms and beds; table as good as the market affords.

Give US a trial

FAIR BLUFF, N. C.

ja10-10t

NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE, 120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

Dr. Leland Creese Dr. Lillian Creese
CREESE & CREESE.
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND NERVE SPECIALISTS.
All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty
Consultation Free.
32-33 Carroll BLDG. 'PHONE 908.
RESIDENCE 'PHONE. . . 1981
ss 10-tf

J. B. McCabe, Manager. Local and Long Distance 'Phone 592.
Carolina Audit & Adjustment Company,
Licensed Accountants and Auditors.
Room 405 Southern Bldg.
Wilmington, N. C.
Audits. Accounting Systems.
no3-tf

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE BELL SYSTEM AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO.

Constructive Criticism and Bell Service

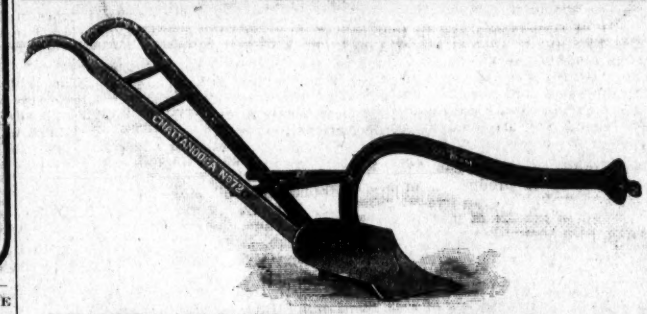
Bell Telephone Service must be, above all else, prompt and accurate. That is the standard we have set, the standard we are bending every energy to maintain.

But service difficulties DO arise; some of them are plain human errors, others due to conditions entirely beyond our control. Our aim is to correct these troubles, and, if possible, to prevent their recurrence.

We welcome honest criticism of our service and methods, particularly if the report be specific and in detail. Then, and then only, can our investigation be complete. We can do nothing with such a complaint as: "The service is bad." There should be a report like this: "Thursday, at 2 P. M., number so-and-so called, etc."

Then we can roll up our sleeves and get right after the trouble—remedy it. That means improvement — progress. We won't be satisfied tomorrow with the service we are giving today.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.



"CHATT-A-NOOGA" Plow if you want to know which Plow the intelligent Farmer selects to suit his soil, as well as his employes, and when you satisfy the one who is to use the Plow, you satisfy your Corn, Cotton, Tobacco, or what ever your crop might be.

Write for our prices, on the numbers below: 43, 62, 63, 70, 77, 71½.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Wholesale Hardware. Wilmington, N. C.

$6.75
COLUMBIA AND RETURN
FIFTH NATIONAL CORN EXPOSITION!
Jan. 27th-Feb. 8th, Inclusive
First Exposition Held in Dixie
THEORY plus PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE equals RESULTS.

Clearly demonstrated through competitive exhibits by corn-raising experts from various States, as well as United States government exhibit.

Thoroughly educational and exceedingly interesting, as well as of vital importance to the South's future farmers.

A corn education in one day—avaluable asset for young and old.

On account of this occasion the ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD offers the above attractive round trip rate.

DATES OF SALE—Jan. 23, 25 and 27th; Feb. 3, 5, 7.

RETURN LIMIT—To reach original starting point not later than Midnight of Feb. 12th, 1913.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, General Pass. Agt.

Children's Shoes

We have the largest assortment we have ever carried.

Tan, Gun Metal, Patents, Canvass and White Nubuck in high and low cuts.

A pleasure to show you. "Save your cash checks." they are worth 5 per cent. to you.

A Free Shine Any Old Time

7 NORTH FRONT STREET
Boylan & Hancock

"The Store Ahead."

SPECIAL PRE-INVENTORY PRICES.

Our stock of Furniture and House Furnishings is very complete, and goods will be sold at Greatly Reduced Prices During the Next Ten Days, in order to reduce stock before inventory.

A Great Opportunity for people just beginning housekeeping. Easy terms to good parties.

THE WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

IMPORTANT BILLS IN LEGISLATURE

(Continued from Page One.)

Secretary of State Cyrus W. Thompson for United States Senator. The two Progressives, or Bull Moose, have not announced their choice. The General Assembly with 150 Democrats will elect F. M. Simmons, present Senator for his third term next Tuesday.

Senate—Tenth Day.

President Pro Tem. Pharr called the Senate to order at 10:30, and prayer was offered by Rev. C. J. Harrell, pastor Epworth M. E. church, Raleigh.

The chair gave notice of the ratification of the bill to amend the act of 1911 relative to salaries of public officers of Gaston.

Bills Introduced.

Council—To amend Sec. 3242, Revisal, so as to prevent multiplicity of indictments.

Gilliam—To promote the manufacture of anti-hog cholera serum.

Hobgood—To amend Sec. 3509, Revisal, by changing the crime therein defined from a felony to a misdemeanor. This refers to the taking of a horse or mule temporarily without consent of owner.

The following bills were passed on third reading:

Senate bill to consolidate the towns of Winston and Salem.

Senate bill to create a highway commission for Forsyth county.

House bill to authorize city of Asheville to issue bonds to fund its floating debt.

Senate bill to validate elections held in Craven and Township No. 1, Craven, for the issue of $25,000 and $10,000 bonds respectively for a farm life school.

Senate bill to amend the charter of the city of Greensboro and to require notice before suit against the city, as amended by committee to make the limitation of notice six months instead of 90 days.

Committee substitute for Senate bill to provide police protection for the village of Dudley Shoals, in Caldwell.

Senate bill to amend Sec. 1180, Revisal, relative to production of stock books and curing certain irregularities in election of officers of private corporations, with committee amendment so as not to apply to any pending litigation. Bill make production of books necessary only on demand.

Senate bill to amend law of 1911 relative to reports of Corporation Commission.

Senate bill for relief of Chas. H. Anderson, Register of Deeds of Wake county.

Senate bill to Amend Sec. 1137, Revisal, so as to permit the use of the word "corporation" in names of corporations.

Committee substitute for Senate bill to authorize the drawing of jurors from counties other than the county of trial. Bill explained by Senator Bryant, of Durham.

Jurors may be summoned from an adjoining county or any county in the same judicial district, and such jurors cannot be challenged for not being free-holders, or having served on jury within two years, or for non-residence. The right to remove a case to another county is not taken away.

Joint resolution from the House to print 2,000 copies of Governor Craig's inaugural address was adopted at once on motion of Mr. Watts.

Another joint resolution from the House was that adopted on immediate readings was for the celebration of the birthday of Gen. R. E. Lee, that when the General Assembly adjourns on Monday it do so in honor of Gen. Lee, and tendering the Hall of the House to the Daughters of the Confederacy.

House bill appointing Alonzo Howard justice of the peace in Ocracoke township, Hyde county, was passed on immediate readings.

The chair announced the addition of Little, of Wake, to the committee on judicial districts.

An invitation was read from the Johnston Pettigrew Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy to attend the Lee birthday memorial exercises in the Hall of the House on Monday night, January 20th, at 8 o'clock.

At 11:40 the Senate adjourned until 12 on Monday.

The House—Tenth Day.

The House convened at 10 o'clock; prayer by Rev. Mr. Taylor, pastor of Jenkins Memorial church.

Bills reported from the Senate and referred to House committees: To provide pay for special veniremen; to provide better pay for commissioners of Davidson county; to change the name of Greensboro Female College to the Greensboro College for Women; to adjust the clerical force in the executive office of the Governor by abolishing the position of stenographer and saving $150 per year; to amend the charters of the Thomasville Baptist Orphanage, Meredith College and Wake Forest College as to boards of trustees; to extend the powers of commissioners of Catawba county; to validate bonds of Lexington township.

The Senate bills as to the clerical force in the office of the Governor, the bills amending the charters of the Baptist Orphanage and Wake Forest and Meredith Colleges and the bill as to the powers of Catawba county commissioners were recalled from reference to committees and passed all readings, being ordered enrolled for ratification.

Only one bill was reported from the enrolling office as ready for ratification. This was relative to officials of Gaston county.

The Committee on Salaries and Fees reported favorably on bills as follows: To require certain reports of county officers as to fees; to regulate pay of jurors in Wake; to increase the pay of commissioners in Chatham; to regulate pay of jurors in Chowan; to regulate pay of jurors in Pamlico; to regulate pay of jurors in Craven; to regulate pay of jurors in Sampson; to fix salaries of officers of Cherokee; to allow Commissioners of Warren $4 per day and mileage.

Resolutions were introduced by Mr. Patton relating to vital statistics and by Mr. Doughton relating to election of United States Senator, the House and Senate to ballot separately in electing Hon. F. M. Simmons to succeed himself Tuesday next and the result to be declared in joint session on Wednesday noon in compliance with the Federal statute.

Bills Introduced.

Perry—To prohibit killing or sale of quail in Pasquotank.

Devin—To authorize bonds by Oxford.

Stewart—To allow prisoners bound over to Superior Court to work on county Roads.

Stewart—To make two years separation ground for divorce and give right to either party to petition court for permission to re-marry one year after the divorce is granted.

Ray—To provide compulsory attendance on public schools between the ages of 8 and 14 years and provide books for children whose parents are unable to provide them.

Ray—To provide relief for sheriffs and tax collectors in the matter of collecting back taxes.

Clarke—To give protection to convicts in North Carolina.

Mauney—To regulate drainage in Gaston and Lincoln counties.

Doughton—To regulate pay of jurors.

Turner—To authorize bonds for streets by Franklinton.

Kellum—Relating to the liability of common carriers to their employes and making the Federal statute as to this the State law.

Faircloth—To require railroad trains to carry individual drinking cups for sale.

Justice—To amend constitution of the State and provide a system of initiative and referendum government.

Turner—To provide additional road bonds for Franklinton.

The bill to allow Kinston to vote on bonds for the State School for Feeble Minded passed second reading.

A petition was read requesting change in pension laws affecting widows of Confederate veterans. Also an invitation for members of the Legislature to attend the ceremonies commemorating Gen. Lee's birthday Monday night in Representative Hall.

Just before the House adjourned to noon Monday, Speaker Connor announced additional standing committees as follows:

On the Regulation of the Liquor Traffic—Miller, Roberts, Gier, of Mecklenburg; Cornwell, Bynum, Stephenson, White, Whitford, Turner, Stevens, Bolich, Buchanan, Carroll, Ferguson.

On Manufactures and Labor—Koonce, Seawell, Majette, Murphy, Miller, Mauney, Turner, Witty, Wooten, Devin, Page, Cofield, Killian, Brawley, McMillan, Ross, Stewart, Williamson, Wilson, Gold, Hodges, Mull, Faircloth.

On Expenditures of the House—Bunn, Britton, Dellinger, Foy, Huchins, Long, Mintz, McPhail, Perry, Bennett, Reavis, Rector, Bumgarner.

On Appropriations—Doughton, Gordon, Grier, of Mecklenburg; Murphy, Majette, Cornwell, Wooten, McNair, McBryde, Martin, of Cumberland; Seawell, Page, Stevens, Wallace, Wike, Wison, Bellamy, Clark, Stephenson, Haymore, Mull, Williams, of Cabarrus.

On Public Roads and Turnpikes—Griffin, Grier, of Mecklenburg; Doughton, Cherry, Murphy, Price, Hall, Mewborne, Turner, Bellamy, Wike, McNair, Killian, Coffield, Noland, Pickard, Haymore, Reavis, Sheek, Carroll.

On Justices of the Peace—Cornwell, Bynum, Carlton, Connally, Dixon, Cromartie, Gibbs, Hatchett, Patton, Clayton, McClure, Reavis.

Buffalo, N. Y., January 11.—Elbert Hubbard, of East Aurora, N. Y., indicted on six counts by the Federal grand jury for sending immoral matter through the mails, pleaded guilty today and was fined $100 on one count. Sentence was suspended during good behavior on the other five counts.

The annual January Clearing Sale starts Monday, January 20, at 9 o'clock at Rehder's. (advertisemnt.)

Visit the greatest sale of the season. Starts Monday at Rehder's. (Advertisement.)

SAY FISHER AIDED STANDARD OIL CO.

(Continued from Page One.)

tion, he said, "we received congratulations instead of petitions."

T. F. Leahy, of the Osage tribe, corroborated that portion of Mr. Wilson's testimony relating to the giving of leases to the Uncle Sam company by the Osage Tribal Council.

Members of that Council, whom he represented, were removed from office by the Secretary of the Interior and a new election has been called. Mr. Leahy asserted that the secretary's opposition to the Uncle Sam leases was the cause of his "unauthorized and summary removal" of these chiefs.

The committee adjourned until Monday, when representatives of the Interior Department will be heard.

The Uncle Sam company is asking Congress to pass a bill directing the Secretary of the Interior to approve the disputed leases.

THE FARTHING CASE

Judge Connor Dismisses Petition of Creditors—Bryan to Speak

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 18.—Judge Connor, in the Federal Court today, dismissed the petition of certain dissatisfied creditors for C. G. Farthing, of Durham, to be declared a bankrupt instead of allowing the present trusteeship for the benefit of creditors to continue, R. H. Sykes and W. S Clements being trustees.

The J. E. Sheppard indorsements for the negro school at Durham were shown to amount to $93,000. The whole indebtedness is $293,000, petitioning creditors for bankruptcy represent $5,500 and assets are put at $335,000. Judge Connor declared the petition for bankruptcy is clearly defective as it should be clear that preponderance of interest of unsecured creditors would be promoted by bankruptcy. Judge Connor declared that it is difficult to fathom the purpose of the petitioners in seeking to put Farthing in bankruptcy. The reason suggested that one of the petitioners, wealthy himself, would be willing to buy the property if thrown on the market at a sacrifice was amazing, but it seemed that such purpose might lurk in the mind of a person whose conduct is so inconsistent with that which the conceded conditions would suggest.

It is announced that Hon. William Jennings Bryan will be in Raleigh March 2nd to deliver an address in connection with the North Carolina Peace Conference to be in session at that time. He will speak in the auditorium.

Representative E. J. Justice, of Greensboro, has gone to New York on matters connected with the suit of N. Gleenn Williams against Collector Brown. He will take the deposition of Commissioner Cabell, acting as attorney for Williams, who alleges that the order of Commissioner Cabell to have the liquor in the Williams warehouse shipped to Louisville, Ky., was arbitrary and fraudulent.

BUSINESS LOCALS

FOURTEEN ACRE truck farm on improved road, 11-2 miles from the city. Good house and other buildings; $3,500.00 will buy it, and we can arrange good loan. Wilder & Metts, Agents. ja19-1t

FOR RENT—The practically new modern 7-room house, 921 North Fifth street; rent very reasonable. Possession given February 1st. A. D. Wessell; 'Phone 650. ja19-1t*

FOR RENT—A very comfortable room, with three windows, southern exposure, bath, with hot and cold water; electric lights and use of 'phone; 209 South Second street; 'Phone 1776. ja19-1t

FURNISHED ROOM for rent. Bath few feet away. Modern conveniences. Address Private, Box 122, City. ja19-3t

BEACH LOTS — Splendidly located; buy now, before Summer prices go too high; have several desirable. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore.

SAVE MONEY—Make money, be independent. How? Take stock fourth series, Carolina Building and Loan Association, February 1st. See E. T. Taylor, president; L. W. Moore, secretary; 123 Princess street. ja19-1t

IT PAYS to be systematic. The building and loan habit provides for the home or investment. Carolina Building and Loan Association opens fourth series Saturday, February 1st. Subscribe for stock now. Office secretary, 123 Princess street. L. W. Moore, Secretary. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Pure bred Rhode Island Red cockerels and laying pullets. Eggs for hatching from pen bred by second prize cock at Raleigh Fair. Frying chickens and Plymouth Rock squabs. M. S. Emmart, Oak View Poultry Farm, Market street Extension. 'Phone 739-1. ja19-1t*

FOR SALE—A 22x5 speed boat. Will make 12 and 14 miles per hour. If taken at once will sacrifice very cheap. Am leaving city. If interested, call at the Fidelity Investment & Development Co. ja19-1t

NOTICE—All members of the Headers' Association are requested to meet on Wednesday night, 7:30 sharp, at Eastern Star Hall. By order of their president, Norman Lindsey; Sec'y Pro Tem, L. L. Sheridan. ja19-1t*

WANTED — Position—Band saw filer wishes position. Ten years' experience. Sober and can furnish good references. Consider local or otherwise. "G. P. W." care Star. ja19-1t*

EGGS, 25c dozen; just from the country. They are fresh and fine. We guarantee our eggs every one to be good; delivered anywhere in city at 25c dozen. 'Phone 1938. ja19-1t

FOR RENT—Desirable room, all modern conveniences, to gentlemen only. Apply at 223 South Second street, Mrs. Herring. ja19-1t*

FARM LAND for rent. 100 acres cleared land at Newberlin station, adjoining R. R. For terms, apply to W. P. Applewhite, Box 185. ja19-6t*

WANTED—Several boys to carry newspaper routes. Only boys who will rise early and stay on the job are wanted. Ages between 12 and 16. Apply at Star office, between 5:30 and 6:30 P. M., Monday. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Five milk cows, just come fresh, will give from 10 to 20 quarts per day. Bred up to high feed. Come and see them. J. H. Corbett, Currie, N. C. ja19-1t*

NEW HANOVER Boarding House, Mrs. D. H. Murphy, Proprietress, corner Third and Market streets. Regular and transient board. Rates, reasonable. 'Phone 819-W. Wilmington, N. C. ja19-1t*

WE HAVE three small houses in good renting section for sale at a figure that will enable purchaser to derive 15 per cent. on his investment. Small amount of cash necessary. Wilder & Metts. ja19-1t

LOST—Fox terrier, female; black and white; answers to name "Max." Return to 105 Ann street, for reward. ja19-1t

TWO SPLENDID building lots on Princess street, between 15th and 16th streets, can be had at bargain figures. Also the southwest corner of 16th and Grace. Ask Wilder & Metts. ja19-1t

FOR $2,000.00 we can sell you five houses on South Ninth street that will pay 12 per cent. A good loan can be arranged on this property. Wilder & Metts, Agents. ja19-1t

FOR RENT—Flat of 9 large rooms with all modern conveniences, in down town district. Windows and doors screened. A. W. Pate Co. ja19-1t

VALUABLE Castle street property for sale. Two stores with two apartments overhead, on a lot 55x198 feet, between Sixth and Seventh streets; will pay 12 per cent. and with expenditures of a few dollars will rent for a good deal more than at present, besides Castle street has as great a future as any street in the city. Wilder & Metts, Agents. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Household furniture, new and up-to-date. Will sacrifice. Parties leaving Wilmington. Inquire 311 S. Fifth street. ja19-3t*

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished bed rooms for rent, either double or single beds. All conveniences and very best location. 'Phone 744-W. ja19-1t*

FOR SALE—Corner lot, 70x165, at Carolina Heights. Shade trees, sewerage, water, and pavements laid. For terms, see M. C. Darby & Co., Sole Agents. ja19-3t

FOR SALE—That splendid residence, 117 Nun street, eight rooms, thoroughly modern; lot 45x66 feet; can be had at its real value. No better location for home; immediate possession. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. ja19-1t

FOR RENT—New home, 811 Dock street, eight rooms, modern, $3,500; 117 Nun street; partly furnished; immediate possession. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Northeast corner Thirteenth and Orange street, 132x150, rapidly improving section; can make eight lots; good buy. See L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. ja19-1t

$1,500 BUYS a large lot on Seventeenth street; will surely increase in value; good home location. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. ja19-1t

CAROLINA PLACE LOTS, southeast corner 19th and Perry, 66x113; splendid investment or location for home. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, 123 Princess street. ja19-1t

FOR SPRING BUILDING—Have desirable suburban lots at Garden City, Audubond, Winter Park. It will pay to see Moore's Real Estate Agency. We have them not to keep. Telephone 332. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Two adjoining lots, Carolina Place. Turnpike and Perry avenue; price interesting for quick buy. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore. ja19-1t

WE HAVE an investment that will yield over 15 per cent. gross. Small amount of cash required. James & James, Insurance and Real Estate; 'Phone 163. jy19-1t

YOU CAN UUY eighteen lots and a dwelling at Carolina Place, for less than $2,500. A good chance to double your money. Lots have waterworks and granolithic sidewalks. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja19-1t

ON THE SOUTHWEST corner of 16th and Chestnut, we can offer a desirable building lot, 66x150, at a very reasonable price. Terms can be arranged. James & James. 'Phone 163. ja19-1t

REAL ESTATE in Wilmington is fast increasing in value. At present, we have for sale a cottage home on Church street, between 3rd and 5th streets, which will increase 20 per cent. before July. Only $500 in cash needed to own same. A farm, containing 780 acres, near the city, can be bought at a figure; $5,000 less than actual value. A splendid investment for the man interested in New Hanover county land. Four tenant, and two six-room dwellings on property. D. R. Foster & Co., Agents. ja19-1t

ONE OF THE FINEST lots on Market street, with large and comfortable home on same. Frontage of over fifty feet, and one hundred and sixty-five feet deep. About the last chance for one to secure a home in this section of the city. D. R. Foster & Co., Sole Agents. ja19-1t

YOU WILL AGREE it is a hard matter to get down town real estate that pays well as an investment. We have for sale, in the vicinity of Front and Princess streets, an elegant piece of property, yielding an income of 8 per cent. on the price we are asking. Let us tell you about this proposition. D. R. Foster & Co. ja19-1t

LESS THAN THREE thousand dollars will buy a two-story house, in the vicinity of Eighth and Grace streets. It has all conveniences and should appeal to any one desiring a home at a modest price. Let us show you this Monday. D. R. Foster & Co. ja19-1t

FOR RENT — Two modern houses in splendid location. Large lots and convenient to car line. D. R. Foster & Co. ja19-1t

SECOND FLOOR for rent, with all modern conveniences; 120 N. Seventh. ja19-1t*

HAVING RECENTLY BOUGHT out the entire business of the Cash Wood Co., and the M. H. Croom wood yard, we are in better position to serve the public than ever before, with any kind cut wood and coal. Acme Wood and Coal Co., foot Chestnut street. J. C. McKoy, Mgr. 'Phone 1867 and 431. ja19-1t*

ATTENTION ODD FELLOWS — Campbell Encampment, No. 1, I. O. O. F., meets tomorrow night. "Installation officers" and other important business. All members are requested to be present. John E. Wood, Scribe. ja19-1t*

WANTED—Young lady stenographer and book-keeper. Only small amount of experience required. Address Box 65, City. ja19-1t

THE SOUTHEAST corner of Fourth and Wright can be bought at a bargain. Size 82x82. Store and dwelling on premises. Property in this section enhancing in value daily. King & Seigler, 204 Princess street. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—6 extra high-class Berkshire pigs, 4 mo. old. Pure breeds, $15 each; $25 per pair. E. L. Hinton, Seaside Farm. ja19-1t*

FOR INVESTMENT, Castle street property is second to none. It is the coming business street of the Southern end of town. For a little less than $6,000 we can sell you a piece of property on this street renting for $57.00 per month. See King & Seigler. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—Interest in an undivided estate. Chance for right party with the cash to make some money. Reason for selling, need the money. Address "Interested," care Star. ja19-1t*

SMALL FARM for rent. No better land in New Hanover county. High state of cultivation. Apply to "W. W." care Star. ja19-1t

ONE-HALF MILE from town on the Market street road we have a beautiful building lot. To a quick purchaser this goes at a bargain. King & Seigler, 204 Princess street, or 'phone 422. ja19-1t

AMBITIOUS SALESMEN, neat appearance, call on merchants in their territory; elegant sideline, convenient to carry; good commissions; prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O. ja19-1t*

FOR RENT, FURNISHED — Desirable house, 316 South Front street. Can be occupied at once. Apply at residence, or 'phone 1308. ja19-2t*

WANTED—Board and room in private family, by young married couple, no children. Address "T. D.," care Star. ja19-1t*

SIDELINE traveling salesmen make $50 to $75 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. ja19-1t*

FOR SALE—Valuable piece of property located Second and Chestnut streets. This is an excellent location for hotel site. Apply Mrs. C. D. Foard, 15 N. Fifth street. ja19-1t*

COLD WEATHER is coming. Our large assortment self-feeders will go at cost. Best make to select from. Now is your opportunity to secure a first-class stove at cost. Chas. D. Foard, 29 South Front street. ja19-6t*

FOR SALE — Five acres land, 6-room house and stables; Market street road; 10 minutes' walk from Market and Seventeenth streets. Geo. H. Ward, 808 N. Fifth street; 'phone 1503-J. ja19-1t*

SALESMEN WANTED, for country towns, $25 weekly salary and $5 per day allowed for expenses when traveling. Western Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. ja19-1t*

SALESMEN to call on grocers, confectioners, general stores; $100 monthly and expenses; yearly contract. Manager, 17 S. Main st., St. Louis, Mo. ja18-1t*

SALESMEN — Do you want $10 a day side or main line retail and punch board deals? Ten propositions. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. ja19-1t*

SALESMAN for general trade. Staple line; $25 weekly advance on commission. Experience unnecessary; simply all-around hustler with clean record. D. W Barrows, Station A, Detroit. ja19-1t*

RELIABLE, energetic man to take orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or commission. Side line or exclusively. Doan Oil & Paint Co., Cleveland, O. ja19-1t*

WANTED—Man to travel in North Carolina, for 1913. Groceries, candies, jewelry. Good pay and tailored suit or 20-year-watch free in 90 days. Experience unnecessary. J. E. McBrady, Chicago. ja19-1t*

WANTED—Ambitious young men to become traveling salesmen and earn while they learn. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. ja19-1t*

WANTED—The public to know that I am in the plumbing business, and can be found at Meier's marble yard, 310 North Front street. All orders will be appreciated. Give me a trial. Repair work a specialty; estimates furnished; prices reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. J. C. McCartney. 'Phone 1617-J. ja19-1t*

$750.00 CASH, balance on easy terms, buys a nice two-story house in good locality. See James & James, Insurance and Real Estate, Orton Hotel; 'Phone 163. ja19-1t

FOR RENT—Desirable room connecting with bath; 205 South Second street. ja19-1t

FOR SALE—House and building lot on west side of Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Lot is 66 feet front and 115 feet deep. Can be bought for $1,600.00. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja19-1t

GARDEN CITY LOT for sale at a bargain. James & James. 'Phone 163. ja19-1t

WANTED—3, 4 or 5 room house in good condition, desirably located; city or suburban. Price must be reasonable. Terms, cash. "House," care Star. ja19-1t*

WHOLE BLOCK for sale, located between Thirteenth and Fourteenth and Marstellar and Kidder. Price, reasonable. For terms, see James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja19-1t

COKE FOR SALE—Delivered in ¼ ton, ½ ton and 1 ton quantities, at $7.00 per ton; also sold at the Gas Works in smaller quantities for 35c. per hundred pounds. Tide Water Power Company. ja17-3t

ORPHINGTONS — Kellerstrass, Crystal White Orphingtons. Good show and utility stock. Fine, big, strong early cockerels, ready now. Right for this year's breeders, $3 up to $10. Also some choice pullets. R. Gardner, Dunn, N. C. ja16-6t*

FANCY DRESSED CHICKENS, turkeys, and geese. Very best of season. Extra choice beef, veal, lamb and pork. Snap beans, tomatoes, lettuce and celery. See our line today. We have very best variety in city. Try our all pork sausage. Country eggs fresh in. 'Phone 72. Palace Market. ja16-tf

DYNAMITE! Drain your land, break your hardpan, blast your stumps, make your ditches, and plant your orchard with dynamite. Cheap and quick. Address Carolina Blasting Co., Postoffice Box 563, Wilmington, N. C. ja15-6t*

FOR SALE — Everything good to eat. Quail, turkey, New River and Norfolk oysters, all styles; club sandwiches a specialty. We have the cleanest place in town. Come in. The Everglade. Tom and Frank Shepard. no24-tf

WHEN IN NEED of money, see Uncle Charles, 16 South Front street. All business strictly confidential. ja11-tf

A NICE LINE of fashionable piece goods in suitings and fancy trouserings. All the latest styles; everything guaranteed, by Leger Meyer, The Practical Tailor, Princess Bldg.; second floor. de1-su-tf

WANTED—Reliable party with $750.00 to take half interest in fine paying business. Can double money in first six months. Exceptional opportunity. Address Box 379, Wilmington, N. C. ja1,su,w-6t

GOOD FARM, 296 acres, 90 cleared, 8-room house, outbuildings; ¼ mile Currie, N. C. Church and school 1-2 mile; place at a bargain; 1-3 cash, balance one and two years' time. Apply to W. H. Lewis, Atkinson, N. C. ja1-jaw4t*

A CONGENIAL COUPLE without children, may secure room and board at 205 Church street; 'Phone 1718. ja15,19-2t

MEN AND WOMEN wanted for government parcels post positions. $90.00 month; rapid advancement; annual vacations; short hours; no layoffs; common education sufficient. Over 12,000 appointments coming. Influence unnecessary. Write immediately for list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. 204-A, Rochester, N. Y. ja12-su5t*

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS wanted; $90 month; thousands of parcels post appointments coming. Pull unnecessary. Wilmington examination soon. Candidates coached free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 272-A. Rochester, N. Y. ja12-su4t*

WANTED—Young man as assistant in office. American Naval Stores Company. ja18-tf

FOR RENT—One very desirable office in Grand Theatre building, including water, heat, light and janitor service. Apply J. M. Solky & Co. ja12-tf

FOR RENT—Store, corner Seventh and Market streets. An old established stand. One of the best in city. Apply to Eduard Ahrens, care Ahrens Bros. se6-tf

ANNOUNCEMENT! — The Rural Building & Loan Association will open the twenty-second series on Saturday, February 1st, 1913. Books are open for subscribers now. The most systematic way to save money or to own your own home. Call and talk it over with the Secretary. R. C. DeRosset, President; James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer; No. 118 Princess street. ja5-tf

FOR SALE—A few fine mules and horses. They are as good as Missouri grows. James J. Darby, 10 Dock street. ja9-12t

YOU WANT the top market for your eggs, poultry, pork, beef or anything you have. Ship to R. B. Moore & Co., wholesale produce, commission merchants, 117 N. Water. oc27-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain. Five-passenger E. M. F. 30 touring car, in good condition and fully equipped. Will sell or exchange for real estate. Address "Bargain," care Star. de5-tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE—Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all cars. Electric lights and hot water. Steam heat. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $2.50 per day. Rates to regular and table boarders. de8-1mo

MORE WOOD—My slab wood is getting very short, now, but "Oh You" oak, ash and pine. Call the same old 'phone, 431, and we will get a wiggle on to deliver your wood. M. H. Croom, Southwest corner Water and Chestnut. de1-tf

The Value of a Watch

Depends upon the time it keeps.

How Valuable is Yours?

If it does not keep good time, bring it here. We will make it of **value to you.**

A. O. Schuster

JEWELER,

104 No. Front St.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia **SALVE**

ST. JOHN'S LODGE No. 1 A. F. & A. M.

Emergent communication tomorrow — Monday — evening at 8 o'clock, sharp, for the purpose of conferring the sublime degree of MASTER MASON. Every member in the city is urgently requested to be present, and all visiting brothers are cordially invited to meet wth us.

By order of the Master.

A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary.

ja19-1t

The Point Is--- Save Something

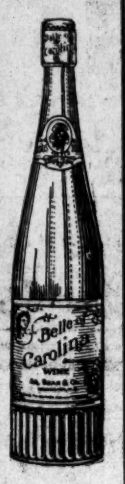
Saving is not stinginess. Self-interest demands that you save a part of your earnings for future needs.

Why not open a Savings Account with us today? You may begin with as little as one dollar deposit, if you can't spare more.

The rapid growth of a small weekly saving is remarkable. We pay 4 per cent interest on Savings Accounts.

The American National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.



It's Bear's and It's Delicious

Made by perfect process from the choicest fruit of the vine.

SHERRY, PORT, CATAWBA, CLARET AND OTHER WINES.

SOL BEAR & CO.

Phone 994. Wilmington, N. C.

Cor. Front and Marstellar Streets.

SEMI-ANNUAL Clearance Sale!

AT J. W. H. FUCHS' DEPARTMENT STORE

Will Start Thursday, January 23rd, at 9 A. M., and continue for Ten Days.

Watch for our Large Circular, with Special Bargains and Complete Prices.

J. W. H. FUCHS

DEPARTMENT STORE,

28 to 30 S. Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

1913 Lies Before You!

A Savings Account with this institution will bring results, if you persistently deposit a part of your earnings each pay day.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

CHAS. N. EVANS, President. MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.

Spring Wheat FLOUR

462 bbls. Spring Wht. Flour
892 bags Spring Wht. Flour
372 bags Winter Wht. Flour
489 bags Winter Wht. Flour
174 bbls. Large Mullets.
119 bbls. Small Mullets.
169 doz. Dodson's Liver Tone.
74 cases Georgia Syrup.
27 half bbls. Syrup.
20 bbls. Georgia Syrup.

We have several hundred bags Maine grown Seed Potatoes for early February delivery. Send your order.

W. B. Cooper Co.

Wholesale Grocers,

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Beginning Monday, Dec. 30th, steamer Lisbon will only make one trip up Cape Fear river, and one up Black river each week.

Schedule to be as Follows:

Freight for Cape Fear river as far as Tarheel will be received on Monday and boat will leave Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, returning to the city Thursday P. M.

Freight for Black river, as far as boat can go on account of water, will be received Friday morning and boat will leave at noon, returning to the city Monday, P. M.

All passengers and freight will have careful and prompt attention. J. W. BROOKS, Agent.

—W. H. JAMES—
Contractor and Builder
All Carpenter Work Done Satisfactorily.
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WILMINGTON, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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CAROLINA'S GOVERNOR; SKETCH OF HIS CAREER

Inauguration of Locke Craig, Culmination of the Dream of Mountain Men — An Intimate Review of Life of Old North State's New Chief Executive.

(By T. W. Chambliss.)

The coming to the capital of the Old North State as its chief executive of Locke Craig, the "idol of the West" marks the culmination of the dream of the "mountain men" who four years ago went en-masse to Charlotte to use their influence toward the selection of their leader as the standard bearer of the banner of Democracy. In that memorable convention the mountain men failed to achieve, but they were men of simple faith and they believed that after awhile the people of the State would come to realize the bigness of the "orator of the Blue Ridge."

Four years passed quickly and Tar Heel Democracy recognizing worth and ability gave the leadership of the State ticket to Locke Craig. The campaign was on and from the mountains to the sea, the champion traveled and wherever he went, the people gathered in hosts to listen and to see. Ovation after ovation was tendered the man, who small of body but big of mind; short in stature but long in heart; has made for himself a place of honor in the State of his birth and life.

Unassuming in manner; gentle as a woman in disposition; clean and true in record; kind and helpful through the years; Locke Craig has reached the heart of the North Carolinians and they delight to honor him. Honest in his dealings, courageous in conviction, broad-minded and public spirited, the men of the West have good reason for their confidence in and love for Locke Craig.

Last Summer I spent considerable time among the folk of the West. I passed the time of day with many of them and I always asked them of Craig. Universally did I find them his ardent admirers. I wondered at first, for it was different from the ordinary opinion of men as expressed concerning a candidate for election to an office. Those mountain men seemed to speak of Locke Craig as a personal friend, a member of the family, a blood relation. They spoke of him as a loved individual and they seemed ready to resent any inference of his unworthiness or the suggestion of the possibility of his defeat.

Studying these mountain men I learned that they are admirers of the virile nature. They are courageous fellows and they have a way of getting close to a courageous nature. Someone has said that no man who has "drunk of the milk of the white doe" can lead the men of the mountains. It is true. It is also said and truthfully, that "courage is a quality which all men delight to honor." The world never makes a hero of a coward, but on the contrary hisses him from the scene of action. The energy which arouses the majority of lives is courage. Men will follow a brave leader even through blood and darkness and death and hell. Locke Craig possesses the courage of conviction in a large degree and the men of the mountains, quick to understand human nature, realized it from the very beginning of the career of the young man who went to the West to begin life's battle. With deep-seated courage coupled with clear and honest perception of duty, Locke Craig has achieved the confidence which in turn gave him that remarkable leadership demonstrated in his public service.

In a modest home in Bertie county, in the early days of the struggle between the North and the South, Locke Craig was born. It was in 1860 and the boyhood days were spent on the farm. The dark days of the bitter struggle came and following them the darker days of reconstruction. The father, Rev. Andrew Craig, a Baptist minister, and an honor graduate of the State University, was a man of power. Eloquent in speech, large hearted and amiable, he lived a life of spotless character. He was loved and idolized by his neighbors and not impatient of earthly glory he lived contentedly in his country home, happy in the companionship of his family, and glorying in the opportunities of doing good unto his fellow men and serving his Master. He was a man of large mind, thoroughly master of the ancient and modern classics, with a literary taste, and gathered an excellent library and in his books he had delight.

The call of the future came to him and he passed on leaving the wife and two boys with a small estate.

Mrs. Craig, the mother of Locke Craig, was Miss Rebecca Gilliam, and her father, Wiley J. Gilliam, was a man of considerable influence in his section. Her mother, Miss Bond, was of a highly honored family with branches in Tennessee and Virginia. By both blood and marriage Mrs. Andrew Craig was connected with the strongest and most influential families.

The Craigs descended from a Scotch ancestor—William Craig, who came to this country in 1749, and settled in Orange county. William Craig had three sons: John, David and James, and these were ardent Whigs and were soldiers in the Revolution. John was the grandfather of Andrew Craig and the great-grandfather of the present Governor—Locke Craig.

Blood tells in the race of life and Locke Craig comes from the union of two families of sturdy folk. Both families were noted for their honest convictions, their personal courage, their kindly nature, their hospitality and gentleness. They were good livers, land owners and slave holders. They were religious people, zealous and consecrated. They numbered their friends by the score and were unacquainted with personal enemies. The characteristics of his mark the life of Locke Craig.

With the passing of Rev. Andrew Craig, the mother began the work of building the characters and fitting the lives of the two boys left to her care. It was a great task and with the heroic spirit of the time, Mrs. Craig bent to her task. She seemed to have smiled at the task and with the clearness of vision and the boldness and fortitude of her character she took up the work and carried it successfully through.

Until he was 14 years of age Locke Craig was prepared for the work of life in the schools of Bertie county. His mother then sent him to Henderson, to the school of the Horners. Later this institution was moved to Oxford and Locke Craig went with it. When he was 15 years old Locke Craig entered the State University at Chapel Hill, the same institution from which his father had graduated with the highest honors in the beginning of his life work. Here Locke was the youngest pupil in the institution, but while the years had been few the mind had been trained and before the boy had reached his 20th birthday he received his diploma from the State University and with the honors of the class—the youngest graduate of the institution.

Just one backward vision—that is certainly a pretty picture. The widowed mother selling her little property in Bertie county and taking her two boys to Chapel Hill and there making a new home that she may give them the advantages of an education and fit them for the larger usefulness in life. The best advantages in education are to be theirs and even at the sacrifice of the happiness of the mother. But mothers are continually doing just that. It is the true mother spirit—the true mother love.

Finishing his work in the State University in 1880, Locke Craig was appointed assistant professor of chemistry and held this position one year. He was urged to remain, but the remuneration was insufficient and the young man taught in the Chapel Hill private school the next session. Here, too, he was a success, but the Call of the West came to him. His friends again urged him to remain in Chapel Hill for that strong, earnest personality which in later life marked him as a leader of men appealed to those with whom he worked.

In the year 1883 Locke Craig located in Asheville. Little more than a village was the mountain metropolis in those days. The young lawyer found that clients were less plentiful than attorneys and expenses must be met. Teaching appealed to him and for a while Locke Craig taught in the school being conducted at that time by Dr. Poole. Then the lumber business offered an opportunity and it was in 1891 when Locke Craig began the practice of law in Asheville in very earnest. From the first the people turned to him. Here was the opportunity of judging the value of character plus preparation and the result was success and it is ever so.

The opportunity and the man came together and the man conquered the opportunity. Locke Craig became a potential factor in the material and the political life of the growing Western Carolina city. Asheville was then in the Ninth Congressional district and in 1892 Locke Craig was the Democratic elector from the district and manfully did he throw himself into the battle lines. Four years later he was named elector at large. In this campaign the first real opportunity of his life came to the young orator. He was 36 years old. He was earnest and virile. He was filled with courage and firmly convinced. His campaign for William Jennings Bryan during that year established his reputation as the "Orotor of the Blue Rridge" and from the mountains to the sea he carried the banner of Democracy. The Republicans were in control in Buncombe county, but when the Democrats nominated Locke Craig as their candidate for legislative honors, he was elected with a majority of 100 and this in the face of a normal Republican majority of 600. It was the test of the popularity of the man in his home county.

The General Assembly of 1899 is recognized as one of the remarkable gatherings in the history of the State. Men of maked ability were gathered together from every section of the State. The stronger men, the men of big mind and stalwart brain and among them Locke Craig took his place with the foremost. He made good in goodly company. He demonstrated his ability in leadership.

The campaign of 1900 came on and with the splendid leader, Charles Brantly Aycock the campaign was opened at Laurinburg. Those two master men were together in the opening day. Later Summer I was at Laurinburg when Locke Craig opened the campaign. The gathered throng talked of the other opening—in 1900. They remembered the masterful manner of the "Man of the West" and they loved him. They cheered him in 1900 and they cheered him still more heartily in 1912. His leadership in 1900 won them and they rejoiced that he was the chosen leader in 1912. They remembered his materful work for White Supremacy and they loved him more. He had grown stronger in the 12 years and the men of Scotland noted it and spoke of it.

During the years since Locke Craig located in Asheville and began the practice of law his work has been markedly successful and his practice has grown steadily. Several years ago a partnership was formed with J. H. Martin and G. A. Thomason and the firm of Craig, Martin & Thomason enjoys the confidence of the people of the "Land of the Sky" and they are a busy firm. In a number of instances the firm has represented clients in very important cases and they have been able to win several times when success appeared doubtful.

In addition to his law practice Locke Craig is a farmer. Out a few miles from Asheville in the valley, he has a delightful farm property and nothing gives him more pleasure than to tell his friends of the doings on the farm. He has succeeded in making good crops and especially of corn and hogs. Recently he disposed of his Asheville home and it is announced that he will build a home on the farm and when his term of office has expired that with his wife and boys he will go back to the beautiful valley of the Swannanoa and make his home. This decision was the source of much delight to the people of the west for they do not wish to lose permanently from their section the present Governor—they have simply loaned him to the State for four years.

On one of my trips to Asheville, I went to find the office of Mr. Craig. It is not located in the most attractive office building. In keeping with the modesty of the man is his law office. The building stands on the corner of one of the principal streets of the charming "Capitol of the Land of the Sky". The entrance is a narrow hallway and the offices of Craig, Martin & Thomason are on the top floor, in the corner of the building. Here I found an old-fashioned elevator, just about big enough for three passengers. An old timey negro, stands at attention and as I entered the elevator, I asked him if I could go to Mr. Craig's office. With dignity, he calmly reminded me of the presence of the Governor. He said,

"The Guv'ner is not in jest now, Sir, but he'll be in directly".

I waited a bit and returned and the old man remembered and smiled and said, "The Guv'ner is in his office, Sir." Later I had a little conversation with the negro. I suggested that Mr. Craig was a good man. The face brightened. The man smiled and smiled big.

"The Guv'nah is the best and the biggest man in the worl'."

In the office I was struck with the simplicity. There was no red tape. I was welcome. So was every other man who called and they were continually calling. It was during the campaign and Mr. Craig was busy but always ready to welcome every man. They called him "Governor" and they called him "Locke". He knew them all. They knew him.

Later I went to a barbecue and pic-

(Continued on Page 13.)

NEW YORK'S SMALLEST LOT

Area of Less Than Two Feet—Mentally Defective Aliens—Closing Of Sugar Trust Factories—City for Babies

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, January 18.—As a result of the tabulation of the city's most unusual pieces of property, what is probably the most freakish bit of real estate in the world has just been discovered here in the shape of a corner plot in the lower part of the city where corners are generally sold at hundreds of thousands, if not millions of dollars.

The corner in question, however, is valued at only fifty dollars. The low valuation is partly explained by its size, or rather lack of size, since it is believed to be the smallest corner lot in the world, and on this to a great extent depends its claim to freakishness. A derby hat would almost cover the property in question which is so small that a baby could not stand on it without encroaching on city property. It would be impossible to erect any sort of a structure upon it, and yet it is a corner and is taxed by the city as such. According to the records of the Tax Department this tiny property has a frontage on one street of one foot and four inches; on the other of one foot two inches and a rear line of just one foot. The mite of land which is within half a mile of the center of the world's greatest financial district, is what was left as the result of street extensions put through by the city. A search of the records of the Tax Department has revealed the fact that not far from this corner is another which is probably the second smallest and cheapest in the city. This chip of land, which is about twice the size of the title holder, is hardly noticeable to the passerby, but it is valued for tax purposes at $100 and has the distinction of being the only corner at that price in the city. Directly across from this corner is another on which is located what is probably the smallest building in the city, built on a lot 11 by 14 feet, and capable of holding only two persons. The smallest house in the city, as revealed by recent re-

(Continued on Page 13.)

The C. W. Polvogt Company

The Store That's Always Busy.

The Greatest Muslin Sale Held in Years BEGINS THIS WEEK!

And Lasts Only For a Limited Time

AN ADVERTISEMENT PACKED FULL OF ECONOMY FACTS

EVERY PRICE POINTING THE WAY TO SHARP AND CERTAIN SAVING FOR YOU!

January has been productive of wonderful value surprises at this always-saving store, yet nothing previously placed before you will equal the splendid FEAST OF ECONOMY to be ready here Monday morning. Linens are high, every retailer echoes that complaint, yet here are the Finest Qualities Offered for less than old-time prices.

"Garments cannot be sold for anything like last year's figures," says the high-profit store keeper, and yet here are Suits and Coats that shame the very best of last season's specials.

And so it goes through every advertised offering in this store; our keen and careful wholesale buying, our low selling expenses and our disregard of anything except the merest shadow of a legitimate profit has produced hundreds of SEASONABLE SPECIALS NO THRIFTY WOMAN CAN AFFORD TO NEGLECT, specials that no local competition can come anywhere near duplicating.

Muslin Underwear.

On Sale This Week is Worthy of More Than the Usual Amount of Attention.

Ladies' Gowns.

High and low necks, long and short sleeves, lace and embroidery trimmed, at 44c, 89c, 98c, $1.19, $1.39, $1.69

Ladies' Skirts.

Made of fine lawn, nainsook and cambric, tucked flounces 45c, 69c, 89c, 98c, $1.19, $1.39, $1.69

Drawers.

Excellent values are offered you; these garments are made of cambric, nainsook and lawn, trimmed with embroidery and tucked ruffles, at .....

19c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c to $1 25

Corset Covers.

Trimmed with lace, ribbon and hand-embroidery. Prices 25c, 44c, 69c, 98c, $1.19

Fine Linen Goods.

In this department during the White Sale many fine Linens will be displayed at remarkably low prices.

60-in. Bleached Mercerized Table Damask, for sale at only a yard 23c

72-in. Bleached mercerized extra quality Table Damask at a yard 60c

All Linen Table Damask, 72-in. wide; Special 69c

Fine Satin Damask, 72-in. wide; excellent quality; worth $1.25 and $1.50 a yard; Special for this sale, a yard 95c

All Linen Table Napkins, at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, upwards to $5.00, at ..... Reduced Prices.

White Spreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases

20c value in a full size Hemstitched Pillow Case; Special 12 1-2c

15c Plain Pillow Cases; Special 11c

Full size White Bed Spreads; Special at 85c, $1.15, $1.35, $1.75, $2.00 and upwards.

Advance Showing in Spring Silks.

40-in. Egyptian Voile, quite a novelty this Spring; Special a yard 39c

27-in. Satin Stripe De Luxe; Special a yard 50c

36-in. Colored Marquisettes; Special, a yard 35c

27-in. Satin Stripe English Voiles; a yard 39c

27-in. Algena Stripe Voiles; Special, a yard 35c

21-in. Colored Tub Silks; Special, a yard 47c

30-in. Fancy Stripe Voiles; Special, a yard 19c

27-in. Silk Faille; Special, a yard 50c

27-in. Silk Eolians; Special, a yard 35c

27-in. Pompadour Silks; full line of colors; Special 25c

27-in. Japonika Foulards; Special, a yard 25c

24-in. Fancy Silk Crepe; Special, a yard 47c

54-in. Cream Serge Skirting; Special, a yard $1.19

54-in. Cream Serge Skirting; Special, a yard $1.10

38-in. Cream Diagonal Skirting; Special, a yard 49c

38-in. Cream Batiste; Special, a yard 47c

Opening Spring Values in Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits.

New Goods made within the past week; not carried over from last Spring; such as Serges, Whipcords, English Mixtures, Diagonals, Etc. Etc.

New Spring Suits $15.00, $16.50, $18.50, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00

New Spring Dresses, Embroidered Voile Dresses, Cream and Colored Serge Dresses; prices ..... $5.00 to $20.00

Children's Dresses.

Well Tailored Children's Dresses, in sizes of 3 to 12 years, made of good quality Gingham or Percale, with long sleeves and high collar effects; very pretty Dresses, at each 98c

Evening Dresses.

Crepe de Chines, Messalines and Chiffons, in Cream, Pink and Light Blue; prices from ..... $7.50 to $15.00

Half-Price Sale on Our Winter Coats and Coat Suits.

It's our Semi-Annual Event. The clearance signal means an opportunity to replenish your wardrobe at a great saving. Note our prices:

$18.00 Suits and Coats; Half Price ..... $ 9.00

$20.00 Suits and Coats; Half Price 10.00

$25.00 Suits and Coats; Half Price 12.50

$30.00 Suits and Coats; Half Price 15.00

$35.00 Suits and Coats; Half Price 17.50

Special Sale of Sheets and Linen Sheeting.

81x90 Sheets; Special 69c

72x90 Sheets; Special 43c

90x90 Sheets; Special 89c

90-in. Linen Sheeting; Special, a yard 89c

Killarney Linen, 40-in. wide; Special, a yard 12 1-2c

Towels in Huck and Bath, at lowest prices ever quoted.

Extra large Huck Towels; Special 10c

Bleached Turkish Towels, extra large size; Special 22c

Imperial Long Cloth, at per piece $1.35, $1.75, $2.25

English Nainsook, 12 yards to piece; Special, per piece $1.40, $1.69, $1.90, $2.48

Embroidered Voile Flounces, 42-in. wide; 75c value; Special 59c

$1.25 value Embroidered Voile Flouncing; Special $1.00

36-in. Mercerized Table Cloths; 50c values; Special 25c

40-inch Mercerized Lawn; Special 10c

25c Mercerized Lawn; Special 19c

40-in. Sheer Apron or Dress Lawn; Special a yard 10c

Silk Petticoats, in Green, Navy, Garnet, Red, in fact, all colors; Special $1.98

One lot of Stripe Skirts, made of Peau de Soie; regular $1.25 and $1.50 values; while they last 98c

Silk Hosiery Sale.

In Black, Tan, Pink, Blue, Helio, Navy and White; regular values from 75c to $1.25; on sale Special 50c

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

FRONT STREET—OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE

THEATRICAL

While the Academy of Music has ascended to dizzy heights during the past few weeks with notable attractions, yet it is going still higher. It will the present week reach the very pinnacle, when Eddie Foy, the noted Broadway star, with his original and giant-sized New York organization will appear.

The distinguished musical comedy comedian will hold the boards at the Academy of Music Thursday night of this week and it goes without saying that he will play to capacity business. The Foy company comes intact from dear old Broadway and will present the big musical triumph, "Over the River." Wilmington has has some superb attractions this season, but nothing to compare with the Foy event, and theatre-goers are agog over it. The sale of seats will commence at Plummer's Tuesday morning and indications point to an unprecedented rush. The company travels on its own private train, and carries a mammoth scenic production.

Another fine attraction will also be handsome and effective. In acting and staging it is altogether lacking in any vulgarity or objectionable elements. It is clean in every respect and must be seen to be enjoyed and appreciated. The prices for this engagement will be $1 for the best orchestra seats, which can be reserved at Plummer's. The scale of prices has been cut on account of the number of big shows now crowding into Wilmington.

Eddie Foy

From Maine to California, from the great North woods of Canada to the everglades of Florida, the name Eddie Foy has always been the symbol of joy and laughter.

His temporary step into vaudeville with his seven celebrated children created more of a furore among theatre-goers of New York than probably any other theatrical event in the past decade.

How many of the theatre-goers of 20 years ago recall the old David Henderson days of "Ali Baba?" If so, do they recall the famous Madeline Morando, the premier danseuse of that production?

Today, this once-famous dancer, proudly watches over her family of

EDDIE FOY.
Chief of Fun-Makers in Big Production of "Over the River," at Academy of Music.

offered this week in "The Girl From Rector's," who returns to make merry at the Academy tomorrow night.

"The Girl From Rector's"

"The Girl From Rector's," the big comedy that made one of the greatest hits ever on Broadway, comes to the Academy tomorrow night for one laughing night, on her first appearance at Weber and Fields Music Hall, New York, she won the audience over from start to finish and continued to hold them to capacity business for over one year. "The Press" says: "For plot, fun and dash, it leaves many of the modern comedies in the shade, so that by the aid of the excellent material in the cast it could not fail to make a palpable hit."

There is not a weak role in the play and every member in the cast is good. The activity of the company is simply amazing, and yet there is nothing left undone, nor is there the slightest hitch or departure from smoothness. The play is splendidly staged throughout the scenery and costumes are bright, clever children—for she is Mrs. Edwin Foy.

Mrs. Foy, 20-odd years ago was the solo dancer at the Paris Opera House in France. David Henderson heard of her wonderful terpsichorean achievements and cabled her a most flattering offer to appear in his forthcoming production of, "Ali Baba," and which she accepted.

Eddie Foy was the star of the production.

They met, of course. The professional admiration they had for each other gradually ripened into deep devotion and affection, that culminated in their marriage before the season closed.

They continued before the public for three years and at the close of the tour of that famous extravaganza, "Off the Earth," Mrs. Foy forsook the stage to partake of the happiness that all true women care for most—the upbringing of her children.

Mrs. Foy is an Italian by birth and a most accomplished liguist speaking with great fluency, Italian, French, German, Spanish and Russian.

At The Bijou

The Bijou has prepared to open up the new week with a bunch of swell films and a programme of the very latest and merriest music. It intends to make this week one of the best in its history, and tomorrow's bill will make a glorious inauguration. There will be four topliners on tomorrow in the film line.

Tomorrow's menu will be great, simply immense for fun, and that clever favorite, Ruth Roland, one of the highest paid actresses appearing in moving pictures, will star in Kalem's big smile triumph, "The Manicurist and the Mutt." It tells how a barber finding trade dull engages a lady tonsorial artist and what she does is a plenty. She is then engaged as a manicurist by the barber's competitor and more fun starts and runs riot.

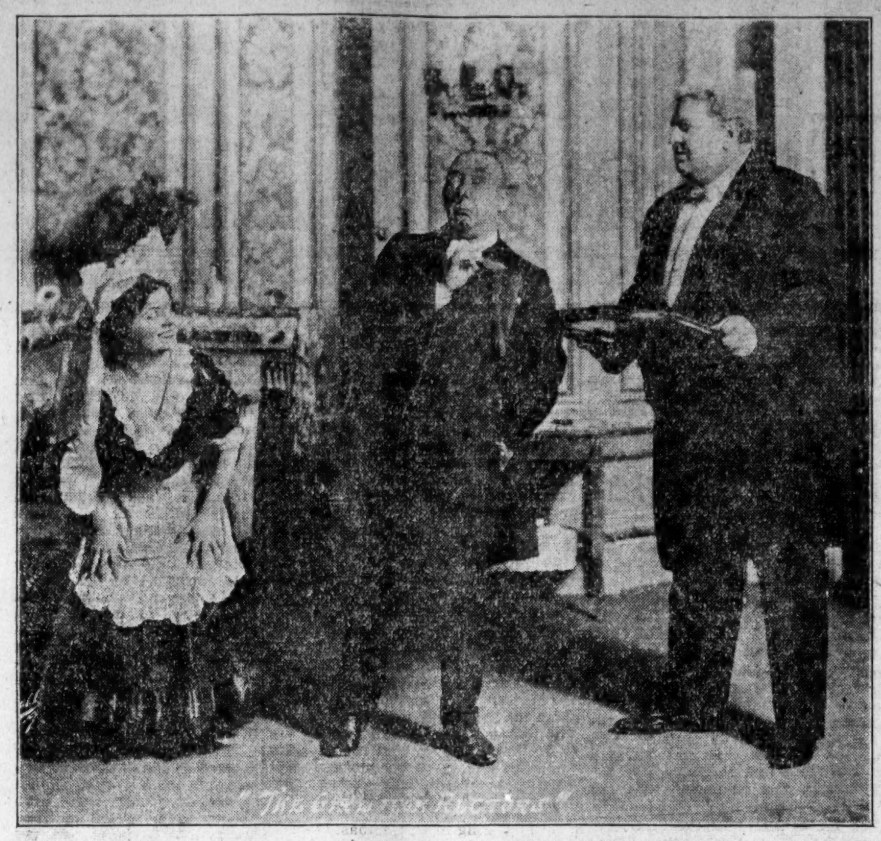
"Johnnie Goes Ducking" is another swell laugh film. It deals with the adventures of an amateur hunter, who first shoots decoys and then slaughters ducks in a farmer's barn yard. What happens to him is a yell for mirth.

Fathe has a big dramatic on in "Peggy and the Old Scout." It is a thriller of the West and the leading actor is a trained horse. A Pathe weekly is also a feature, and it is the best film of current events ever flashed on a screen. More war scenes are included in the views.

Big Monday at Grand.

The new week at the Grand Theatre will open with another great bill in the moving pictures, a new song by Mr. Karp and special music by the Grand orchestra. Mr. Karp will have for his selection, "Till the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold." This is a very pretty and catchy song and will be heard with delight by enthusiastic patrons of this playhouse.

There will be four of the pictures, and one of them will be an educational film, one that should be seen to be appreciated. In the comedy line will be an Essanay, "Alkali Ike's Motorcycle." It is a great Western comedy with Augustus Carney in his popular role. There is a wild ride scene and Alkali Ike will be seen at his very best. Another big film is a double and introduces "Stage Struck Sally" and "An Accidental Dentist." Policeman Murphy is a star on the latter picture and he keeps the fun going from start to finish. Better attend the Grand Theatre and see the big new offering for Monday.



SCENE IN "THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S."
Snappy Comedy Attraction at Academy of Music Tomorrow Night.

CAUSE OF PELLAGRA.

Two Views Discussed by Journal of American Medical Association.

There are two views as to the cause of pellagra. According to one, pellagra is a disease caused by an undue use of corn in the diet or by the use of spoiled corn. This view places pellagra in the same class with beriberi and scurvy. According to the other view pellagra is an infectious disease, the infecting agent being as yet unknown. From a consideration of the facts at hand in regard to the occurrence of pellagra in general, Sambon felt warranted in asserting that certain species of black fly or sand-fly are carriers of the infection, but as far no convincing evidence has been obtained to support Sambon's view.

Recently the idea has been advanced that pellagra may be due to an infection of the intestinal canal and that a diet insufficient in animal protein may aid in the development of the disease. This conception rests on the frequent occurrence in pellagra of inflammation and ulceration of the intestinal lining, on evidences of a general intoxication and on the fact that the diet in hospitals for the insane in which pellagra has developed, and of the Italian peasantry which has suffered so greatly from the disease, has been rather lo win animal protein. If this theory is correct, pellagra can be prevented by means of proper diet or by the prevention of the infection, whatever its nature may be, and most effectively by the combination of these methods. So many cases of pellagra have been discovered in the insane hospitals of the United States during the last few years, and it is so difficult to control the diet of the individual insane patient that it would seem evident that measures to prevent any possible infection should not be neglected. If pellagra is infectious, then one source of the infection, and probably the most important, according to The Journal of the American Medical Association, is the pellagrous patient, so that the necessity of preventing the spread of the infection by direct and indirect means needs no emphasis.

No More Dandruff or Falling Hair

Parisian Sage is Your Friend. Use It and All Hair and Scalp Troubles Quickly Go.

No poisonous sugar of lead in Parisian Sage.

The cleanest, daintiest, most refreshing and delightful hair dressing in the world is Parisian Sage. If you do not use it you are daily missing a glorious treat. It is the best hair tonic for men, women and children. It is sold at drug and toilet goods counters for only 50 cents a large bottel. Ask for Parisian Sage. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every carton and bottle.

Parisian Sage drives out all dandruff and stops hair from falling in two weeks. It stops itching scalp in 12 hours.

It is a hair nourisher and promptly puts life, lustre and beauty into dull, faded and ill-looking hair.

Robert R. Bellamy guarantees it.

Pathe's Weekly.
Manicurist and the Mutt, Comic.
Johnnie Goes Ducking, Comic.
Peggy and the Old Scout.

BIJOU
MONDAY.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
MONDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 20th,
Return of the Comedy Sensation,

The Big Weber and Field
SAVORY MUSIC
FEAST.
SUPERB COMPANY
— BIG —
SCENIC EQUIPMENT.

N. B.—Due to the number of big shows crowding into Wilmington at present, the price of the Best Orchestra Seat will be but $1. Seats on sale at Plummer's.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Thursday Night, JANUARY 23

WERBA & LUESCHER PRESENT
THE FUNNIEST OF ALL AMERICAN COMICS
EDDIE
FOY
Will Positively Appear in His Smashing Musical Success,
"OVER THE RIVER."
SEE THE ORIGINAL SENSATIONAL "CABARET" SHOW.
Original N. Y. Production. Company of 100.
Direct Six Months Globe Theatre, New York.
Seats on sale at Plummer's, Tuesday Morning, January 21st.

As It Was

Death one day strutted down the pike
With armour bright, and lordly mein,
And acted in his manner like
Some office-holders you have seen.

The signs he read: "keep off the grass,"
But heeded not, he was the King,
Until a shape he chanced to pass
Which looked to him not quite the thing.

"What, ho! and who are you?" he cried
"Stop you there, and do my bidding"—
"I'm GOWANS PREPARATION" the Shape replied,
"My old time friend, there's nothing didding."

The Nettleton Nature's Uplift Shoe

"The Comfort Seeker's Delight"

Its Strong Points at a Glance

RIGHTLY applied exercise for every ligament, tendon, and muscle of the foot.

BY NATURE'S own remedy cures corns, strained tendons, and turned arch (often misnamed broken arch).

MAKES standing or walking a real pleasure for tired, aching feet, and restores them to a healthy, normal condition.

WILMINGTON SHOE COMPANY.
L.W.Wessell, Mgr.
217 N. Front St.

The Comfort Seeker's Delight "Booklet" sent upon request.

BUY AND BUILD IN SUNSET PARK

WILMINGTON'S MOST BEAUTIFUL SUB-DIVISION.

Every City Convenience. Street Cars to Park in 60 days
Beautiful Entrances. Granolithic Sidewalks
Macadam Streets and Boulevards.

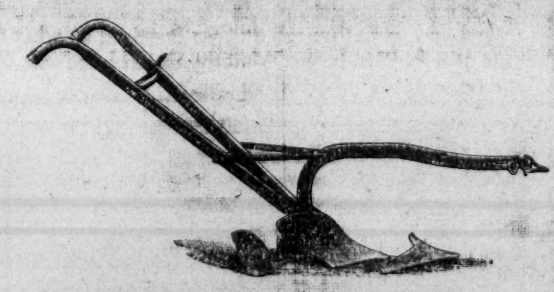
GAS ELECTRICITY TELEPHONE SERVICE

Artesian Water..... : 5 YEARS
Perfect Sanitary Sewer System.... : FREE!

YOU CAN BUY ON EASY TERMS.

FIDELITY TRUST & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY
———14 Princess St.———

Syracuse Chilled Plows



GENUINE CHILLED CASTING.

The Little 5.00 Plow shown above is the same cut as the "Dixie," runs light, four sizes mould boards.

All sizes 2-Horse Plows.
Middle Breakers.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.
10 AND 12 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

SHINGLES! LATHS! BRICK!

Large Stock on Hand.
Also All Kinds of Plastering Material.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company
'PHONE: 154.

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, Chicago, Illinois.

There is at present raging in many communities, large and small, an especially severe epidemic of scarlet fever and diphtheria. True to its belief in traditions that "an ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure," the Home Health Club offers in the following article some timely advice on the subjects.

There are now in the city of Chicago 2,000 cases of scarlet fever and 500 of diphtheria, these numbers being from two to three times the average expected for this season of the year and increasing rapidly. Not only is this the case, but both diseases are raging in a much more virulent form than of late years. Further, it is feared that the re-opening of the schools on January 6th will have furnished opportunity for the infection of many susceptible children by others healthy themselves or only mildly affected who, being carriers of the disease, may transmit it to those of lower resistance in whom the disease may develop into most virulent form.

In view of these facts all parents and others who have the care of children should take all possible precautions to avoid the contraction by their little ones of either of these dreaded maladies. It is hardly necessary to suggest that children should be warned to keep away from others who may complain of sore throat or show any signs of rash on the skin. They should be cautioned against using drinking cups, towels, and all articles of personal use to which others have access. Indeed, to be on the safe side each child should have his own individual cup, etc. All individuals, both adults and children, who find it necessary to take all or part of their meals at restaurants or lunch counters should make a practice of using a mouth wash after each meal as infection may be transmitted by dishes which have been cleansed in the customary slipshod way.

As the infective material in both these diseases is introduced into the body through the mucous membranes of throat and nose, these parts should be frequently cleansed with a mild antiseptic wash. Obtain at the drug store some simple mouth and throat wash, such as Liquor Antisepticus, or Liquor Antisepticus Alkalinus, which are the same as those sold under the trade names of Listerine and Glycothymoline at a higher price. Hydrogen Peroxide is also suitable. These should all be used diluted with equal quantities of warm boiled water as a mouth wash and gargle, and also applied by means of an atomized or nasal douche to the lining membrane of the nose. It would be well to do this three times daily.

Frequent bathing, always commendable, is now particularly useful, and an admirable wash of a highly tonic and anti-septic nature, may be prepared by adding diluted acetic acid or good white vinegar to the water in quantity sufficient to impart a tinging sensation to the more delicate parts of the skin. The clothes, of course, should be changed frequently and those just worn should be given a thorough airing and exposure to the sunlight before being again put on. Buy milk only from dairies known to be conducted according to sanitary principles.

While suggesting the use of simple precautions, such as these, it is not intended that anyone should attempt to rely on them in case they are unfortunate enough to have one or more of their children taken down with either diphtheria or scarlet fever, even though it should be in a mild form.

A doctor should be called in and no attempt should be made to evade the regulations of the health department regarding quarantine, as it is only by the isolation of such cases that epidemics are prevented or held in check and we should all be public-spirited enough to be willing to put up with a certain amount of inconveniences when such vital interests as the health of the community are at stake.

Club Notes.

I will gladly answer all inquires for information on health subjects from readers of this publication if same are addressed to Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago. Send full name and address with four cents in postage.

Dear Doctor:—As I have had acne, or more properly speaking acne rosacea, for about 15 years, I would be grateful if you could tell me whether there is any hope for a permanent cure, or could advise me in any way in regard to treatment of it. I have tried almost everything I ever heard of without permanent results.

MRS. L. R.

Acne Rosacea is a condition of redness of the skin, often accompanied by some thickening, usually of the nose, and more often of the tip of this organ. It is caused by dilation of the minute blood vessels of the skin, affection of the arterial capillaries producing the red tint, while if the venous capillaries are involved the color will have a bluish shade. The commonest exciting factor is over-indulgence in alcoholic liquors. In your case the habitual use of too much stimulating diet may have some influence in inducing the condition. Usually such a condition lasts for life despite all treatment. Guard against over-eating and select non-stimulating, easily digestible articles of diet. Too much fats, cheese, spices and rich foods generally will aggravate any already existing tendency to this complaint. Local external medicinal applications are, as a rule, of but little use. I think, however, it is well worth your while to try the simple measures suggested in my private letter to you.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to inquire for any information pertaining to the subject of Health at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, or to Dr. David H. Reeder, 5039 Cottage Grove Avenue, Chicago, with name and address in full and at least four cents in postage.

IS NORTH CAROLINA HEALTHY?

Prominent Statistician Shows Why No One Knows.

Frederick Hoffman, the prominent New Jersey statistician, in a recent discussion on the healthfulness of various localities, made the following statement regarding North Carolina:

A glance at the map of the United States shows that North Carolina in common with all of the other Southern States, is not included in what is known as the registration area of the Division of Vital Statistics of the United States Census. Anyone, therefore, in quest of information on the important subject of local health, and mortality, finds himself confronted by a most serious obstacle in that the required facts are not available. It requires no argument, however, to prove that in so important a matter as the health status of a given State or community there should not be a want of trustworthy information, the availability of which is appropriately considered an index of civilization. For all of the great nations of the world trustworthy information regarding local health and mortality is available, but as yet for the United States reliable data can be had for only about 33.5 per cent of the area and 58.3 per cent of the population. All of the Eastern States and most of the Central-Western and Pacific Coast States are in the registration area, but not a single one of the Southern States! Yet, for no area is trustworthy information regarding the true incidence of the death rate from all causes, or from particular diseases, of greater importance than for the South. In the case of North Carolina, such information is of particular value for the entire coastal plain, where it is generally assumed that the health conditions are far from being as satisfactory as in the upland region of the State. Whether this is so or not can not be conclusively determined to the satisfaction of impartial critics, otherwise than by means of trustworthy vital statistics collected and tabulated in conformity to the standard rules of the Division of Vital Statistics of the Census and adopted by all of the so-called registration States. A promising beginning has been made in North Carolina in the case of communities with not less than 500 population, but these constitute only about one-sixth of the total population of the State. It is of at least equal importance that reliable information concerning health should be available for the rural districts, since in North Carolina, as in practically every other State of the United States, rural hygiene is much more neglected than the public hygiene of cities. The economic or pecuniary value of trustworthy vital statistics is not questioned by anyone familiar with the fact. There can also be no question but that many communities in the Coastal Plain would have made more rapid progress in white population if the true facts regarding local health conditions were a matter of trustworthy record and conveniently accessible through the publications of the Census Office and the State Board of Heatlh. It also admits of no doubt but that far-reaching sanitary improvements would be made and that the required sums for such improvements would be made and that the required sums for such imporvements through drainage or otherwise would become readily available if the facts regarding unsatisfactory local health conditions were established upon an official and thoroughly trustworthy basis. Vast areas which could maintain in comfort and health a teeming population drawn more or less from the congested sections of the North and West, are undeveloped, for reasons primarily connected with neglect of sanitation in rural districts. The enactment of an effective law providing for the complete registration of all deaths throughout the whole of North Carolina, cannot but prove, therefore, of far-reaching benefit to all the people of the State, and considering the progress which has been made in this direction in many other States, the early enactment of such a statute is called for not only by considerations of State duty, but also by considerations of State pride.

AMBASSADORS MEET AGAIN.

Powers Warn Turkey and Bulgaria Not to Plunge Europe Into War.

London, Jan. 13.—Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, and the ambassadors of the powers are making valiant efforts to bring about a peaceful settlement between Turkey and the Balkan allies. They have had additional interviews with Dr. Daneff and Rechad Pasha, head of the Bulgarian and Turkish delegations, respectively, advising moderation on both sides and warning them that if either party, if through obstinacy should plunge Europe into war again, would incur a heavy weight of disapproval.

The meeting of the ambassadors today was the lengthiest yet held. They discussed the note to be presented to the Porte, passage by passage, aiming to meet every possible argument likely to be raised by the Turks.

The general impression among the plenipotentiaries is that definite decision on war or peace must come from Constantinople. Whatever concessions and compromises the Balkan league may make, the allies will never consent to the renunciation of Adrianople, which the Turks make the sine quanon of peace.

While progress toward peace is at a standstill here, the Balkan delegations are endeavoring to obtain advantages for themselves in the partition of the conquered territory. The kings of Bulgaria, Greece and Montenegro are working actively among their relatives and friends on the other thrones of Europe to influence the powers in favor of the claims of their countries. It is known that they have sent special envoys to some of the capitals to support the work of their regular diplomats. The Greeks, unhampered by the armistice, which binds the other allies, are continuing the fighting in Epirus, where today sharp encounters took place with the Turks.

According to several dispatches to Premier Venizelos, the Greek forces are doing their utmost to surround Janina. Their efforts are now being carried to the north, where the Turks have kept communications open and have thus been able to obtain supplies. It has been difficult, therefore, to take the city by starving it out.

Scutari is even more invulnerable to hunger because it is one of the greatest grain depots in the Balkans and must have six months provision on hand.

Turkish delegates have not yet taken steps to carry out their threat to leave London.

SLEEPING FOR A LIVING.

Performance That Gained a Man Enough to Keep Him a Year.

(From the London Chronicle.)

To sleep for one's living may appeal to some as a more attractive alternative than to work for one's living. But the feat has been achieved.

In the Daily Courant of August 9, 1741, the following advertisement appears: "Nicholas Hart, who slept last year in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, intends to sleep this year at the Cook and Bottle in Little Britain."

Some further particulars of this professional somnolist are to be found in the Spectator for October 1 of that year.

It appears that Hart was every year seized with a periodical fit of sleeping, which began of August 5 and ended on the 11th. Its various stages are thus described:

"On the 1st of 'hat month he grew dull; on the 2nd appeared drowsy; on the 3rd fell a-yawning; on the 4th began to nod; on the 5th dropped asleep; on the 6th was heard to snore; on the 7th turned himself in his bed; on the 8th recovered his former posture; on the 9th fell a-strentching; on the 10th about midnight awaked; on the 11th in the morning called for a little small beer." This performance, it is asserted, gained for Hart "enough to support himself for a twelvemonth."

Stow records one instance of prolonged sleep. On April 27, 1546, "being Tuesday in Easter week, William Foxley, potmaker for the Mint, in the Tower of London, fell asleep, and so continued sleeping and could not be wakened with pinching, cramping or otherwise burning whatsoever till the first day of term, which was fourteen days and fifteen nights." This unusual experience seems to have been followed by no bad results, as Foxley lived in the Tower for more than forty years afterward.

Some Swiss doctors maintain that the amount of sleep should be regulated by altitude. Too much sleep, they say, is as harmful as too much food or drink. In low lying districts seven hours of slumber may be enjoyed with impunity, but up in the mountains five hours is quite enough.

These sleep specialists also ban the practice of remaining in bed in the morning half awake, and insist on the necessity of rising as soon as sleep fails.

WILD DUCKS ARE TAMED.

Movement to Restore and Save Game Promises Success.

(Winnipeg Correspondence Minneapolis Journal.)

The agricultural experiment station at the Connecticut State College is taming wild ducks. The station was enabled this season through funds provided by sportsmen to send an expedition to the Canadian Northwest to study methods of increasing wild ducks and getting breeding stock for experimental purposes. The expedition was in charge of State Ornithologist Herbert K. Job.

Most species of wild ducks have not been persuaded to breed under restraint, but it has been believed they would do so, if stock could be secured that was hand reared from the egg and had never learned wild ways. Job established a camp on the shore of Lake Manitoba. Wild duck eggs were collected in the surrounding wilderness and hatched out in incubators. Twelve species of wild ducks nest in that region, and eggs or young of all these were secured.

In the majority of cases every egg hatched. The average for the season was 92 per cent., far better than poultry men often attain. Most of the young, except of two peculiar maritime species—the white winged scooter and the ruddy duck—were reared with very little loss. Even such supposedly wild natures as the redhead, canvasback, bluebill and various others proved perfectly docile, thriving in confinement.

On the 2,000 mile journey back, Job personally cared for and tended the consignment in the express cars. A fine large stock, representing eleven species, arrived in good condition and are now thriving at one of the large preserves affiliated with the experiment station. Experiments with them will be conducted there. On the trip only one duckling, some three weeks old, died.

The achievement is expected to prove the beginning of an important movement to save and restore the wild fowl while demonstrating the effect of environment on even the wildest creatures.

London, January 16.—The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, asserts that the elections throughout the country are going against President Yuan Shi Kai and in favor of the leaders of the radical south.

OPENS UP CLOGGED NOSTRILS AND HEAD IN ONE MINUTE—ENDS CATARRH MISERY

Stops Nasty Discharge, Clears Stuffed Head, Heals Inflamed Air Passages and You Breathe Freely.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Special agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

(Advertisement.)

AN OLD INDIAN REMEDY

S. S. S. is one of the oldest of medicines; it was prepared and used by the Indian Medicine Man hundreds of years ago in the treatment of all blood disorders. Of course it did not then bear its present name, but the formula for compounding it was just what it is today, and its results then as now, entirely satisfactory to those who used it. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks without the addition of a particle of mineral. It is the widest known and the best acting blood purifier before the public today. This great remedy cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Specific Blood Poison and any and all blood infections and impurities. No one need fear to use S. S. S. It is perfectly safe for any system, and its fine vegetable tonic effects especially recommend it to all weak, debilitated persons who may be in need of a blood purifier. S. S. S. goes into the circulation and removes every particle of impurity, humor or poison from the blood. S. S. S. acts most pleasantly and beneficially on the stomach, assists in toning up the digestive members, and contributes in every way to the blessing of strong robust health. Write for free book on the blood and any medical advice you wish. S. S. S. is sold at drug stores.

S.S.S.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The New Parcels Post

The Local Merchants' Opportunity

MAKE your Plans for a bigger and brighter business in 1913 by getting in line with the avenues of trade all about you. The new Parcels Post is going to mean much to the merchant and manufacturer who goes out after out of town business in an intelligent and systematic way. Time was when everything was slow. A man planted his business on a street where many people passed, and the public had to pass his store to know what he was doing. Now he no longer waits for people to pass his door, but he goes through the doors of their homes and reaches them when they are in a receptive mood, and there presses the story he has to tell. There lies the power of advertising. The hamlet, the country and city have been brought closer together by improved railroad schedules, the telephone and, lastly, by the Parcels Post.

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

With its subscription list of more than 4,000 daily and more than 6,000 Sunday—The Morning Star is in a position to handle your message to the people of All East Carolina and upper South Carolina most effectively and most economically. Its stronghold for years has been with the merchants, farmers and business men of all this section. It goes into the hands and homes of people who have money to spend and who spend much of it in Wilmington.

For much less than three cents an inch per thousand papers, your announcement can be carried daily, weekly and yearly to these buyers in Wilmington. Are you ready for the opportunity? No man need waste another day who has the right idea and energy, and who knows how to talk for publication. Uncle Sam has extended your trade territory by opening the Parcels Post.

Let The Morning Star carry your message. Inquire for rates, space, position. We'll be glad to talk it over with you, assist you in preparation of copy, and do anything else needful.

Wilmington Star Company

'Phone 51 -:- Princess St.

BIG SOUTHERN STATES SHOW FALL OF 1913

CONSERVATION EXPOSITION

One of the National Events of 1913 To Be Held At Knoxville, Tenn.

TO PROMOTE DEVELOPMENT

An Exposition For the Advancement of Conservation With the Nation's Leaders in This Movement Direct It.

The National Conservation Exposition will be held at Knoxville in the fall of 1913—an exposition of national scope and importance—an exposition for the advancement of conservation with the nation's leaders in the conservation movement directing it.

This exposition is to be educational and will lead in the best work which the people of the nation have to do for the welfare of the present generation and generations to come. Former expositions have been in the nature of celebrations of past events. The National Conservation Exposition looks forward instead of backward, and is designed to promote the highest development and best use of all natural resources. It will show what has been done along lines of substantial progress, and how greater things may be accomplished.

It is a new exposition idea which will be presented for the first time at Knoxville, in 1913, to the people of the South and the nation. The best features of past expositions will be shown, but in a more interesting form, made possible by improvements in all lines of industry and commerce. In manufacturing displays, the conservation idea will be brought out in exhibits which show the saving of time and labor, the prevention of waste and the utilization of by-products. In agriculture, not only the products of soils, but varieties of soils, the most approved methods of preparation, drainage, fertilization, cultivation and harvesting—methods for the prevention of erosion, leaching or deterioration from any cause.

Knoxville was awarded the exposition because of its preparedness to handle the project and because of its splendid location for an exposition of this nature. It is easily and quickly accessible from both North and South, and is in the center of a region in which conservation work is especially active at this time.

At least a year's start in the building of the exposition was made by the exposition held at Knoxville during the past two years, and work begins at a point which would have taken another city several years to reach. For these reasons wonderful results can be obtained in exposition building within the next eight months, and the present plans being carried out, Knoxville will have an exposition of the magnitude originally contemplated.

Exposition Buildings.

The buildings which have been erected will compare favorably with those of the larger expositions held in this country. The new buildings to be grouped around the upper and lower lakes on the exposition grounds will be quite as substantial and attractive.

The Land and Agricultural Building and Exposition Auditorium are now in course of construction. The Land Building might appropriately be named the Conservation Building, for it is in this structure that a mammoth relief map of the Southeast is being built, upon which the best methods of conserving soils, waters and forests will be shown, and on the second floor will be displays of educational exhibits of various state experiment stations, planned with the view of illustrating the principles of conservation as applied to soils. With the possible exception of the Southern States Building, to be erected on the lower lake, the Land Building will be the most imposing structure on the grounds. The approach will be the most attractive of any building, with double terraces and sufficient frontage to admit of excellent effects in landscape work.

The Southern States Building, next to be erected, will have a depth of 400 feet, with steps leading down to the water's edge, forming seats for an amphitheater and affording an excellent view of the amusement district across the lake, and of the water carnivals which are being planned as a special attraction. It is in this building that exhibits will be made by the various Southern States, illustrating the development and progress of manufacturing industries in the South.

Space in the Southern States Building will be allotted to Southern cities in order that each city may group exhibits of its manufacturers and thus make the display of value both to the exhibitor and to the city. The plan will be to carry out as far as possible the "live exhibit" idea in all buildings—the actual processes of manufacture to be shown in every case where the necessary machinery can be installed.

Government Building.

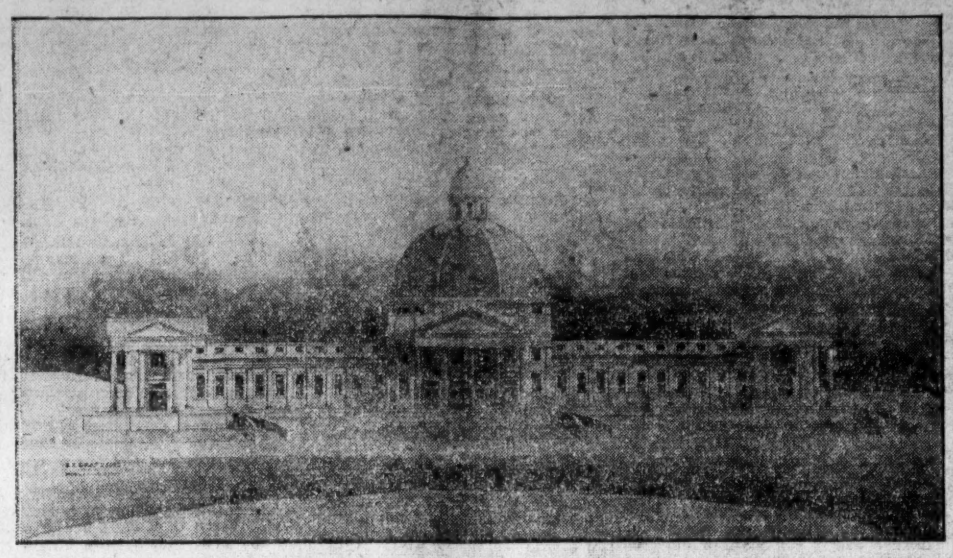
A bill has been introduced in the National Congress providing for an appropriation for a government building and exhibits from the departments of the government of national resources.

Among other buildings planned is a corn palace, to be erected in co-operation with the boys' corn clubs of the South and formed of ears of corn covering a framework, and a model concrete residence of colonial style to be used as the Woman's Building. In this structure such exhibits as pertain to domestic science, child welfare and the like will be shown. Another prominent feature will be a model farm of about five acres, containing a cottage, a barn, a sanitary dairy, portable hog and poultry houses, modern fences, and the most approved furnishings, tools and machinery. It is planned that one of the state experiment stations will work the farm according to the latest scientific methods. This will be a most valuable object lesson to visitng farmers.

A NEW EXPOSITION IDEA

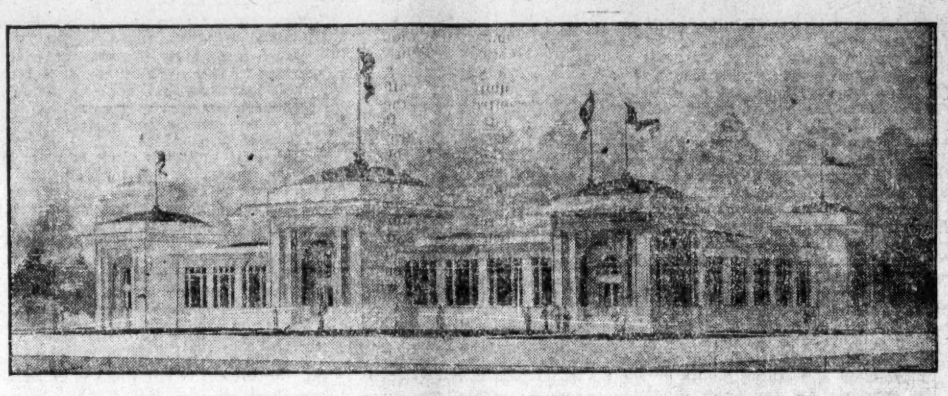
To Be Presented By the National Conservation Exposition, Knoxville, Tennessee, 1913.

During the first decade of the twentieth century a new realization of the value and importance of the natural resources took shape. Through scientific surveys by State and the Federal Government, designed primarily to make the resources known and guide their exploitation, the quantities of standing timber, of iron ore and coal in the ground and of other natural materials, were measured; and the quantities were found not unlimited according to the common boast in the heydey of early exploitation, but of such amounts as to meet current demands for only a certain number of years, easily reckoned and understood in terms of the written history of mankind—e. g., at the current increasing rate of use computed in 1908 the standing timber of the country would last a generation, the high-grade iron ore a century, and the good coal from one to three centuries, according to the varying allowances made by different computers. In short, it became clear that the standard resources on which our great and growing industries rest are foredoomed to exhaustion within a small fraction of the period already covered by the Christian era, unless means be adopted to prevent waste and otherwise conserve the natural stores for the benefit of posterity. As understanding of the limitation of the natural resources spread, moral sense was awakened; the feeling of the natural right of the rising generation (and of generations still to come) to a fair share of the resources took form; and the natural wealth of this magnificently endowed country came to be viewed as involving moral no less than material considerations. Numberless manifestations of the new view have apeared—in legal enactments, the creation of state commissions, the improvement of educational curricula, etc.; but no more striking indication of the modern view has appeared than the idea of a national exposition designed to illustrate the conservation and development of the natural resources with a view to the permanent enrichment of the country and people. The change thus wrought in the exposition idea is fundamental; the old exposition looked backward, the new looks forward; the old exposition was solely material, the new is essentially moral; the old was a proud boast of achievement, the new a signpost to progress and an assurance of perpetuity. The expositions of the past were as songs of achievement at the end of a good day's work, the National Conservation Exposition will be a living and tangible promise of a still more glorious to-morrow foreordained by the wise action of to-day.



THE ALL SOUTH BUILDING.

The Southern States Building of the National Conservation Exposition, which will be held at Knoxville fc. two months, September and October, 1913, will be one of the largest and most attractive structures of this great national show. This building is designed to contain exhibits of manufactured products of the sixteen Southern States, especially such as will show the processes of manufacture which prevent waste and utilize by-products.

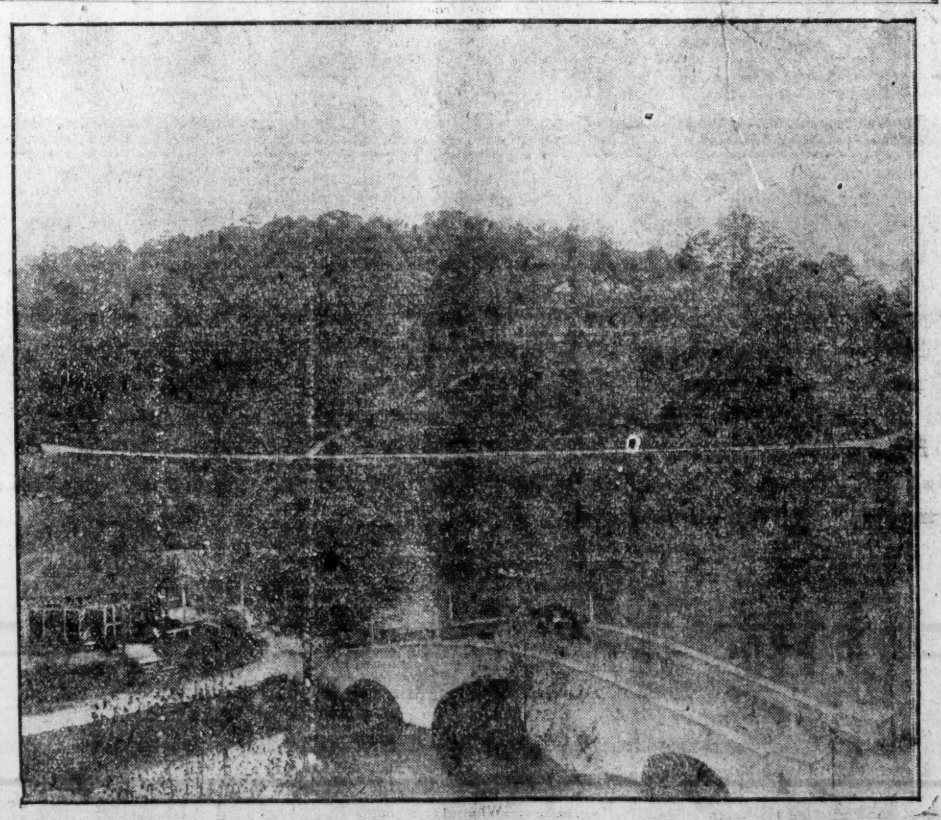


EAST TENNESSEE BUILDING, NATIONAL CONSERVATION EXPOSITION.
Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. and Oct. 1913.

This building is to be erected by the thirty-four counties of the Eastern Division of Tennessee, and will contain exhibits from each county of agricultural products, minerals, hardwoods, etc. This building will contain 30,000 feet of exhibit space, and the displays made therein will show the extent and variety of natural resources of one of the most favored regions of the Middle South.

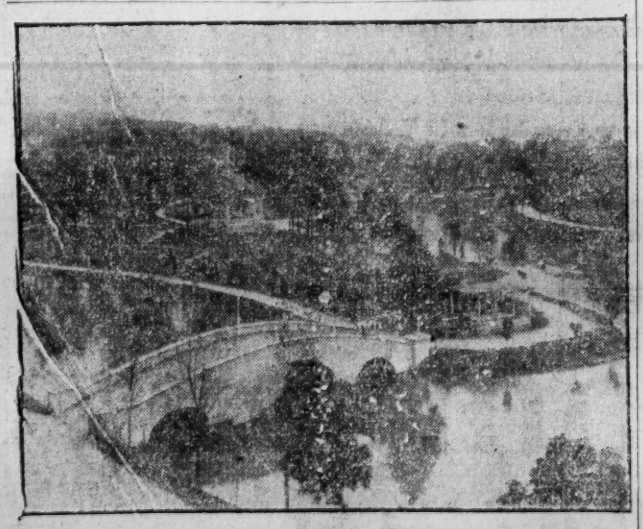
VIEW OF UPPER LAKE AND LIBERAL ARTS BUILDING, NATIONAL CONSERVATION EXPOSITION.
Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. and Oct. 1913.

The above view will give some idea of the great beauty of the National Conservation Exposition grounds and the character of the buildings which are now under construction.



VIEW OF LAKE AND FORESTRY BUILDING, NATIONAL CONSERVATION EXPOSITION.
Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. and Oct. 1913.

The above view shows the Forestry Building, completed, National Conservation Exposition. To the left of this building, as an annex, will be erected the Minerals Building. These buildings will occupy the most beautiful site on the grounds, the elevations being such as to afford a bird's eye view of lakes, drives, buildings and amusement district.



VIEW OF SECTION OF THE EXPOSITION GROUNDS, NATIONAL CONSERVATION EXPOSITION, KNOXVILLE, TENN., SEPT AND OCT. 1913.

NATIONAL CONSERVATION EXPOSITION,

Knoxville, Tennessee, September and October, 1913, Provides Attractive Grounds For Amusement District.

The section of the grounds of the National Conservation Exposition, Knoxville, Tenn., September and October, 1913, which has been set aside as the amusement district, will be arranged by landscape architects with a view to making the location one of extraordinary attractiveness. Terrace Park, as it is known, will be famous always hereafter The plan decided upon by the exposition management in this feature will, when carried out, afford the most unique display and arrangement of grounds ever seen in a midway section. The lay of the land is such as to permit of a street that will traverse the section from the main gateway on the lake to the lower end, returning in a gradual curve to a point near the beginning and again winding toward the upper side of the grounds back to the lower park entrance. This will afford a series of terraces, and the amusement places will be so arranged as to rise in tiers from the lake front to the back of the grounds. It does not require a stretch of imagination to picture the appearance of this section when illuminated at night. This plan is part of the general landscape work which will be carried out in all parts of the exposition grounds. The management feels that one of the greatest attractions which the exposition can present to visitors can be formed by utilizing the natural beauty of the location in modern landscape work. A beautiful park is quite as necessary as fine buildings and exhibits, and the locality lends itself to the most artistic plans that a landscape artist could design.

OUTLINE OF PLANS FOR EXHIBITS

National Conservation Exposition, Knoxville, Tenn., 1913, Planned in Accordance With History

RESOURCES OF SOUTHLAND

Will Illustrate the Ways In Which the Natural Wealth In Forests, Minerals and Human Efficiency May Be More Effectively Utilized.

The National Conservation Exposition is planned in accordance with exposition history especially to illustrate the modern idea of forecasting prospective development, especially throughout the Southern States. In a broad way the design is to illustrate the ways in which the natural wealth in forests, waters, minerals, and human efficiency are now used and may be still more effectively utilized in promoting the prosperity and assuring the perpetuity of the American people.

The Resources in Lands.

Recognizing the soil made fruitful by the natural water supply as that resource on which more than all others the generations of men must depend for materials for food and clothing, it is planned to devote large space to the exhibits of the soil and its products, of the best methods of maintaining and increasing production, and of progress in improving the grade and yields of plant and animal products.

Forest Resources.

Our forest resources are second in importance only to the land itself, because of the many important industries for which the forest furnishes the raw material, and of the forest's beneficient influences upon such other natural riches as waters for irrigation, power and navigation, fish and game animals, and the land itself. Considerable attention is to be devoted to forest exhibits.

It is planned to illustrate the existing forest resources, with their production and reproduction, their utilization, and their influences upon other resources.

Water Resources.

The water resources of the country in general and of the South in particular will be displayed with reference to the use of water (a) for domestic supply, (b) for agricultural production (whether applied by natural means or irrigation), (c) for power, and (d) for navigation.

Mineral.

The mineral resources of the country as a whole and especially of Southeastern United States will be exhibited as the chief basis for the greatness of this country in manufacturing and as a means of maintaining our industrial supremacy.

Human Efficiency—Health.

By far the most important of all our natural resources is man himself. It is to render his life more efficient that any form of conservation is advocated. Those vital forces intimate to himself are highest and noblest, and to their devlopment, conservation and best use deep thought and great effort should be devoted.

The abolition of child labor, particularly in the Southern States, the reduction of infant mortality, the eradication of disease, especially tuberculosis, the hook worm and typhoid fever will be graphically presented.

Education.

Another most important element in human development is education. The school is a crucial problem in the commercial upbuilding of the Southern States. School hygiene and sanitation, domestic economy, vocational training, industrial education for the negro, and rural school advancement shall be subjects for exhibition and shall be presented in the form of model demonstrations and in other ways.

Domestic Economy.

So important is this subject considered as an element in greater human efficiency that, although it might properly be included as a part of another section, it is thought well to devote a separate paragraph to it. Homemaking is the first and most important step in nation making. The work of the wife and mother in the establishment and maintenance of a comfortable home, in the preparing of proper foods and by her wisdom and radiation of domestic tranquility and happiness can contribute at least as much to the prosperity of the nation and the efficiency of its citizens as can the husband and father by his efforts in the outside world.

Good Roads.

Good roads are necessary requisites to development. Exhibits will be made of good roads in the form of (1) actual demonstration roads, (2) models showing materials, manner of construction, and the finished work, (3) road making materials and machinery, (4) maps of important highways, (5) photographic enlargements of both good and bad roads and the consequences and industrial and social conditions attending each.

Fish and Game Resources.

The co-operation of Audubon societies, fish and game commissions, and other organizations for the preservation of bird and animal life will be sought in exhibiting our animal resources and encouraging their perpetuation.

Cough, Cold Sore Throat

Sloan's Liniment gives quick relief for cough, cold, hoarseness, sore throat, croup, asthma, hay fever and bronchitis.

HERE'S PROOF.
MR. ALBERT W. PRICE, of Fredonia, Kan., writes: "We use Sloan's Liniment in the family and find it an excellent relief for colds and hay fever attacks. It stops coughing and sneezing almost instantly."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

RELIEVED SORE THROAT.
MRS. L. BREWER, of Modello, Fla., writes: "I bought one bottle of your Liniment and it did me all the good in the world. My throat was very sore, and it cured me of my trouble."

GOOD FOR COLD AND CROUP.
MR. W. H. STRANGE, 3721 Elmwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "A little boy next door had croup. I gave the mother Sloan's Liniment to try. She gave him three drops on sugar before going to bed, and he got up without the croup in the morning."

Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent free.
Address
Dr. Earl S. Sloan
Boston, Mass.

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We are fully prepared to take care of all the Parcels Post business that is sent to us, and readers of The Star are cordially invited to make use of our facilities.

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So, come to us for anything you need in the drug line.

Prompt service in and out of the city.

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THE WEEK'S NEWS IN BRIEF

Important Happenings, Day by Day, Compiled and Republished for the Benefit of the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader—New York Markets for Each Day of the Six.

SUNDAY.

Former Gov. Osborn, of Michigan, appealed to Republicans to "get together" in a speech at the Hamilton Club at Chicago last night.

The Senate in secret session yesterday reached an agreement to begin voting Monday on the impeachment charges against Judge Archbald.

Capt. Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, was presented a medal last night by the National Geographic Society at its annual banquet.

Diplomacy so far has failed to settle the Balkan situation and it seemed yesterday as if the peace conference would end and the allies again take up their arms.

Big business, its right to growth and its duties to the country, were discussed by President-elect Wilson last night in a speech before the Commercial Club of Chicago.

The Progressive National Committee announced yesterday that the work of organizing the party throughout the country would be vigorously prosecuted during the next two years.

The House committee investigating the shipping trust decided yesterday to subpoena J. P. Morgan, whose testimony is wanted in a proposed investigation of the International Mercantile Marine.

Representatives of independent tin plate manufacturers declared at the hearing on schedule "C" yesterday that if the tariff bars were lowered the United States Steel Corporation would crush them.

A social worker and an investigator for the New York Labor Department appeared before the House Rules Committee yesterday and presented an awful picture of conditions in the canning camps of New York State.

New York markets: Money on call nominal. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat irregular; No. 2 red 1.07 1-2 and 1.08. Corn steady, 57 1-4. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

TUESDAY.

Tentative plans for the reorganization of the customs service were made public by the Treasury Department yesterday.

Congressman John W. Weeks was nominated for U. S. Senator by the Republicans of the Massachusetts Legislature yesterday.

The steamer Uranium, which ran on the rocks near Halifax, N. S., Sunday, was still held fast yesterday, all passengers having been safely transferred.

Wm. Rockefeller was examined by the physician of the money trust committee yesterday at Miami, and was found to be able to testify before the committee.

The rivers and harbors bill, carrying appropriations for the inland waterway from Norfolk to Beaufort and for the Cape Fear river, was reported to the House yesterday.

Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, and the ambassadors of the powers are still making valiant efforts to bring about a settlement between Turkey and the Balkan allies, but with little result.

Gov. Wilson in a speech to the New Jersey electors yesterday, analyzed his election as President as a result of the progressive movement throughout the country and declared he would select progressive men to aid him.

Judge Robert W. Archbald, of the Commerce Court, was convicted by the Senate yesterday on five of the 13 counts against him, alleging misuse of his office as judge, and the Senate in executive session decided to impose the full penalty upon him.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-4; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.08 and 1.09. Corn firm, 57 1-4. Turpentine easy. Rosin quiet.

WEDNESDAY.

Governor-elect Locke Craig will be inaugurated Governor of North Carolina at Raleigh today.

Gov. Wilson is greatly interested in the Senatorial contests throughout the country and declared yesterday he hoped progressives would win in every State.

"This country can never have a sound monetary system without a central bank" declared a prominent banker before the House Currency Reform Committee yesterday.

W. W. Winkfield, a former employe of the Standard Oil Co., yesterday told the Clapp committee investigating campaign funds how the "Standard Oil letters" were obtained.

The postoffice appropriation bill, without the amendment revoking President Taft's order placing fourth class postmasters under the civil service, passed the House yesterday.

Jack Johnson was taken off a train en route to Toronto, Canada, yesterday by Federal authorities, who claimed he was violating the terms of his bond in leaving this country.

The House Ways and Means Committee took up the hearings on the metal schedule again yesterday and heard manufacturing interests who asked that the present duties be retained.

Unless unforeseen events should change the current of affairs the Turkish-Balkan war will be resumed within a week, the allies having firmly made up their minds to break off negotiations and take up their arms a second time.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-4; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.08 and 1.09. Corn quiet, 57 1-2. Turpentine quiet. Rosin easy.

THURSDAY

North Carolina must deposit $7,200 for preparing and printing the record in the case against Tennessee in regard to boundary dispute.

The Irish Home Rule bill entered on its final stage in the House of Commons yesterday, brilliant speeches marking debate on the measure.

No evidence was introduced at the Ways and Means Committee's hearings on the sugar tariff yesterday to cause a change in the tentative plans for a free sugar bill.

The U. S. cruiser Denver was yesterday despatched to Acapulco, on the Pacific coast of Mexico, where American lives are in imminent danger, because of a threatened attack on that city.

Although the Balkan allies have not weakened in their determination to re-open the war unless Turkey accepts their terms, they may withhold the execution of their threats a few days longer.

The inauguration of Locke Craig as Governor of North Carolina, at Raleigh yesterday, was attended by one of the largest crowds in the history of the State, brilliant ceremonies marking the event.

George W. Perkins, who testified at the money trust hearing yesterday, was unable to say if there is a money trust. The committee in executive session decided to secure the testimony of Wm. Rockefeller by deposition.

That the Warren Live Stock Co., of which Senator Francis E. Warren, of Wyoming is the head, was in 1906 maintaining illegal fences on public lands, was the substance of a report adopted yesterday by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 3-4 to 3 per cent; ruling rate and closing bid 2 3-4; offered at 3. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 1.08 1-2 and 1.09 1-2. Corn firm. Turpentine and rosin quiet.

FRIDAY.

The National Assembly of Versailles will meet today to elect a President of France.

"Izzy the Painter," head of New York's arson trust, yesterday confessed to firing 200 houses in the past few months.

The Irish home rule bill passed the House of Commons last night by a majority of 110 and was read for the first time in the House of Lords.

Gov. Wilson yesterday wrote to Chairman Eustis, of the inaugural committee, asking him to omit the inaugural ball, if possible.

Edward F. Mylius, the journalist, was ordered deported yesterday by Secretary Nagel on the ground that in libelling King George V., of England, he had committed a crime involving moral turpitude.

Due to the failure of the German ambassador to receive instructions from his government, the note of the powers has not yet been presented to Turkey, yesterday passing without any progress in the peace negotiations.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Royal E. Cabell's report to Secretary MacVeagh teeming with castic criticism of alleged whiskey frauds in North Carolina and of the course of Judge Boyd's court, was made public yesterday.

Jacob H. Schiff, the New York banker, appeared before the money trust committee yesterday and declared he was in favor of allowing individuals to concentrate as much money and power as they were able, the laws of nature being sufficient to prevent an attempted monopoly.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-2 to 2 3-4 per cent; ruling rate 2 3-4; closing bid 2 1-2; offered at 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour steady. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.08 1-2 and 1.09 1-2. Corn quiet, 57 3-4. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet.

SATURDAY

Gov. Wilson yesterday conferred with Col. Geo. W. Goethals in regard to conditions in the Panama Canal Zone.

Premier Raymond Poincare was yesterday elected President of France, the wildest confusion marking the balloting.

The Rockefeller foundation plans a world-wide fight against the hookworm as soon as the foundation receives its charter from Congress.

The collective note of the powers was presented to Turkey yesterday, and the Ottoman government will likely take some action on the matter today.

After yesterday's executive session of the Senate adjourned, the deadlock between Democrats and Republicans over confirmation of Taft's appointments was more pronounced than ever.

A giant combination controls American coastwise trade, according to the testimony before the House Merchant Marine Committee yesterday of the president of a prominent steamship line.

Foulke E. Brandt, the former valet of Mortimer L. Schiff, sentenced to 30 years' imprisonment for burglary, was pardoned yesterday by Gov. Sulzer, of New York, on the ground that his sentence was excessive.

The opinion of Democratic leaders after the Ways and Means Committee's hearing yesterday on the wood pulp and print paper schedule and the tobacco schedule was that the duty on the former would be substantially reduced and the present duties on the latter retained.

New York markets: Money on call steady, 2 1-2 to 3 per cent.; ruling rate 2 3-4; closing bid 2 1-2; offered at 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet. Flour easy. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.06 and 1.09. Turpentine firm. Rosin quiet.

CAROLINA'S GOVERNOR: SKETCH OF HIS CAREER

(Continued from Page Nine.)

nic out in the country. Over some of the hills of the Blue Ridge. It was a gala occasion. It was in honor of their man—The men of the mountains were there and they came for miles and miles. They were of both parties, but they were all for Locke Craig. They watched him as he walked about from group to group. Their admiring glances followed him. He was their man. The man of the mountains had come into his own.

Those sturdy men, with the purest of anglo-saxon blood, delighted to honor Locke Craig. They loved him. They loved his character.

Character tells. It always tells. It makes impressions that live and last.

Locke Craig is devoted to his home, his family and his church. He has a wife and three boys. They have been living in a delightful property on Mountford avenue in Asheville. Standing out in front of the handsome home one day last Summer it seemed to me to be such a cosy, homey place. A large and attractive building sitting well back with a well kept lawn and great shade trees in the yard, massive oaks of the mountains with well cared for maples along the street line, it did seem to be ideal. Two of the boys were at home that day and they were enjoying the shade of one of the splendid trees and playing with their dog. It was a home picture. Mrs. Locke Craig, and a very charming and attractive woman, with the gentleness and graciousness of a long line of cultured ancestors, was a daughter of Mr. James B. Burgin, of McDowell county. She was married to Mr. Craig in 1891 and has stood with him as a real helpmeet through the years since he started in as an attorney in Asheville. In fact, they were married just about the time that the paint of his shingle began to dry and when clients were a possibility. She has seen the clients become a reality and more than that, she has seen Locke Craig become the first citizen of the best State in the Union. The story of the 21 years of the united efforts of Mr. and Mrs. Locke Craig is a continued story of happiness and if clouds have ever crossed their horizon they have been quickly scattered by the constant presence of the sunshine of sympathy and affection.

There are three boys, all manly, open-hearted fellows. The oldest, Carlyle Craig, is a midshipman at Annapolis and is serving his second year. The second son, George Winston Craig, is a student at the State University, and the youngest, Arthur B. Craig, is at present a pupil in a preparatory school in Tennessee. The boys are 19, 17 and 15 years of age.

Locke Craig and Mrs. Craig enjoy very much the use of the automobile and they are often out together driving over the hills of Buncombe county and it is said about Asheville that if you do not find Mr. Craig either at his office or at his home, then take a machine and run down to "Riverlea" in the Swannanoa valley, four miles below Asheville and you will find the next Governor walking about his farm, enjoying nature.

Locke Craig is a member of the First Baptist church in Asheville and is also an active worker in the church. He is very popular with the young men and is the teacher of the Baraca Class with a large membership. In addition to teaching the class Locke Craig has always found time to enjoy many little social gatherings with the members of the class and one day when it was my duty to consult with him concerning the work of the last campaign and I had made the trip to Asheville to see him, I found that Mr. Craig and his Sunday School class were out on the river enjoying a watermelon feast.

After all, is it surprising that Locke Craig has so close a hold upon the people? The gentleness of his disposition, his big-hearted manliness, his courageous character, his love of home and family, his devotion to his religious convictions, these attributes impell men to love and honor him.

In honoring Locke Craig, North Carolina is honored in the selection of a Chief Executive. The place has sought and has found the man.

Read Star Business Locals.

NEW YORK'S SMALLEST LOT

(Continued from Page Nine.)

search, is three feet, six inches wide, 22 feet long and two stories high, while the narrowest frontage is that of a downtown strip which, while it is 94 feet deep is only two inches wide.

* * *

After years of discussion concerning the need of more adequate immigration laws, the matter has now come to a head here and a movement has been launched which it is hoped will result in the remedying of existing conditions, particularly by excluding more carefully from this country aliens suffering from mental disorders, whether in the advanced or early stages. While the movement has taken form here, it is of the greatest interest to the whole country, since it is at this port that something like a million immigrants arrive each year, many of whom scatter to all parts of the country. The movement now under way as the result of the efforts of persons interested in mental hygiene proposes to bring the need of reform forcibly to the attention of Congress, and numbers among its supporters members of many influential organizations such as the Immigration Committee of the American Medico-Psychological Association, officers of the National Committee for Mental Hygiene, the Committe of One Hundred on National Health, and others equally important. Resolutions are being sent to Congress covering existing needs in this connection which recommend among other things that regulations making it possible to deport an immigrant who becomes insane after his arrival in this country, unless it can be shown that this condition arises from causes occurring after his landing, and the examination of immigrants at the time of embarkation at foreign ports, as well as the fining of transportation companies bringing to this country mentally defective immigrants whose condition could have been determined by proper inspection at the time of their sailing. The great need for such restrictive regulations is shown by the fact that the cost of caring for the alien insane in this State alone amounts to nearly $3,500,000 a year, while the cost to the whole country is of course, many times greater.

* * *

One of the most remarkable results of the recent gales which caused ocean liners to run aground in a few days than do so generally in a year was the discovery of an e tremely rich gold mine at Coney Island. While the mine is not a permanent one, it nevertheless caused a veritable rush to the sands which for a short time proved richer even than those of Nome. From them within a few hours was taken wealth estimated conservatively at from $10,000 to $15,000. The gales, however, did not uncover any store of treasure hidden there by nature, but instead caused the seas to wash up on the beach all sorts of jewelry which had been lost in the vicinity by careless wearers during the past Summer. The first find in the shape of a valuable gold watch had hardly been made before word of it spread abroad, and within a few hours thousands of persons were combing the sands in search of treasure. That their search was productive of much wealth is shown by a partial tabulation of their findings which included a dozen gold watches, eleven rings set with either diamonds, rubies or emeralds, thirty-one stick pins, forty-two bracelets, numerous neck chains, nearly $500 in currency, and garter buckles, sleeve links, watch fobs and other jewelry of the same sort almost without mention. In addition to these the sea yielded up pots, pans and kettles almost without number so that altogether the gales provided a store of wealth richer than any within the memory of the oldest beach frequenter.

* * *

An event which though unheralded and unnoticed by the general public marked a step in a great industrial conflict quite as significant as would be the entrance of the Balkan allies into Constantinople, in a political sense, was the appearance in the New York market at the beginning of the year of sugar made from American grown sugar beets. At the same time came the announcement that two of the great refineries here handling foreign grown sugar had closed down throwing 1,800 men out of employment. The cause given was "inability to get raw supplies." which means, of course, that the bringing in of home-grown sugar had put prices down to such a level that the refiners could not find a profit in competing with it. While this condition is only temporary as the supply of American beet sugar is only about one-fifth of the total consumption of the country, it is the opinion of experts that its effect will be to keep sugar prices low throughout the year. It is premature, however, for consumers to rejoice too greatly in the belief that permanent competition has been found for the Sugar Trust and its fellow refiners. The effect of their present setback and loss of position no doubt will be a redoubling of the efforts to secure the admission of foreign sugar free of duty. The refiners have been working hard to bring this about, believing that it will put an end to sugar production in the United States and leave them in undisputed domination of the market.

Whatever other vicissitudes it may have passed through during the past year, New York found 1912 a banner year for babies. Not only were more infants born during the past 12 months but a smaller percentage of them died than ever before. Indeed, the figures covering infant mortality constitute the most remarkable feature of the city's record health year. While the general death rate was reduced during the year from 15.13 per cent., to 14.11 per cent., or a little more than one per cent., the rate for infants under one year was reduced 6 per cent. There were during the year 14,289 deaths of babies under one year of age from all causes in the city of New York, as compared with 15,053 deaths during 1911. At the same time the number of births in the city increased by 1,081. In this ratio, the figures show a saving of 884 babies and an actual saving of 764. An analysis of the report containing these figures indicates that the improvement in the saving of baby life was not due to luck or weather conditions, but to the campaign which has been carried on against baby diseases. As a result New York now feels entitled to claim that among large municipalities it is the most desirable destination for the stork, at least so far as a chance for life for the baby goes.

—LONGACRE.

THAT TIRED FEELING

Suggests Grandmother's Remedy

It's true, the season is here with its sudden changes, and the old idea that we need a blood medicine is not without reason. Too much heavy food has caused a torpid liver, sluggish blood, and a weak, tired out feeling.

Sulphur, cream of tartar and molasses was grandmother's remedy but that has long ago been displaced by Vinol, a combination of the two most world famed tonics, namely, the medicinal curative elements of the cods' liver without oil, and iron for the blood.

Vinol builds you up, makes you eat more and digest better, makes your blood rich and pure—puts healthy color in your cheeks.

P. O. Barker, of Bowen's Mill, Ga., says: "When I was badly run down last Spring I took Vinol in an effort to regain my health and strength and it did not disappoint me. It made me feel as well as ever."

We guarantee Vinol to satisfy you and refund your money if it does not. —Robert R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

(Advertisement.)

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF? At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of $1. Full particulars mailed on request. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia **SALVE**

MORPHINE WHISKEY AND TOBACCO Habits Cured by new painless method. NO DEPOSIT OR FEE required until cure is effected. Endorsed by Governor and other State officials. Home or sanitarium treatment. Booklet free. DR. POWER GRIBBLE, Supt., Box 885, Lebanon, Tenn. Cedarcroft Sanitarium.

Start Your Baby With Sound Health

Regular Bowel Movement From Childhood on Forestalls Future Serious Diseases.

We cannot all start life with the advantages of money, but every child born is entitled to the heritage of good health. Through unfortunate ignorance or carelessness in the feeding of a baby its tiny stomach may become deranged. The disorder spreads to the bowels and before the mother realizes it the two chief organs on which the infant's comfort and health depend are causing it great suffering. If the condition is allowed to continue grave ailments often result.

There is, however, no occasion for alarm, and the sensible thing to do—but it should be done instantly—is to give the baby a small dose of a mild laxative-tonic. In the opinion of a great many people, among them such well-known persons as the parents of Dixie Dudley, Magnolia, Ark., the proper remedy is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Mrs. Earl Dudley writes: Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the best medicine I ever used. It cured my baby of flatulency colic when the doctors failed; it cured my husband of constipation. My home shall never be without Syrup Pepsin." It is a pleasant-tasting laxative, which every person likes. It is mild, non-griping, and contains that most excellent of all digestants, pepsin.

This remedy is especially intended for infants, children, women, old people and all others to whom harsh cathartics, salt waters, pills, etc., are distressing. In fact, in the common disorders of life, such as constipation, liver trouble, indigestion, biliousness, headaches, and the various other disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels nothing is more suitable than this mild laxative-tonic, Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

DIXIE ASKEW DUDLEY.

Two generations of people are using it today, and thousands of families keep it constantly in the house, for every member of the family can use it. It can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle, the latter being the size bought by families who already know its value. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

If no member of your family has ever used Syrup Pepsin and you would like to make a personal trial of it before buying it in the regular way of a druggist, send your address—a postal will do—to W. B. Caldwell, 417 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and a free sample bottle will be mailed you.

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make special full dress models for young men; they're very smart; you'll like them.

¶Suits $35 and up. Dress shirts, dress waistcoats, dress gloves, silk hats, silk hose, neckwear; all the things you need here ready.

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And to get the Best for the money is something else, and the place, where?

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One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

Sole Agents for the Best Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Underwear and Hats—such as Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Clothing, Knox and Stetson Hats, the noted Norfolk and New Brunswick and Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh Underwear.

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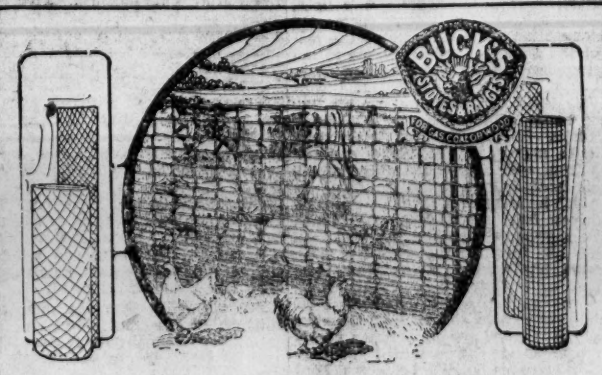

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WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

PURCELL BUILDING.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover conty, made in the action of S. McD. Tate, Treasurer, et al., vs. The Bank of New Hanover, et al., the undersigned Receiver of said bank, will expose for sale, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on the Seventh day of February, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following real estate, situate in said City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, or such part of it as may not have been previously sold, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning in the western line of Twelfth street one hundred and thirty-two feet north of Kidder street and running thence north on Twelfth street fifty-five feet, more or less, to the line of the Right of Way of the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company; thence Southwestwardly along the line of said right of way one hundred and fifty feet to the point of intersection of the said line with the Southern line of Lot 4, block 546, as designated and laid down on the plan of said city, and thence eastwardly along the said line of said lot one hundred and forty feet to Twelfth street, the beginning; being the eastern part of Lot 4, block 546, aforesaid, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

SECOND TRACT: Two (2) lots situate in that block lying between Meares and Marstellar streets, and Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, each sixty-six (66) feet in width and three hundred and thirty (330) feet in length, the same being designated in the official plan of the said City of Wilmington as Lots Nos. 1 and 4, in block No. 14.

THIRD TRACT: A tract beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street, two hundred and sixty-four (264) feet south of the southern line of Wright street, runs thence South with the said Western line of Fifth street seventy-six (76) feet, more or less, to the line of a tract of land owned by Francis Morris; thence with said line as it runs northwestwardly to the point where it intersects the eastern line of Fourth street; then north with said line of Fourth street to the southern line of Lot No. 4, block 20, according to the official plan of said City of Wilmington, prepared by James & Brown; thence with said Southern line of Lot No. 4, three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the western line of Fifth street, to the beginning, being part of Lots Nos. 5 and 6, in block No. 20, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

FOURTH TRACT: A lot beginning in the western line of Third street thirty-three (33) feet south of the southern line of Dawson street, runs thence south with said western line of Third street thirty-three (33) feet; thence west parallel with Dawson street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet; thence north, parallel with Third street thirty-three (33) feet; thence east one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning, being the south half of the west half of Lot No. 1, in block No. 32, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

FIFTH TRACT: A tract beginning at the Southwest intersection of Fourteenth street and Meares street; runs thence south with the western line of Fourteenth street about three hundred and seventy (370) feet to the line of a tract of land known as the Fibre Company tract, owned by Francis Morris; thence with said line as it runs northwestwardly to a point where it intersects with the eastern line of Thirteenth street; thence northwardly with said eastern line of said street about three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the southern line of Meares street; thence east with said southern line of Meares street three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the beginning, being all of Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 and part of Lot No. 6, in block No. 330, according to the official plan of said City of Wilmington, prepared by James & Brown.

SIXTH TRACT: All right, title and interest in and to the following described tract of land: Beginning in the eastern line of Third street at a point sixty-six (66) feet north of the northern line of Dawson street and running thence east and parallel with Dawson street one hundred and ninety-eight (198) feet; thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street one hundred and ninety-eight (198) feet; thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street thirty-three (33) feet; thence southwardly parallel with Fourth street sixty-six (66) feet; thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the eastern line of Third street; thence southwardly with said line one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet, to the begining, being the middle part of Lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5, and the western part of Lots Nos. 4 and 5, in block No. 47, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning in the eastern line of Thirteenth street, at a point sixty-six (66) feet north of Wright street; thence east, parallel with Wright street seventy-five (75) feet; thence north parallel with Thirteenth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet; thence west, parallel with Wright street seventy-five (75) feet to the eastern line of Thirteenth street, and thence south along the said line one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning, being parts of Lots Nos. 3, 4 and 5, in block No. 522.

The receiver hereby reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and to resell the said property in his discretion.

JUNIUS DAVIS, Receiver.

Dated January 5th, 1913.

de5-1aw4w

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TO THE PUBLIC.

The report of the auditor employed by the Board of County Commissioners has been printed in pamphlet form and any one interested is invited to call at the Commissioners' office and receive a copy. This report contains full statistical information in regard to the financial affairs of the county.

M. S. WILLARD,
Chmn. B. of Co. Com.

ja14-tu,th,su-3t

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

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The Beginning of the End!

THIS WEEK---January the 20th to 25th

Will Mark the Beginning of the End of The
GEO. O. GAYLORD and PLATT & HAAR

CONSOLIDATION SALES!

Ordinary sales, conducted in the sensational way, barely outlive the short duration of ten days. The fact that the sales now being conducted at the stores above named are as interesting to Wilmington shoppers now as on the opening day, proves that real bargains are being offered at both stores. The stocks are fast being depleted, yet there is a plenty left to make the coming week just as interesting as the first days of the sale.

Every sale that's made gives just that much room for the new stocks now being purchased for the opening of the

Gaylord-Platt-Haar COMPANY

Before the Week Is Over We May Decide on the Ending Date, So Again We Say, Attend, Ere it Be Too Late!

GEO. O. GAYLORD
210-212-214 N. Front St.

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9 and 11 North Front Street

THE CHARGE OF LONGSTREET

Capt. James I. Metts Replies to Some Virginia Critics of His Recent Article Published In Wilmington

Editor of the Confederate Column,
The Times-Dispatch,
Richmond, Va,

Dear Sir:—Replying to Mr. B. A. Robert's article in your paper of November 3rd, headed "Who is Captain James I. Metts?" beg to state that Mr. Roberts can learn of General W. R. Cox, of Richmond, Va.; Walter Clark, Chief Justice of North Carolina, or most any prominent citizen of Wilmington, N. C., my home.

If Mr. Roberts will correctly read the article, "Longstreet's Charge at Gettysburg," he will find that it is a compilation of statements of the valor or cowardice of the troops engaged made by historians and soldiers on both sides who participated in that charge, their names being given and not of my own personal knowledge. I do not claim to be superhuman, and could not be in two places at the same time. I was in my proper place as second lieutenant of Company A, Third North Carolina Infantry, during the charge up Culp's Hill on July 2nd, until shot through the body and right lung about 9:30 P. M. on the ridge to the right of the works captured from the enemy, and was sent to our hospital, about two miles in the rear, by Major Parsley, Captain Armstrong and Adjutant James.

I note that Mr. Roberts failed to include the Maryland Battalion as a part of Geo. H. Steuart's Brigade, which was among the best soldiers and fighters in the brigade, who by their position in the line fell heir to the Yankee works on the first ridge and joined on the left of the Third North Carolina Infantry.

After describing the position the brigade occupied at the foot of the hill alongside of Rock Creek, where it remained till dark and then moved out, he says: "But in the meantime some of our boys had fallen asleep, and the next morning, the 4th of July, Major W. M. Parsely, of the Third North Carolina Infantry, found that he was short 156 men;" also, "if the Virginia troops acted cowardly in the Pickett charge the Third North Carolina acted doubly so in remaining behind the rocks at Culp's Hill to surrender to the enemy the next morning." Would not the same accusation apply to his own boys of the Forty-third Virginia, who "fell asleep behind the rocks?" He furnishes no proof that the Carolinians surrendered to the enemy; besides, if any of the Virginia troops acted cowardly in the Longstreet charge that is no evidence that the Third North Carolina Infantry was guilty of such a charge. It should be recalled, however, that I made no charge of cowardice of the Virginia troops and do not now, my object being to establish facts.

I believe that none of the Maryland Battalion or of the Virginia regiments of Steuart's Brigade will support him in his accusations. On the contrary, the Third North Carolina Infantry went into the charge up Culp's Hill with 300 guns, and on the 4th of July only seventy-seven men could be mustered; the balance (223 men) were accounted for as killed or wounded, hence there could be no prisoners, and consequently the 156 men short, which he claims "lay behind the rocks to surrender next morning to the enemy," did not surrender to the enemy.

This old Tar Heel regiment smelt too much of the Yankee gunpowder and suffered too heavily in many hard fought battles with the Army of Northern Virginia under Generals Jackson, Grimes, Cox, Steuart, Colston, etc., and was too well-known in that army to have such charge hatched up about it. To corroborate this statement, I copy from Clark's Regimental History of North Carolina the part taken by the Third Regiment, North Carolina Infantry at Gettysburg, as follows:

From this camp the Third Regiment, with the brigade, marched via Hagerstown to Chambersburg, Greencastle and McConnelsburg, to the the vicinity of Carlisle, from which point we countermarched, and after a very long and tiresome march (twenty-five miles), on the 1st of July, 1863, arrived at Gettysburg about 7:30 o'clock and filed to the left, nearly encircling the town. Here we lay in line of battle until the evening of the 2nd, when about 6 o'clock we were ordered forward.

We were on the right of the brigade and were ordered to connect our right with the left of Nichols' (La.) Brigade, and at the same time by wheel to the right to properly prolong their lines. We did so, thereby in some degree disconnecting our regiment from the rest of the brigade. We continued to the front, driving the enemy's skirmishers before us without trouble, and with very little loss, until we met his line of battle at his first line of breastworks. He was, however, driven from those, and soon thereafter we received a front and oblique fire from behind his second line of breastworks, to which he had fallen back. He was soon driven from the portion from which we received the oblique fire, and then the fire from the front seemed even more terrible. A steady firing was kept up until 10 o'clock P. M., when, as by common consent, it ceased, reopening at 4:30 o'clock next morning. We here found our ammunition nearly exhausted, some men having not more than two rounds. We partially refilled our cartridge boxes from those of the dead and wounded, of whom there was a great number, and held this position that night and the next morning, exposed to a terrific fire until about 10:30 P. M., when we were ordered to move by the left flank along the line of the captured breastworks, and to cross them and to form line with the rest of the brigade to charge the enemy's works on what is supposed to be his right flank.

The few men then remaining in the regiment were formed on the right of the brigade, and very soon thereafter were ordered forward, the line advancing beautifully under the heaviest fire until we found our regiment alone moving to the front, unsupported, when the officers and men were ordered to withdraw, which was done slowly and without confusion, the regiment being greatly reduced (one company, Captain John Cowan's, and a part of another being detached to fill up a space between the regiment and the Louisiana Brigade). Too much praise cannot be given to the officers and men of our command for their coolness and bravery, for the promptness with which they obeyed all orders given them, and their untiring zeal generally. The enemy was driven back to the Baltimore Turnpike in this charge by Steuart's Brigade which came so near inflicting a critical blow on the enemy's extreme right flank. Had this gallant movement been supported, the charge of Longstreet would not have been necessary.

That last charge on the third day was a cruel thing for the Third. They had borne their full share of the engagement, not even enjoying the protection of the works they had captured from the enemy by reason of their position, other regiments of the brigade happening by the fortunes of the battle to have them (breastworks) in their front. There they stood, heroes, holding their ground unprotected, receiving a most deadly fire and giving in turn, like true soldiers, what they could from their decimated ranks, most of their comrades being already down, dead or wounded, until ordered to the left to join the balance of the brigade to participate in the charge.

The battle of Gettysburg is generally conceded to have been the hardest fought battle of the war on either side, at least, of those in which General Lee's army were engaged. This regiment certainly suffered more in killed and wounded than in any of the many battles in which it was engaged. What fearful slaughter it endured is shown beyond preadventure by the figures. Entering the battle with 300 guns, it was greatly reduced by the killing and wounding of 223 men. When the regiment was mustered after the battle, seventy-seven were all that could be gotten in the ranks, and it lost no prisoners and had no stragglers. The loss was within a fraction of seventy-five per cent. Colonel Parsley, Captain E. H. Armstrong and Lieutenant Lyon were the only officers perhaps, not killed or wounded.

Please publish above in your Confederate column, and oblige,

Respectfully yours,
JAMES I. METTS,
Captain Company G, Third North Carolina Infantry, Geo. H. Steuart's Brigade, Johnson's Division, Ewell's Corps, A. N. V.

Pickett at Gettysburg; Was It "Pickett's Charge?"

I have read Captain James I. Metts' two articles in The Times-Dispatch claiming that Pickett did not lead the charge on the third day at Gettysburg. The evidence he furnishes will be difficult to refute. The statement of Charles S. Venable, of Charlottesville, and his staff is beyond cavil. It seems Pickett did not lead his own brigade, although writers of history in Virginia have been crediting him with leading the whole charge. Has Pickett no kin living to rescue truthfully his memory? If it cannot be done, then correct the school histories now being taught Virginia children and let Pettigrew's name be honored as it deserves.

"Neither Pickett nor any member of his staff, nor even one of his horses, was touched. Why? Because dismounted and on the farther side of a hill that protected them from the enemy's fire." If this be true, Pickett has been parading all these years in borrowed plumes.

The iconoclast is abroad in the land, pulling down off their pedestals some of their heroes, who since the war have been receiving unstinted homage.

If it can be done, let some one who knows show Pickett's right to be called leader of the famous charge at Gettysburg.

J. C. RENSHAW.
Charlottesville. 1.6

Washington, January 16. — After two hours debate in executive session, the Senate today confirmed the nomination of Colonel Edward J McClernand, of the First Cavalry, to succeed General Wotherspoon, as brigadier-general. There was no other confirmation, and the Senate adjourned with the understanding that immediately after the routine business tomorrow another executive session would be ordered to further consider army promotions.

Columbia, S. C., January 16.— Founders Day, commemorating the 108th anniversary of the University of South Carolina, was celebrated here today with elaborate exercises. Several notable speakers were heard, including Charles Francis Adams, president of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and Dr. Walter S. McNeil, dean of the Richmond College Law School.

"Till the Sands of the Desert Grow Cold."

New and pretty song by Mr. Karp at the Grand Theatre tomorrow.
(Advertisement.)

GRAY FADED HAIR, OR BEAUTIFUL, DARK, ATTRACTIVE---CHOOSE, MADAM!

Says Sage Tea Mixed With Sulphur Restores Natural Color and Lustre.

Gray, faded hair turned beautifully dark and lustrous almost over night, is a reality, if you'll take the trouble to mix sage tea and sulphur, but what's the use, you get a large bottle of the ready-to-use tonic, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy" at drug stores here for about 50 cents. Millions of bottles of "Wyeth's" are sold annually, says a well known druggist, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. Those whose hair is turning gray, becoming faded, dry, scraggly and thin have a surprise awaiting them, because after just one application the gray hair vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful—all dandruff goes, scalp itching and falling hair stops.

This is the age of youth, gray haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with the Sage and Sulphur tonight and you'll be amazed at your youthful appearance and the real beuty and healthy condition of your hair within a few days. Inquiry at drug stores here shows that they all sell lots of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur" and the folks using it are enthusiastic.

Special Agents: J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
(Advertisement.)

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We wish to announce that our Studio is now again open for business, as usual, and we shall appreciate a call from our friends and the public.

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Skuffer Shoes

Especially designed for Growing feet. They are unusually durable and sturdy, being made to stand the hard service required of Children's shoes Call and look them over.

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Our judgment and experience back us up in this. We know the tailoring game, and we know how easy it is to substitute poor goods for fine goods, poor trimmings for good trimmings and cheap workmanship for high-grade workmanship. **The Clothes we believe in are**

STEIN-BLOCH READY TO WEAR CLOTHES.

They are made by skilful, highly paid tailors who work under the direction of men who have been trained by 57 years of clothing experience. **The Stein-Bloch Label** guarantees the best of all these things. **The Clothes Fit** and you **see them fit** before you take them.

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